

# Programming Interface

## LSTEP-API



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# 1 Introduction

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The LSTEP-API (programming interface for the LSTEP precision positioning systems) is intended to assist software developers to quickly and effectively develop applications with the controllers of the LSTEP family, without having to deal with hardware-related programming. It offers access to the complete command set of the LSTEP positioning systems. Two DLLs are available: The LSTEP4X.DLL and the LSTEP64.DLL.

## 1.1 Included Functions

- Windows 32-bit DLL
- Windows 64-bit DLL
- Support of the motor controllers LSTEP xx, LSTEP xx/2, LSTEP-PC, ECO-STEP, LSTEP-44, LSTEP-PCI, LSTEP-PCI express and LSTEP express
- Activation via RS232, USB, Ethernet, ISA, PCI (DPRAM), or PCIexpress. Interface control depend on the controller type.
- Automatic identification of the connected controller
- Configuration of the controller
- Execution of all commands supported by the controller
- Up to 4 axes
- Multithreading capable

## 1.2 System requirements

With the LSTEP-API it is possible to develop applications with MS Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 8.1.

## 1.3 Supported Development Environments

The LSTEP-API has been tested with the following development and runtime environments:

- Borland/Inprise Delphi 3-7, Embarcadero Delphi XE2
- Microsoft Visual C++ 2013
- Microsoft Visual C# 2010
- National Instruments LabVIEW 32 and 64 Bit

They should be compatible with all other programming environments, which can use DLLs.

(DLL = Dynamic Link Library; A DLL is an executable module which contains code and resources used by other applications or DLLs.)

## 2 DLL Interface

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### 2.1 LSTEP-API

The main component of the LSTEP-APIs is the file LSTEP4X.DLL or LSTEP64.DLL. You use this DLL for developing your own programs, to configure one or multiple LSTEPS, to send commands, to inquire position values or inputs/outputs, etc.

### 2.2 General notes

The DLL LSTEP4X.DLL or LSTEP64.DLL implements the commands of the LSTEP-API. All functions are declared with a 32-bit integer as the return value. A return value of Zero indicates the error-free execution of the function; if errors (e.g. timeouts) occur, the relevant error code (see Section 6 Error codes) is returned.

The first parameter sent for all functions of the API is a 32-bit integer value (between 1 and 32), which indicates the number of the LSTEP to where the command is supposed to be sent.

The function LSX\_CreateLSID must be used to create such an ID-value. With a call of LSX\_FreeLSID, an ID-value is released again (see Delphi-example).

For functions such as LSX\_MoveAbs, values are always transmitted for four axes. If the controller has only 1-3 axes, the values for the non-existing axes are ignored and can be set to 0.

### 2.3 Integration in Delphi

All function names of the LSTEP-API start with "LSX\_" for easier differentiation (see LStep4x.pas). In order to be able to use the functions of the LSTEP-API, the LSTEP4X.pas or LStep64.pas must be included in the uses clause of the relevant unit and be part of one of the pre-set search paths.

#### Delphi example for the parallel control of two LSTEP controllers

Required files: LSTEP4X.DLL and LSTEP4X.pas or LSTEP64.DLL and LSTEP64.pas

```
uses ... LSTEP4X, ...
...
var LStep1, LStep2: Integer;
...
begin
  LSX_CreateLSID(LStep1);
  LSX_CreateLSID(LStep2);

  LSX_ConnectSimple(LStep1, 1, 'COM1', 9600, True);
  LSX_ConnectSimple(LStep2, 1, 'COM2', 9600, True);

  LSX_MoveAbs(LStep1, 10.0, 20.0, 30.0, 0.0, True);
  LSX_MoveAbs(LStep2, 5.0, 10.0, 0.0, 0.0, True);
```

```

LSX_Disconnect(LStep1);
LSX_Disconnect(LStep2);

LSX_FreeLSID(LStep1);
LSX_FreeLSID(LStep2);

end;

```

## 2.4 Integration in Visual C++

For Visual C++, an encapsulation of the LSTEP4X.DLL or LSTEP64.DLL has been created. The class CLStep4X or CLStep64 loads the DLL and all pointers in response to function calls dynamically. The methods of the LSTEP object are not preceded by "LSX\_".

(Example: LSX.Calibrate() instead of LSX\_Calibrate)

You do not have to call the functions LSX\_CreateLSID and LSX\_FreeLSID in C++ for using the LSTEP4X.DLL or LSTEP64.DLL, since the wrapper class CLStep4X or CLStep64 administers the integer value indicating the number of the LSTEP itself. This means, the methods of CLStep4X do not have any additional parameter for the number of the LSTEP.

### Visual C++ example for the parallel control of two LSTEP controllers

Required files: LSTEP4X.DLL, LSTEP4X.h and LSTEP4X.cpp or LSTEP64.DLL, LSTEP64.h and LSTEP64.cpp

```

...
CLStep4X* LS1,* LS2;
...
LS1 = new CLStep4X;
LS2 = new CLStep4X;

LS1->ConnectSimple(1, "COM1", 9600, true);
LS2->ConnectSimple(1, "COM2", 9600, true);

LS1->MoveAbs(10.0, 20.0, 30.0, 0.0, true);
LS2->MoveAbs(5.0, 10.0, 0.0, 0.0, true);

LS1->Disconnect();
delete LS1;
LS2->Disconnect();
delete LS2;

```

## 2.5 Integration in LabVIEW

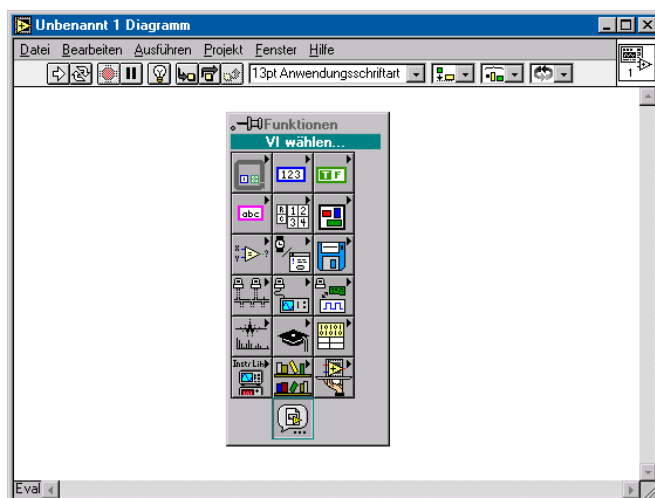
NI LabVIEW is a development environment based on the graphic programming language C. It allows for facilitated and quick programming using graphic symbols. Complicated 32-bit or 64-bit programs can be created, thus ensuring the required execution speed for control, test and measuring applications.

All LabVIEW programs (so-called VIs, Virtual Instruments) have a front panel and a block diagram and can in turn be integrated into other programs as a sub-program (SubVI).

For the integration of the LSTEP-API (LSTEP4X.DLL or LSTEP64.DLL) VI libraries (LSTEP4X.LLB or LSTEP64.LLB) containing a collection of VIs have been created. These individual VIs (e.g. LS4 ConnectSimple.vi) encapsulate the respective LSTEP API functions. The LSTEP4X.DLL is used by means of the "Call Library Function" (calling ext. libraries).

### 2.5.1 Procedure for using an LSTEP4 VI

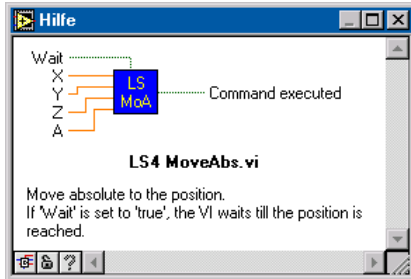
1. Create a new VI
2. Switch to the block diagram window (Ctrl+E)
3. Click on the diagram (right mouse button)



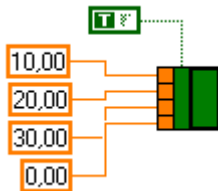
4. Select VI ...
5. Open the supplied VI Library LSTEP4X.LLB in the file dialog, and then select the required command (e.g. LS4 MoveAbs.vi)
6. Place VI in the diagram



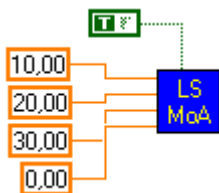
The key combination Ctrl+H opens a help window, which gives you information about the VI on which the mouse pointer is currently located



The transmission of parameters to SubVIs is done by terminals, which have to be “wired”. To display these terminals in the diagram, click the right mouse button on the VI and select “Display/Terminals”. You can then allocate values/sources to the terminals. One of several ways to do this: Click the right mouse button on the required terminal then on the menu item “Create a constant”.



In this example, an absolute travel command (X 10mm, Y 20mm, Z 30mm) is executed.



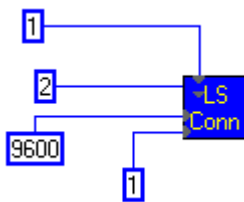
For details of the VI terminal assignment, please refer to the documentation for the API function in question, where you will find a diagram, which is also shown in the help window of LabVIEW. The parameters are more or less identical to those of the DLL function: Only are there some differences as regards functions to which bit masks are transmitted as parameters (e.g. LS4 SetActiveAxes.vi).



The LSTEP4 VIs have a terminal called "Command executed". If this Boolean value is "true", the command was executed successfully. If an error has occurred, the value is set to "false".

Before travel commands can be executed or position values can be read out, etc., the connection to LSTEP must be opened. This is easiest using the VI "LS4 ConnectSimple.vi". It initializes the interface and detects the connected LSTEP.

Example for RS232 (COM2 and 9600 Baud):

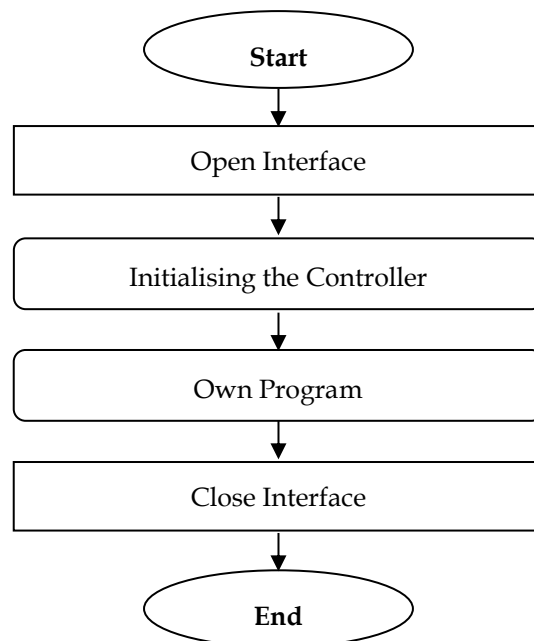


### 3 Structure of own programs with the API

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The following figure shows the program flow diagram according to which programs for controlling positioning systems should be structured. The functions used are listed in the LSTEP-API description where they are described in more detail.

The LSTEP controllers are pre-configured before delivery. This configuration, however, does not cover any type of application and has to be adjusted to the relevant application. This adjustment has to be made after opening the interface. Subsequently, any user program can be written by using the LSTEP-API. The interface has to be closed upon terminating the program.



### 3.1 Open Interface

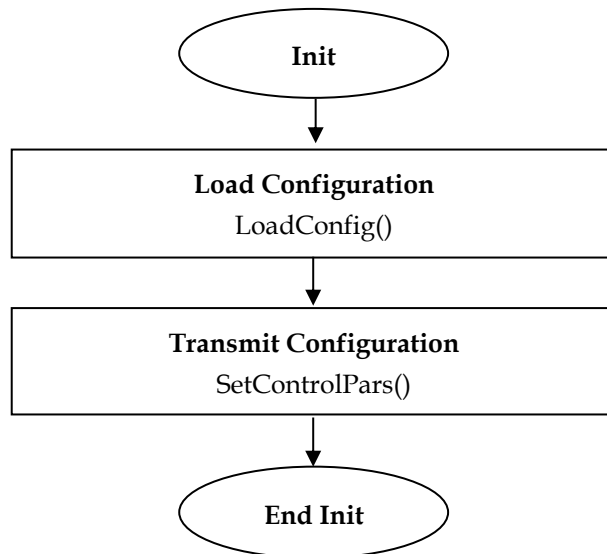
The interface is opened using one of the functions Connect, ConnectEx or ConnectSimple, with ConnectSimple being recommended for establishing the connection. The interface to be opened for connecting to a controller depend on the control type and the interface settings. The default settings of the interface may be taken from the documentation of the relevant controller. In addition, the following table may be used:

Controller series	Controller name	Command set	Supported ConnectSimple interface type (default)							
			1	2	3	4	5	6	11	
	MCL	Register	x							
LSTEP Series	LSTEP-xx	Register	x							
	LSTEP-PC	Register			x					
LSTEP 2000 Series	LSTEP-PCI 32Bit-Windows	Ipreter Register	x			x				
	LSTEP-PCI 64Bit-Windows	Ipreter Register						x		
	LSTEP-xx/2	Ipreter Register	x							
	LSTEP-44	Ipreter	x							
	ECO-STEP	Ipreter Register	x							
	ECO-Mot	Ipreter Register	x							
	ECO-Drive	Ipreter Register	x							
LSTEP express Series	LSTEP-PCI ex- press	Ipreter					x			x
	LSTEP express	Ipreter					x			x

## 3.2 Initialising the Controller

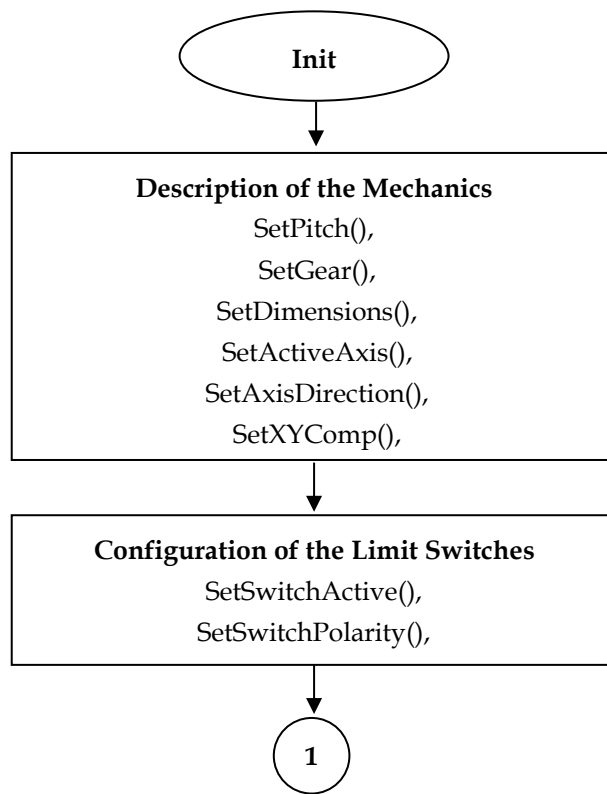
### 3.2.1 General

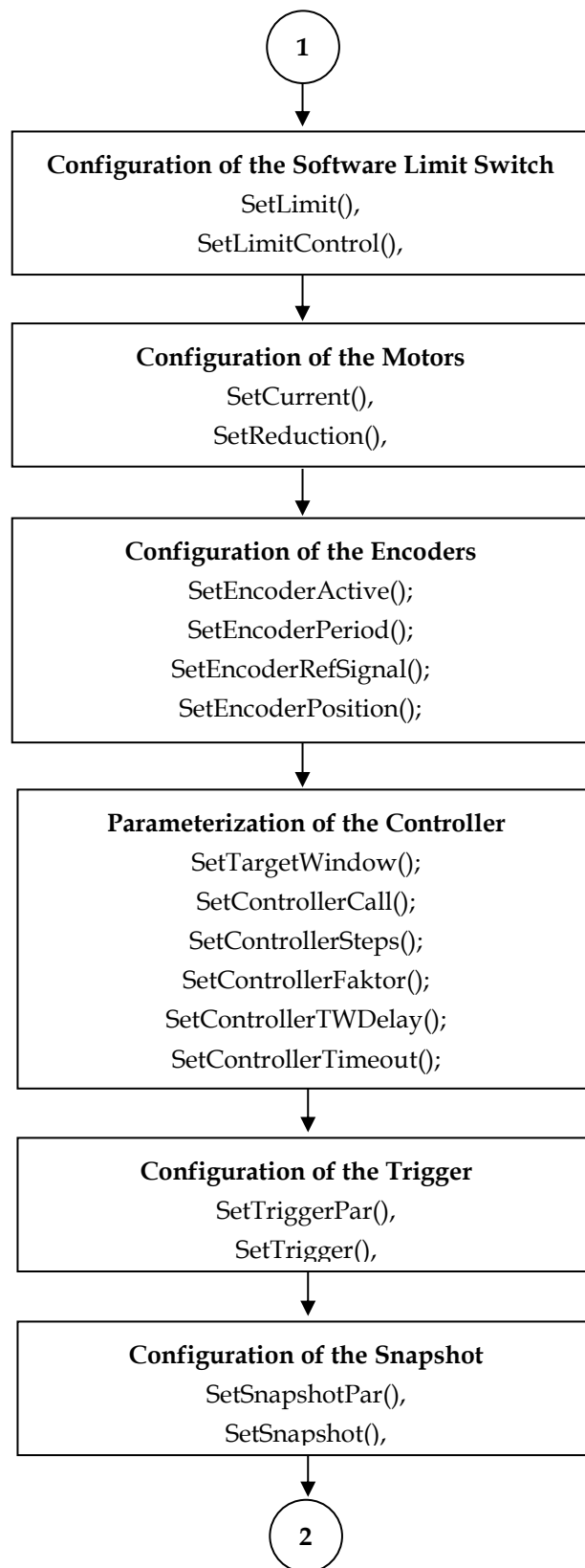
Prior to starting the own program part, the LSTEP controller should be configured. For this purpose, e.g. the commissioning software WIN-Commander may be used to create a configuration file. This file may subsequently be loaded by the API and transmitted to the controller.

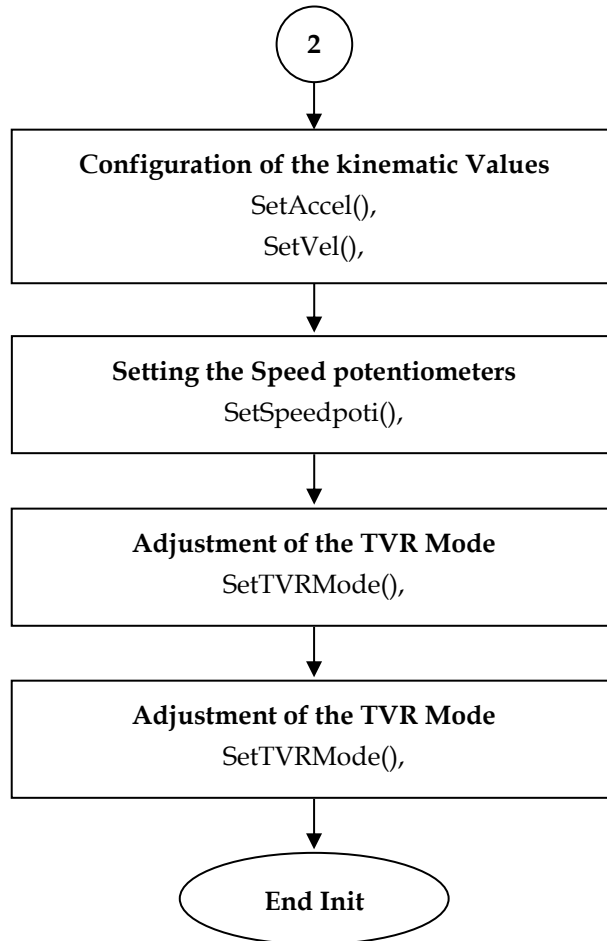


The settings in the controller may be saved if the API makes no general modifications of the control settings. You can use the commissioning software WIN-Commander for this purpose, too.

Apart from these possibilities, the API offers functions for the configuration of the controller, which are shown in the flow diagram for a LSTEP controller below.







### 3.2.2 LSTEP 2000 Series

A variety of API functions is available for configuring the controllers of the LSTEP 2000 series. Apart from this, WIN-Commander 4 and the menu item "Save INI file in..." in the main menu → Options can be used to create a configuration file. In addition to the controller configuration, this configuration file also includes the configuration of WIN-Commander 4. If only the controller configuration is to be saved, this is possible via "Save settings" in the main menu → Control.

The relevant configuration file may be read out by using the API command LoadConfig and sent to the controller by using the command SetControlPars. Subsequently, the API command LStepSave may be used to save the configuration in the controller so that it is immediately loaded after the next start of the controller. The settings may furthermore be saved in the controller from the WIN-Commander, which spares the manual loading of the file at the program start.

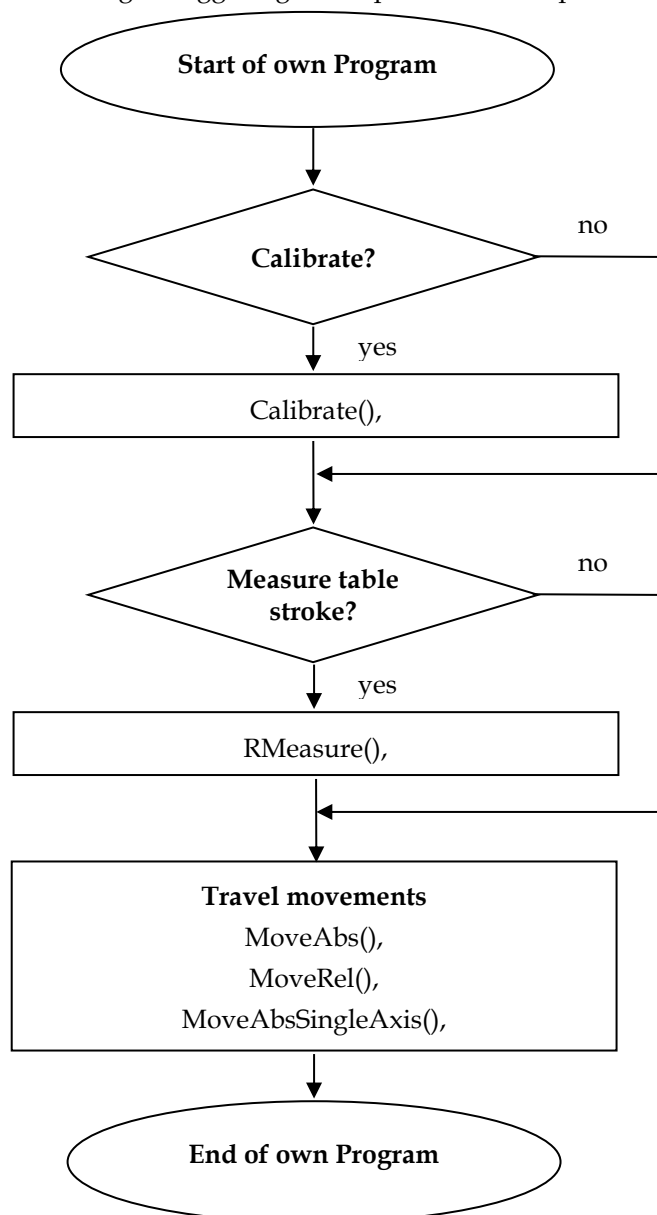
### 3.2.3 LSTEP express / LSTEP-PCI express controllers

LSTEP express has significantly more setting options than the controllers of the LSTEP 2000 series, so that not all elements are available as separate API function. For this reason, it is recommendable to configure the LSTEP express by using the WIN-Commander 5. This configuration may be saved in a file by using the menu item "Export configuration" in the main menu → Control in the WIN-Commander 5. After export, this file may be read by using the

API command LoadConfig and be sent by using the command SetControlPars. The API command LStepSave is used to save the configuration in the controller so that it is immediately loaded after the next start of the controller. The settings may also be saved in the controller from the WIN-Commander, which spares the manual loading of the file at the program start.

### 3.3 Own Program part

In the own program part, the user can program the desired functionality of the controller. This includes the carrying out of positioning movements dependent on the digital I/O conditions, as well as the setting of trigger signals dependent on the position, etc.





## 4 Functions

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### 4.1 Brief description of the API commands

#### Table structure:

The tables below include brief descriptions regarding the individual API functions. For this purpose, the function name is listed in the “Command” column. In the next column, this function is described briefly. The column designated “X” indicates the controller supporting this API command. This designation has the following structure:

**Values of the column “X”:** 1 = LSTEP; 2 = LSTEP express; 3 = both controllers

The last column includes a link or the page number of the detailed description of the function.

#### Attention!

Only the DLL calls are described in this brief description.

All commands not existing as API function have to be sent by using the DLL call “SendString”. The functions available and their relevant descriptions can be looked up in the appropriate documentation of the controller.

#### 4.1.1 API-Configuration / Interface Configuration

Command	Brief description	X	Page
CreateLSID	Create an ID number	3	40
FreeLSID	Releases the created ID number again	3	41
Connect	Connect with the LSTEP	3	42
ConnectEx ConnectExW	Connect with the LSTEP	3	42
ConnectSimple ConnectSimpleW	Connect with the LSTEP (recommended)	3	43
Disconnect	Disconnect LSTEP	3	44
SetExtValue	Activate extensions	3	45
SetProcessMessagesProc	Allows the substitution of the internal message dispatching procedure of the LSTEP-API	3	46
SetOsziCallBackFct	Transfers a global callback function for asynchronous results to the API. (see Section 5.1)	2	47
SetExtCallBackFct	Transfers a global callback function for asynchronous results to the API. (See 5.2)	2	48
SetLanguage SetLanguageW	Set language for the LSTEP-API (log/messages)	3	49
TranslateErrMsg	Translates an error message sent by the controller	2	49

Command	Brief description	X	Page
FlushBuffer	Deletes the input buffer	3	50
SetAbortFlag	Set flag so that communication with LSTEP is disrupted.	3	50
EnableCommandRetry	This function is used to activate/deactivate the repeated sending of commands in case of errors.	3	51
SetCommandTimeout	Sets the timeouts for waiting for the feedback signal, positioning and calibrating.	3	51
SendString SendStringW	Sends string to the LSTEP	3	52
SendStringPosCmd SendStringPosCmdW	Sent travel command waiting for feedback signal to the LSTEP as a string	3	53
LoadConfig LoadConfigW	Load LSTEP configuration (interface, axis settings, controllers) from INI file.	3	54
SaveConfig SaveConfigW	Save LSTEP configuration (interface, axis settings, controllers) into INI file.	1	55
SetFactorMode	Position value conversion for 'odd' spindle pitches	1	56
Initialize InitializeW	Specify path for configuration file of log window	3	57
SetShowCmdList	Display or hide LSTEP-API command list	3	57
SetShowProt	Display or hide interface protocol	3	58
LSX_EnableGlobalLogging	Deactivate every logging-functionality of the API	3	58
LSX_EnableGuiLogging	Deactivate only the logging into the protocol window of the API	3	58
SetWriteLogTextFN SetWriteLogTextFNW	Writing of interface log into a specific file On/Off	3	59
LSX_GetEqepConfig	Read the function of pin 20 to 25 of the MFP	2	60
LSX_SetEqepConfig	Configurates a function of pin 20 to 25 of the MFP	2	60
LSX_GetTTLOutConfig	Read the function of pins 16 to 19 of the MFP	2	61
LSX_SetTTLOutConfig	Configurates a function for pins 16 to 19 of the MFP	2	61 Fehler! Text mark e nicht defini ert.
LSX_GetStopMode	Read the mode of the active stop input	2	61
LSX_SetStopMode	Sets the mode of the active stop input	2	62
LSX_GetConfigurated	Shows the configured ID	2	63

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_SetConfigured	Sets the configured ID	2	63
LSX_GetSysSampleRate	Reading the system sampling rate of the controller	2	64
LSX_SetSysSampleRate	Setting the system sampling rate of the controller	2	64
LSX_GetBaud	Reading baud rate	2	65
LSX_SetBaud	Setting baud rate	2	65

#### 4.1.2 Control and API information

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetAPIVersion GetAPIVersionW	Shows version number of LSTEP-API	3	66
GetSerialNr GetSerialNrW	Read out controller serial number	1	67
GetVersionStr GetVersionStrW	Feeds back the current firmware version number	3	68
GetVersionStrDet GetVersionStrDetW	Read out firmware configuration	1	69
GetVersionStrInfo GetVersionStrInfoW	Read out supplement of current version number	3	70

#### 4.1.3 Status requests

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetError	Shows the current error number	3	71
LSX_Quit	Acknowledges that an error is rectified	2	71
GetSecurityErr	Reads all statuses and results of GAL safety monitoring (only with LS44-controllers)	1	71
GetSecurityStatus	Reads the current statuses of safety monitoring system	1	73
GetStatus GetStatusW	Shows the current status of the controller	3	74
GetStatusAxis GetStatusAxisW	Shows the present status of the individual axes	3	75
SetAutoStatus	Deactivates the AutoStatus .	3	76
GetStatusLimit GetStatusLimitW	Shows the current state of the software limits of each axis.	3	77
LSX_GetSysstat, LSX_GetSysStatus	Shows the current systemstate of the axes	2	78
LSX_GetStopStatus	Shows the state of the stop input	2	79
LSX_GetPowerAmplifierS	Reading the Status of power amplifiers including switching pro-	2	79

tatus	cesses		
LSX_GetPTemp	Reading the power amplifier temperature sensors	2	80

#### 4.1.4 Parameter handling

Command	Brief description	X	Page
SetControlPars	Transmits the parameters loaded with LSX_LoadConfig to the LSTEP.	3	81
LStepSave	Saves current configuration in LSTEP (EEPROM)	3	81
SoftwareReset	Restarts the controller	3	82

#### 4.1.5 Axis and motor configuration

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_ValidConfig	Activates all parameters which are dependend on ValidConfig	2	83
LSX_ValidPar	Transmits the parameters to the control unit	2	83
ConfigMaxAxes	Sets the number of axes used	3	84
GetDimensions	Inquires the axis dimensions	3	84
SetDimensions	Sets the axis dimensions	3	85
GetActiveAxes	Shows the released axes	3	85
SetActiveAxes	Shows the released axes	3	86
87LSX_GetAxisMap	Reading configuration of the hardware-axes to the axes of the user-interface	2	87
LSX_SetAxisMap	Mapping of the hardware-axes to the axes of the user-interface	2	87
GetAxisDirection	Inquires the reversal of direction	3	88
SetAxisDirection	Sets the reversal of direction	3	88
GetGear	Reads the gear factor	1	89
SetGear	Sets gear factor	1	89
GetGearDenominator	Inquires the denominator of the gear ratio	2	90
SetGearDenominator	Sets the denominator of the gear ratio	2	90
GetGearNumerator	Inquires the numerator of the gear ratio	2	91
SetGearNumerator	Sets the numerator of the gear ratio	2	91
GetMotorCurrent	Inquires the motor current	3	92
SetMotorCurrent	Sets the motor current	3	92
LSX_GetMotorpeakCurrent	Inquires the motor peak current	2	93
LSX_SetMotorpeakCurrent	Sets the motor peak current	2	93
LSX_GetMotortempSensor	Inquires the state of the motor temperature sensor	2	93
LSX_SetMotortempSensor	Sets the state of the motor temperature sensor	2	94
LSX_GetMotortempSensor min	Inquires the lowest acceptable motor temperature resistance	2	94
LSX_SetMotortempSensor min	Sets the lowest acceptable motor temperature resistance	2	94
LSX_GetMotortempSensor max	Inquires the highest acceptable motor temperature resistance	2	95
LSX_SetMotortempSensor max	Sets the highest acceptable motor temperature resistance	2	95
LSX_GetMotortempSensor Value	Inquires the motor temperature resistance	2	96
GetReduction	Inquires the current reduction	3	96

Command	Brief description	X	Page
SetReduction	Sets the current reduction	3	97
GetCurrentDelay	Indicates the time delay for the current reduction	3	97
SetCurrentDelay	Sets the time delay for the current reduction	3	98
GetMotorType	Shows the set Motor type	2	99
SetMotorType	Sets the Motor type	2	100
GetMotorFieldDir	Inquires the motor field direction	2	101
SetMotorFieldDir	Sets the motor field direction	2	101
GetMotorMaxVel	Shows the set max. motor speed	2	102
SetMotorMaxVel	Sets the max. adjustable motor speed	2	102
GetMotorTablePatch	Indicates whether the correction table is activated	1	103
SetMotorTablePatch	Activates or deactivates the correction table	1	103
GetPitch	Shows the spindle pitches	3	104
SetPitch	Sets the spindle pitch	3	104
GetXYAxisComp	Inquires the XY axis overlay	1	105
SetXYAxisComp	Activates the XY axis overlay	1	105
GetStopPolarity	Reads the polarity of the stop input	3	106
SetStopPolarity	Sets polarity of the stop input	3	106
GetPowerAmplifier	Inquires whether the power amplifiers are activated or deactivated (only for LS44 controller and for LSTEP express)	3	107
SetPowerAmplifier	Activates or deactivates the power amplifiers (only for LS44 controller and LSTEP express)	3	107
LSX_GetModulo	Shows if the axes are in modulo operation mode	2	108
LSX_SetModulo	Sets the axes to modulo operation mode	2	108
LSX_GetModulomode	Shows the modulo mode	2	109
LSX_SetModulomode	Sets the modulo mode	2	109
LSX_GetMotorPoleScale	Shows the pole scale of linear motors	2	110
LSX_SetMotorPoleScale	Sets the pole scale of linear motors	2	110
LSX_GetMotorPolePairs	Shows the pole pair number of rotative motors	2	110
LSX_SetMotorPolePairs	Sets the pole pair number of rotative motors	2	111
LSX_GetMotorPolePairRes	Shows the step resolution of pole scale and pole pairs	2	111
LSX_SetMotorPolePairRes	Sets the step resolution of pole scale and pole pairs	2	111
LSX_GetMotorBrake	Shows Mode of axis-related motor brake outputs	2	112
LSX_SetMotorBrake	Sets Mode of axis-related motor brake outputs	2	112
LSX_GetMotorBrakeSwitch OnDelay	Shows Delay of motor brake outputs with power amplifier On	2	113

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_SetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay	Sets Delay of motor brake outputs with power amplifier On	2	113
LSX_GetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay	Shows Delay of motor brake outputs with power amplifier Off	2	114
LSX_SetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay	Sets Delay of motor brake outputs with power amplifier Off	2	114
LSX_GetMotorAutoKommDelay	Shows Delay of auto-commutation with power amplifier On	2	115
LSX_SetMotorAutoKommDelay	Sets Delay of auto-commutation with power amplifier On	2	115
LSX_GetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale	Shows Scaling factor for auto-commutation speed	2	116
LSX_SetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale	Sets Scaling factor for auto-commutation speed	2	116
LSX_GetMotorForceConstant	Shows Force constant (servo actuator with linear motor)	2	117
LSX_SetMotorForceConstant	Sets Force constant (servo actuator with linear motor)	2	117
LSX_GetMotorLoad	Shows Motor load (servo actuator with linear motor)	2	118
LSX_SetMotorLoad	Sets Motor load (servo actuator with linear motor)	2	118
LSX_GetMotorMomentConstant	Shows Motor moment constant (servo actuator with rotative motor)	2	119
LSX_SetMotorMomentConstant	Sets Motor moment constant (servo actuator with rotative motor)	2	119
LSX_GetMotorMomentOfInertia	Shows Moment of inertia (servo actuator with rotative motor)	2	120
LSX_SetMotorMomentOfInertia	Sets Moment of inertia (servo actuator with rotative motor)	2	120
LSX_GetMotorIITCheck	Shows Activates and deactivates the motor I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring	2	121
LSX_SetMotorIITCheck	Sets Activates and deactivates the motor I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring	2	121
LSX_GetMotorpeakCurrentTime	Shows Motor peak current for I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring	2	122
LSX_SetMotorpeakCurrentTime	Sets Motor peak current for I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring	2	122
LSX_GetMotorAutoKommCurrent	Shows Motor current for auto-commutation in servo mode	2	123
LSX_SetMotorAutoKommCurrent	Sets Motor current for auto-commutation in servo mode	2	123

#### 4.1.6 Kinematics

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetAccel	Inquires the acceleration	3	124
SetAccel	Sets the acceleration	3	124
SetAccelSingleAxis	Sets the acceleration of a single axis	3	125
GetAccelJerk	Inquires the jerk for acceleration	2	125
SetAccelJerk	Sets the jerk for acceleration	2	126
GetDeceleration	Inquires the deceleration	2	126
SetDeceleration	Sets the deceleration	2	127
SetDecelSingleAxis	Sets the deceleration of a single axis	2	127
GetDecelJerk	Inquires the jerk during deceleration	2	128
SetDecelJerk	Sets the jerk during deceleration	2	128
GetVel	Inquires the velocity of all axes	3	129
SetVel	Sets the velocity of all axes	3	129
SetVelSingleAxis	Sets the velocity for a single axis	3	130
GetVelFac	Inquires the velocity reduction of all axes	1	130
SetVelFac	Sets the velocity reduction of all axes	1	131
SetVelFacSingleAxis	Sets the velocity reduction of a single axis	1	131
GetVLevel	Shows the hidden speed	1	132
SetVLevel	Sets the hidden speeds at which resonances occur	1	133
GetSpeedPoti	Indicates whether the speed potentiometer is activated or deactivated	1	134
SetSpeedPoti	Activates or deactivates the speed potentiometer	1	134
GetStopAccel	Shows the braking acceleration for an active stop	1	135
SetStopAccel	Sets the braking acceleration for an active stop	1	135
GetStopDecel	Reads the value at which the axis shall decelerate in case of a Stop signal	2	136
SetStopDecel	Sets the value at which the axis shall decelerate in case of a Stop signal	2	136
GetStopDecelJerk	Inquires the jerk during system delay in case of an Emergency Stop signal	2	137
SetStopDecelJerk	Sets the jerk during system delay in case of an Emergency Stop signal	2	137
LSX_GetRoomAccelJerk	Reads Acceleration jerk (movement with room parameters)	2	138
LSX_SetRoomAccelJerk	Sets Acceleration jerk (movement with room parameters)	2	138
LSX_GetRoomDecelJerk	Reads Deceleration jerk (movement with room parameters)	2	139



Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_SetRoomDecelJerk	Sets Deceleration jerk (movement with room parameters)	2	139
LSX_GetRoomStopJerk	Reads Jerk at an emergency stop event (movement with room parameters)	2	140
LSX_SetRoomStopJerk	Sets Jerk at an emergency stop event (movement with room parameters)	2	140
LSX_GetRoomAccel	Reads Acceleration (movement with room parameters)	2	141
LSX_SetRoomAccel	Sets Acceleration (movement with room parameters)	2	141
LSX_GetRoomDecel	Reads Deceleration (movement with room parameters)	2	142
LSX_SetRoomDecel	Sets Deceleration (movement with room parameters)	2	142
LSX_GetRoomStopDecel	Reads Deceleration at an emergency stop event (movement with room parameters)	2	143
LSX_SetRoomStopDecel	Sets Deceleration at an emergency stop event (movement with room parameters)	2	143
LSX_GetRoomVel	Reads Velocity (movement with room parameters)	2	144
LSX_SetRoomVel	Sets Velocity (movement with room parameters)	2	144
LSX_GetSpeedEnable	Reads Velocity or speed selection release	2	145
LSX_SetSpeedEnable	Sets Velocity or speed selection release	2	145
LSX_GetSpeed	Reads Velocity or speed selection	2	146
LSX_SetSpeed	Sets Velocity or speed selection	2	146

#### 4.1.7 Limit switches and software limits

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetLimitControl	Reads whether if travel range control is active	3	147
SetLimitControl	Sets the travel range control	3	147
GetLimitControlMode	Shows the mode for monitoring the software limits	1	148
SetLimitControlMode	Sets the mode for controlling the software limits	1	148
GetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM	Indicates whether the internal software limits are set during calibration and table stroke measuring	3	149
SetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM	Prevents that the internal software limits are set during calibration and table stroke measuring	3	150
GetLimit	Shows travel range limits	3	150
SetLimit	Sets travel range limits	3	151
GetSwitchActive	Indicates whether limit switches are activated	3	152
SetSwitchActive	Sets the Status of activated or deactivated limit switches	3	152
GetSwitchPolarity	Reads the limit switch polarity	3	153
SetSwitchPolarity	Sets the limit switch polarity	3	154

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetSwChange	Shows the limit switch settings	2	154
SetSwChange	Sets the value if limit switches are to be changed	2	155
GetSwitches	Reads the status of all limit switches	3	156
LSX_GetStopSwitchOffDelay	Reading Delay of poweramplifier switchoff after activating the stop-input	2	157
LSX_SetStopSwitchOffDelay	Setting Delay of poweramplifier switchoff after activating the stop-input	2	157
LSX_GetMonitoringVelFilter	Reading Time constant of actual value for velocity monitoring	2	158
LSX_SetMonitoringVelFilter	Setting Time constant of actual value for velocity monitoring	2	158
LSX_GetHaltSignalVel	Reading Velocity level for standstill signal	2	159
LSX_SetHaltSignalVel	Setting Velocity level for standstill signal	2	159
LSX_GetThresholdSignalVel	Reading Value for velocity threshold signal	2	160
LSX_SetThresholdSignalVel	Setting Value for velocity threshold signal	2	160
LSX_GetCSOffset	Reading Coordinate system offset	2	161
LSX_SetCSOffset	Setting Coordinate system offset	2	161
LSX_GetCalibRMOffsetSWAct	Reading Zero point offset to calibration limit switch	2	162
LSX_SetCalibRMOffsetSWAct	Setting Zero point offset to calibration limit switch	2	162

#### 4.1.8 Reference travel

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetCalibRMAccel	Inquires the acceleration during the calibration procedure	2	163
SetCalibRMAccel	Sets the acceleration during the calibration procedure	2	163
GetCalibRMJerk	Inquires the jerk during calibration	2	164
SetCalibRMJerk	Sets the jerk during calibration	2	164
GetCalibBackSpeed	Shows the speed at which limit switches are left	1	165
SetCalibBackSpeed	Sets the positioning speeds for moving out of the limit switches during the calibration procedure	1	165
GetCalibRMBackSpeed	Shows the speed at which limit switches are left	2	166
SetCalibRMBackSpeed	Sets the positioning speeds for moving out of the limit switches during the calibration procedure	2	166
GetCalibRMVel	Inquires the travel velocity during the calibration procedure	2	167
SetCalibRMVel	Sets the travel velocity during the calibration procedure	2	167
GetRefSpeed	Inquires the speed at which the reference mark is searched during calibration	1	168

Command	Brief description	X	Page
SetRefSpeed	Sets the speed at which the reference mark is searched during calibration	1	168
GetCalibOffset	Inquires the calibration offset	3	169
SetCalibOffset	Sets the calibration offset	3	169
GetRMOffset	Inquires the set RM offset	3	170
SetRMOffset	Sets the RM offset	3	170
GetCalibrateDir	Shows whether the sign reversal is set for calibration	3	171
SetCalibrateDir	Sets the sign reversal for calibration	3	171
Calibrate	Starts calibration for all active axes	3	172
CalibrateEx	Starts calibration for specific axes	3	172
RMeasure	Starts table stroke measuring for all active axes	3	173
RmeasureEx	Starts table measuring for specific axes	3	173

#### 4.1.9 Travel commands and position administration

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetPos	Inquires the current position of all axes	3	174
GetPosEx	Inquires the current encoder or position values of all axes	3	174
GetPosSingleAxis	Inquires the current position of a single axis	3	175
SetPos	Sets the position of all axes	3	175
ClearPos	Sets the Position values to zero (for infinite rotation axes)	1	176
GetDelay	Shows the delay of the vector start	1	176
SetDelay	Sets the delay of the vector start	1	177
GetDistance	Shows the distance started by MoveRelShort	3	177
SetDistance	Sets the distance for MoveRelShort	3	178
GetInputTrigMove	Shows the configuration of Pin1 on the MFP	1	178
SetInputTrigMove	Configures Pin 1 on the MFP	1	179
MoveAbs	Approaches an absolute position with all axes	3	179
MoveAbsSingleAxis	Moves to an absolute position with a single axis	3	180
MoveEx	Enables extended travel commands	3	181
MoveRel	Moves to a relative vector with all axes	3	182
MoveRelShort	Moves to a relative vector as a short command	3	182
MoveRelSingleAxis	Moves to a relative vector with a single axis	3	183
StopAxes	Stops all travel movements	3	183
WaitForAxisStop	Waits for the movement stop of specific axes	3	184

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_GetPosWindowRange	Shows the preset target window	2	184
LSX_SetPosWindowRange	Sets the target window	2	185
LSX_GetPosWindowTime LSX_SetPosWindowTime	Shows target window time	2	185
LSX_SetPosWindowTime	Sets the target window time	2	186
LSX_GetPosWindowTimeout	Shows the target window timeout	2	186
LSX_SetPosWindowTimeout	Sets the target window timeout	2	186
LSX_GetPosWindowCheck	Shows the state of the target window timeout	2	187
LSX_SetPosWindowCheck	Sets the state of the target window timeout	2	187
LSX_SetHalt	Stops travel movement	2	187
LSX_GetPosMode	Reading the handling of position reference value in uncontrolled stepping mode	2	189
LSX_SetPosMode	Setting the handling of position reference value in uncontrolled stepping mod	2	189
LSX_MoveAbsV	Absolute positioning with room parameters	2	190
LSX_MoveRelV	Relative positioning with axis-specific limit values	2	190
LSX_GetAutoKomm	Reading the status off he Auto-commutation	2	192
LSX_SetAutoKomm	Force Auto-commutation	2	192
LSX_GetAutoKommResult	Reading the Auto-commutation result	2	194
LSX_GetMixedMoveAxisMode	Reading the Combined travel movement - axis mode	2	195
LSX_SetMixedMoveAxisMode	Setting the Combined travel movement - axis mode	2	195
LSX_MixedMoveAbs	Combined travel movement – position absolute	2	196
LSX_MixedMoveRel	Combined travel movement – position relative	2	196
LSX_GetMixedMovePos	Combined travel movement – reading position	2	198
LSX_SetMixedMovePos	Combined travel movement – setting position	2	198
LSX_GetMixedMoveAmpl	Combined travel movement – reading amplitude / scaling factor	2	199
LSX_SetMixedMoveAmpl	Combined travel movement – setting amplitude / scaling factor	2	199

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_GetIndexTableDivider	Reading the Division factor for partial head operation	2	200
LSX_SetIndexTableDivider	Setting the Division factor for partial head operation	2	200
LSX_MoveIndexTable	Absolute positioning to transferred partial head position	2	201
LSX_GetMoveSeqStatusPos	Reading the Movement sequence	2	202
LSX_SetMoveSeqStatusPos	Setting the Movement sequence	2	202
LSX_GetMoveSeqStatus	Reading the status of the Movement sequence	2	204
LSX_SetMoveSeqStatus	Controlling the Movement sequence (Start/Stop/Single step/Status)	2	204
LSX_GetMoveSeqVar	Reads the variables of the selected movement	2	205
LSX_SetMoveSeqVar	Sets the variables of the selected movement	2	205

#### 4.1.10 Table commands

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_GetTablePos	Command for reading table positions	2	206
LSX_SetTablePos	Command for programming table positions	2	206
LSX_MoveTablePosAbs	Absolute positioning to values from table position	2	207
LSX_MoveTablePosRel	Relative positioning with values from table position	2	207

#### 4.1.11 Joystick and handwheel

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetHandwheel	Reads the hand wheel status	1	209
SetHandWheelOff	Deactivates the handwheel	1	210
SetHandwheelOn	Activates the handwheel	1	210
GetDigJoySpeed	Reads the speed of the digital joystick	1	211
SetDigJoySpeed	Sets the speed of the digital joystick	1	211
SetDigJoyOff	Deactivates the digital joystick	1	212
GetJoystick	Reads the status of the analogue joystick	3	212
SetJoystickOff	Deactivates the analogue joystick	3	213
SetJoystickOn	Activates the analogue joystick	3	213
GetJoystickFilter	Indicates whether the filtering is active in joystick operation	1	214
SetJoystickFilter	Activates or deactivates the filtering in joystick operation	1	214
GetJoystickWindow	Reads the joystick window	3	215

SetJoystickWindow	Sets the joystick window	3	215
GetJoyChangeAxis	Reads the joystick axis assignment	1	216
JoyChangeAxis	Sets the joystick axis assignment	1	216
GetJoystickAxes	Shows the axes for which the joystick is activated	2	217
SetJoystickAxes	Activates the joystick for the specified axes	2	218
GetJoystickDir	Reads the set joystick direction	3	219
SetJoystickDir	Sets the joystick direction	3	220
LSX_GetJoyVel	Inquires the maximum positioning speed in joystick operation	2	221
LSX_SetJoyVel	Sets the max. positioning speed in joystick operation	2	221
LSX_GetJoyRedcur	Shows if the current reduction in joystick operation is active	2	221
LSX_SetJoyRedcur	Activates/Deactivates the current reduction in joystick operation	2	222
LSX_GetJoytoAxis	Shows the assigned joystick inputs to the mechanical axes	2	222
LSX_SetJoytoAxis	Assigns the joystick inputs to the mechanical axes	2	223
LSX_GetManModePreselection	Shows the requested manual mode	2	223
LSX_SetManModePreselection	Selects the requested manual mode	2	223
LSX_GetManModeLinktoAxis	Shows the link of the manual mode of one axis to another	2	224
LSX_SetManModeLinktoAxis	Sets the link of the manual mode of one axis to another	2	225
LSX_GetTipp	Shows if the inching operation is active	2	225
LSX_SetTipp	Activates/Deactivates the inching operation	2	225
LSX_GetTippEnable	Shows which axes are enabled for inching operation	2	226
LSX_SetTippEnable	Activating/Deactivating inching operation for individual axes	2	226
LSX_GetTippRedCur	Shows if the current reduction in inching operation is active	2	227
LSX_SetTippRedCur	Activates/Deactivates current reduction in inching operation	2	227
LSX_GetTippVel	Shows the travel velocity in inching operation	2	227
LSX_SetTippVel	Sets the travel velocity in inching operation	2	228
LSX_GetTippDir	Shows the assigned travel direction to the inching inputs	2	228
LSX_SetTippDir	Assigns the travel direction to the inching inputs	2	228
LSX_GetTippOutPass	Shows Filter time constant in inching mode	2	230
LSX_SetTippOutPass	Sets Filter time constant in inching mode	2	230
LSX_GetTrackBall	Shows status of the trackball	2	231
LSX_SetTrackBall	Activates and deactivates trackball	2	231
LSX_GetTrackBallEnable	Shows Trackball operation axis enable	2	232

LSX_SetTrackBallEnable	Sets Trackball operation axis enable	2	232
LSX_GetTrackBallRedCur	Shows status of the current reduction in trackball operation	2	233
LSX_SetTrackBallRedCur	Activates and deactivates current reduction in trackball operation	2	233
LSX_GetTrackBallVel	Shows Maximum velocity in trackball operation	2	234
LSX_SetTrackBallVel	Sets Maximum velocity in trackball operation	2	234
LSX_GetTrackBallOutPass	Shows Filter time constant for trackball operation	2	235
LSX_SetTrackBallOutPass	Sets Filter time constant for trackball operation	2	235
LSX_GetTrackBallDir	Shows Motor directions of rotations in trackball operation	2	236
LSX_SetTrackBallDir	Sets Motor directions of rotations in trackball operation	2	236
LSX_GetTrackBallToAxis	Shows Assignment of trackball axes to machine axes	2	237
LSX_SetTrackBallToAxis	Sets Assignment of trackball axes to machine axes	2	237

#### 4.1.12 Control panel with trackball and joystick keys

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetBPZ	Reads the control panel status	1	238
SetBPZ	Activates or deactivates the control panel	1	238
GetBPZJoyspeed	Reads the control panel joystick speed	1	239
SetBPZJoyspeed	Sets the control panel joystick speed	1	239
GetBPZTrackballBacklash	Reads the control panel trackball backlash	1	240
SetBPZTrackballBacklash	Sets the control panel trackball backlash	1	240
GetBPZTrackballFactor	Reads the control panel trackball factor	1	241
SetBPZTrackballFactor	Sets the control panel trackball factor	1	241
LSX_GetJoyOutPass	Reads the control panel trackball factor	2	242
LSX_SetJoyOutPass	Sets the control panel trackball factor	2	242

#### 4.1.13 Digital and analogue inputs and outputs

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetAnalogInput	Reads the current status of an analogue channel	3	243
GetAnalogInputs2	Reads the current statuses of the analogue channels PT100, MV and V24	1	243
SetAnalogOutput	Sets an analogue channel	3	244
GetDigitalInputs	Reads the digital inputs (0-15)	3	244
GetDigitalInputsE	Reads the additional digital inputs (16-31)	1	245
SetDigitalOutput	Sets a digital output	3	245
SetDigitalOutputs	Reads the digital outputs (0-15)	3	246
SetDigitalOutputsE	Sets the additional digital outputs (16-31)	1	247
SetDigIO_Distance	Sets the activation of an output dependent on the set distance before/behind of the target position	1	247
SetDigIO_EmergencyStop	Sets the assignment of digital I/Os to Emergency Stop pin	1	248
SetDigIO_Off	Deactivates function of the digital inputs/outputs	1	249
SetDigIO_Polarity	Sets the polarity to the functions of the digital outputs	1	250
LSX_GetDigOutLinktoSignal	Shows if there is a signal assigned to the output	2	250
LSX_SetDigitalOutLinktoSignal	Assigns a signal to the output	2	251
LSX_GetInvertDigOutSignal	Shows if a signal will be inverted	2	252
LSX_SetInvertDigOutSignal	Inverts a signal	2	252
LSX_GetDigInStatus	Reading Status of digital inputs 0 to 15 (24 V)	2	253
LSX_SetDigInStatus	Automatic transmission of digital inputs 0 to 15 (24 V)	2	254



Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_GetDigInExtStatus	Reading Status of digital inputs 16 to 31 (24 V)	2	255
LSX_SetDigInExtStatus	Automatic transmission of digital inputs 16 to 31 (24 V)	2	256
LSX_GetTTLDigIn	Reads digital inputs (TTL)	2	257
LSX_GetTTLDigOut	Reads digital outputs (TTL)	2	257
LSX_SetTTLDigOut	Sets digital outputs (TTL)	2	257
LSX_GetMotorBrakeDigOut	Reads motor brake output (in "Digital output" mode)	2	258
LSX_SetMotorBrakeDigOut	Sets motor brake output (in "Digital output" mode)	2	258
LSX_GetMotorBrakeOut	Reads state of motor brake outputs	2	259
LSX_GetTVR	Reading the status of the cycle forward/back operation	2	259
LSX_Set	Activates and deactivates cycle forward/back operation	2	259
LSX_GetTVRToAxis	Reads Cycle forward/ backward axis assignment	2	260
LSX_SetTVRToAxis	Sets Cycle forward/ backward axis assignment	2	260

#### 4.1.14 Cycle forward/back In

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetFactorTVR	Reads the Forward/ Back cycle factor	3	261
SetFactorTVR	Sets the Forward/ Back cycle factor	3	261
GetTVRMode	Reads the Cycle Forward/ Back mode	1	262
SetTVRMode	Sets the Forward/ Back cycle mode	1	262
SetTVRInPulse	Sets the Forward/Back pulse via the interface	1	263

#### 4.1.15 Cycle forward/back outputs for additional axes

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetAccelTVRO	Reads all adjusted acceleration values of the TVRO	1	264
SetAccelTVRO	Sets the TVRO acceleration values	1	264
SetAccelSingleAxisTVRO	Sets the individual TVRO acceleration values	1	265
GetVelTVRO	Reads all adjusted speeds of the TVRO	1	265
SetVelTVRO	Sets all speeds of the TVRO	1	266
SetVelSingleAxisTVRO	Sets the speeds of a single TVRO axis	1	266
GetPosTVRO	Shows the TVRO position values dependent on the dimension	1	267
SetPosTVRO	Sets the TVRO position	1	267
GetStatusTVRO GetStatusTVROW	Shows the current status of the axes	1	268
GetTVROOutMode	Reads the set TVRO mode	1	269
SetTVROOutMode	Sets the TVRO offset	1	269
GetTVROOutPitch	Reads the TVRO spindle pitch	1	270
SetTVROOutPitch	Sets the TVRO spindle pitch	1	270
GetTVROOutResolution	Shows the resolution of the TVRO power amplifier to be controlled	1	271
SetTVROOutResolution	Sets the resolution of the TVRO power amplifier to be controlled	1	271
MoveAbsTVRO	Moves to an absolute position with all TVRO axes	1	272
MoveAbsTVROSingleAxis	Moves to an absolute position with a single TVRO axis	1	272
MoveRelTVRO	Moves to a relative vector with all TVRO axes	1	273
MoveRelTVROSingleAxis	Moves to a relative vector with a single TVRO axis	1	274

#### 4.1.16 Encoder settings

Command	Brief description	X	Page
ClearEncoder	Sets the encoder position to zero	1	275
GetEncoder	Reads all encoder positions	1	275
GetEncoderActive	Reads, which encoders are activated after calibration	1	276
SetEncoderActive	Sets the encoders to be activated after calibration	1	276
GetEncoderMask	Reads the encoder statuses	3	277
SetEncoderMask	Activates or deactivates the encoders	1	278
GetEncoderPeriod	Reads the set encoder period lengths	3	278
SetEncoderPeriod	Sets the encoder period lengths	3	279
GetEncoderPosition	Shows the set position source	3	280
SetEncoderPosition	Sets the position source	3	280
GetEncoderRefSignal	Reads whether the encoder reference signal is to be evaluated during calibration	3	281
SetEncoderRefSignal	Sets whether the encoder reference signal is to be evaluated during calibration	3	281
LSX_GetEncDir	Shows if the counting direction of the position encoder was changed	2	282
LSX_SetEncDir	Sets the counting direction of the position encoder	2	282
LSX_GetEncPolePairs	Shows the number of encoder pole pairs per rotation	2	282
LSX_SetEncPolePairs	Sets the number of encoder pole pairs per rotation	2	283
LSX_GetEnctoAxis	Shows the assigned encoder inputs to the position encoder interpretations of all axes	2	283
LSX_SetEnctoAxis	Assigns encoder inputs to the position encoder interpretations of all axes	2	284
LSX_GetEncType	Reads the position encoder types for all axes	2	284
LSX_SetEncType	Assigns a position encoder type to all axes	2	285
LSX_GetKommMode	Shows the commutation mode in servo operation	2	286
LSX_SetKommMode	Sets the commutation mode in servo operation	2	286
LSX_GetKommEncDir	Shows the commutation encoder counting direction	2	286
LSX_SetKommEncDir	Sets the commutation encoder counting direction	2	287
LSX_GetKommEncPolePairs	Shows the commutation encoder signal period	2	287
LSX_SetKommEncPolePairs	Sets the commutation encoder signal period	2	287
LSX_GetKommEnctoAxis	Shows the assigned encoder inputs to the commutation encoder interpretations of the axes.	2	288

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_SetKommEnctoAxis	Assigns the encoder inputs to the commutation encoder interpretations of the axes.	2	288
LSX_GetKommEncType	Shows the commutation encoder type	2	289
LSX_SetKommEncType	Sets the commutation encoder type	2	290

#### 4.1.17 Controller settings

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetController	Reads the set controller mode	1	290
SetController	Sets the controller mode	1	292
GetControllerCall	Reads the controller call setting	1	292
SetControllerCall	Sets the controller call	1	293
GetControllerFactor	Reads the controller factor setting	1	293
SetControllerFactor	Sets the controller factor	1	294
GetControllerSteps	Reads the controller steps	1	294
SetControllerSteps	Sets the controller steps	1	295
GetControllerTimeout	Shows the controller monitoring timeout setting	1	295
SetControllerTimeout	Sets the controller monitoring timeout	1	296
GetControllerTWDelay	Reads the controller delay	1	296
SetControllerTWDelay	Sets the controller delay	1	297
GetCtrFastMove	Reads setting of the Fast Move Function	1	297
SetCtrFastMoveOff	Deactivates the Fast Move Function	1	298
SetCtrFastMoveOn	Sets the Fast Move function	1	298
GetCtrFastMoveCounter	Reads the number of Fast Move functions carried out	1	299
ClearCtrFastMoveCounter	Sets the number of Fast Move functions carried out to 0	1	299
GetTargetWindow	Shows the controller target window	3	300
SetTargetWindow	Sets the controller target window	3	300
LSX_GetDeviationRange	Shows the range of contouring error	2	300
LSX_SetDeviationRange	Sets the range of contouring error	2	301
LSX_GetDeviationTime	Shows the time for contouring error check	2	301
LSX_SetDeviationTime	Sets the time for the contouring error check	2	301
LSX_GetDeviationCheck	Shows if the contouring error check is active	2	302
LSX_SetDeviationCheck	Activates/Deactivates the contouring error check	2	302
LSX_GetDeviationValue	Reads the deviation value	2	303
LSX_GetPoscon	Shows the position controller setting	2	303

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_SetPoscon	Activates/Deactivates the position controller	2	303
LSX_GetPosConKP	Reading KP band of position controller	2	305
LSX_SetPosConKP	Setting KP band of position controller	2	305
LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveKP	Reading KP band of position controller (adaptive)	2	306
LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveKP	Setting KP band of position controller (adaptive)	2	306
LSX_GetPosConKI	Reading KI band of position controller	2	307
LSX_SetPosConKI	Setting KI band of position controller	2	307
LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveKI	Reading KI band of position controller (adaptive)	2	308
LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveKI	Setting KI band of position controller (adaptive)	2	308
LSX_GetPosConOutPass	Reading Time constant of position controller output filter	2	309
LSX_SetPosConOutPass	Setting Time constant of position controller output filter	2	309
LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveOutPass	Reading Time constant of position controller output filter (adaptive)	2	310
LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveOutPass	Setting Time constant of position controller output filter (adaptive)	2	310
LSX_GetPosConNominalSpeed	Reading Rated velocity	2	311
LSX_SetPosConNominalSpeed	Setting Rated velocity	2	311
LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveSpeed	Reading Rated velocity (adaptive)	2	312
LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveSpeed	Setting Rated velocity (adaptive)	2	312
LSX_GetPosConEnable	Reading Axis enable for position controller	2	313
LSX_SetPosConEnable	Setting Axis enable for position controller	2	313
LSX_GetSpeedConKP	Reading KP band of speed controller	2	314
LSX_SetSpeedConKP	Setting KP band of speed controller	2	314
LSX_GetSpeedConKI	Reading KI band of speed controller	2	315
LSX_SetSpeedConKI	Setting KI band of speed controller	2	315
LSX_GetSpeedConKD	Reading KD band of speed controller	2	316
LSX_SetSpeedConKD	Setting KD band of speed controller	2	316
LSX_GetSpeedConOutPass	Reading Time constant of speed controller output filter	2	317
LSX_SetSpeedConOutPass	Setting Time constant of speed controller output filter	2	317
LSX_GetActSpeedFilterConst	Reading Time constant of actual speed value filter	2	318
LSX_SetActSpeedFilterConst	Setting Time constant of actual speed value filter	2	318
LSX_GetSpeedFeedForward	Reading Speed or velocity feed forward	2	319

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_SetSpeedFeedForward	Setting Speed or velocity feed forward	2	319
LSX_GetActAccelFilterConst	Reading Time constant of actual acceleration value filter	2	320
LSX_SetActAccelFilterConst	Setting Time constant of actual acceleration value filter	2	320
LSX_GetAccelFeedForward	Reading Acceleration feed forward	2	321
LSX_SetAccelFeedForward	Setting Acceleration feed forward	2	321
LSX_GetAccelFeedForwardOutputPass	Reading Time constant of acceleration feed forward filter	2	322
LSX_SetAccelFeedForwardOutputPass	Setting Time constant of acceleration feed forward filter	2	322
LSX_GetSpeedConTN	Read Reset time TN of speed controller	2	323

#### 4.1.18 Trigger output

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetTrigger	Reads the trigger setting	3	324
SetTrigger	Activates or deactivates the Trigger	3	324
GetTrigCount	Reads the trigger counter	3	325
SetTrigCount	Sets the trigger counter	3	325
GetTriggerPar	Reads the trigger parameters	3	326
SetTriggerPar	Sets the trigger parameters	3	326
LSX_GetTriggerDim	Shows the unit for parametertransfer	2	327
LSX_SetTriggerDim	Sets the unit for parametertransfer	2	327
LSX_GetTriggerSource	Shows the trigger source	2	329
LSX_SetTriggerSource	Sets the trigger source	2	329
LSX_GetTriggerHysteresis	Shows the trigger hysteresis	2	330
LSX_SetTriggerHysteresis	Sets the trigger hysteresis	2	330
LSX_GetTriggerPLength	Shows the trigger signal period length	2	331
LSX_SetTriggerPLength	Sets the trigger signal period length	2	331
LSX_GetTriggerPulseCount	Shows the number of pulses to be output in burst mode	2	331
LSX_SetTriggerPulseCount	Sets the number of pulses in the burst mode	2	332
LSX_GetTrigger_Two	Reads the trigger setting for the second trigger	2	332
LSX_SetTrigger_Two	Activates or deactivates the second trigger	2	332
LSX_GetTrigger_TwoCount	Reads the trigger counter for the second trigger	2	333
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoCount	Sets the trigger counter for the second trigger	2	333

Command	Brief description	X	Page
LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPar	Reads the trigger parameters for the second trigger	2	334
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPar	Sets the trigger parameters for the second trigger	2	334
LSX_GetTrigger_TwoDim	Shows the unit for parametertransfer for the second trigger	2	335
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoDim	Sets the unit for parametertransfer for the second trigger	2	335
LSX_GetTrigger_TwoSource	Shows the trigger source for the second trigger	2	336
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoSource	Sets the trigger source for the second trigger	2	336
LSX_GetTrigger_TwoHysteresis	Shows the trigger hysteresis for the second trigger	2	337
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoHysteresis	Sets the trigger hysteresis for the second trigger	2	337
LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPLength	Shows the trigger signal period length for the second trigger	2	338
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPLength	Sets the trigger signal period length for the second trigger	2	338
LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPulseCount	Shows the number of pulses to be output in burst mode for the second trigger	2	339
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPulseCount	Sets the number of pulses in the burst mode Sets the number of pulses in the burst mode for the second trigger	2	339

#### 4.1.19 Snapshot input

Command	Brief description	X	Page
GetSnapshot	Reads the snapshot setting	3	340
SetSnapshot	Activates or deactivates the Snpashot	3	340
GetSnapshotFilter	Reads the input filter	3	341
SetSnapshotFilter	Sets the input filter	3	341
GetSnapshotPar	Reads the snapshot parameters	3	342
SetSnapshotPar	Sets the snapshot parameters	3	343
GetSnapshotCount	Reads the snapshot counter	3	344
GetSnapshotPos	Reads the snapshot position	3	344
GetSnapshotPosArray	Reads the snapshot position array	3	345
LSX_GetSnapshotSource	Shows the position value source	2	345
LSX_SetSnapshotSource	Sets the position value source	2	346

## 4.2 Detailed functional description

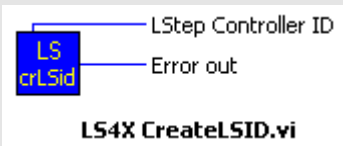
The detailed functional descriptions below contain a descriptive text for the function, a description of the function parameters, an example call of the function as well as the prototypes for the programming languages Delphi and C++. In addition, the “Other” column includes notes as to which controller is supported by the function, which command is transmitted to the controller and whether it is necessary to activate the command.

The “Activation” field currently only applies to the LSTEP express controller series.


A section of the table for the area “Other” is listed below for better clarity:

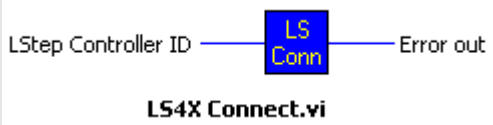
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	(Compatible with X, see Section 4.1)	(Used command from the controller command set)	(Activation possible via the indicated “SendString” commands)

### 4.2.1 API-Configuration/Interface configuration

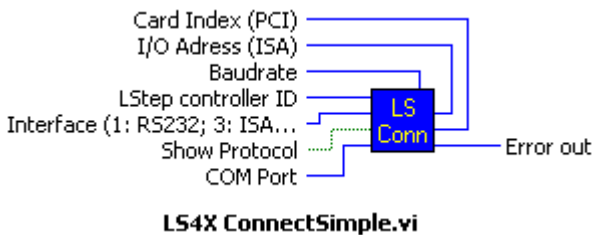
LSX_CreateLSID			
<b>Description:</b>	Creates an LSTEP ID number. This is used as an additional parameter in the LSTEP-API commands in order to select the LSTEP to which the command shall refer out of several connected LSTEP controllers.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_CreateLSID(var LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	-		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X CreateLSID.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	LSID	Contains a new LSTEPID number after calling CreateLSID; this number may then be used for connect, moving and other commands	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>var LStep1: Integer; ... LSX_CreateLSID(&amp;LStep1);</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-




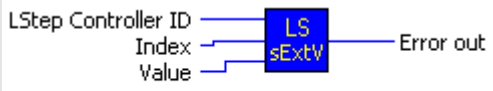
LSX_FreeLSID			
<b>Description:</b>	Releases a created LSTEP ID number. This is used as an additional parameter in the LSTEP-API commands in order to select the LSTEP to which the command shall refer out of several connected LSTEP controllers. FreeLSID should only be called after Disconnect.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_FreeLSID(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	-		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X FreeLSID.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	LSID	LSTEP ID number to be released. This may no longer be used after FreeLSID.	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>var LStep1: Integer; ... LSX_CreateLSID(&amp;LStep1); LSX_ConnectSimple(LStep1, ...); ... LSX_Disconnect(LStep1); LSX_FreeLSID(LStep1);</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-


LSX_Connect			
<b>Description:</b>	This function establishes a connection to an LSTEP controller. For this purpose, the interface parameters loaded from the INI file via LSX_LoadConfig are used. (One of the functions LSX_Connect, LSX_ConnectSimple or LSX_ConnectEx must be called for initialising of the interface so that the communication with the LSTEP is possible.)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_Connect(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int Connect();		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.LoadConfig("C:\LStepTest\LStep.INI"); LSX.Connect();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_ConnectEx, LSX_ConnectExW			
<b>Description:</b>	This function establishes a connection to an LSTEP controller. A pointer is transferred to a data structure containing the interface parameters. This record also returns information on the identified controller (version number...). (One of the functions LSX_Connect, LSX_ConnectSimple or LSX_ConnectEx must be called for initialising of the interface so that the communication with the LSTEP is possible.)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_ConnectEx(LSID: Integer; var AControlInitPar: TLS_ControlInitPar): Integer; function LSX_ConnectExW(LSID: Integer; var AControlInitPar: TLS_ControlInitParW): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int ConnectEx (TLS_ControlInitPar *pAControlInitPar); int ConnectExW (TLS_ControlInitParW *pAControlInitPar);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AControlInitPar	Pointer on a record of type TLS_ControlInitPar or TLS_ControlInitParW	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.ConnectEx(&ControlInitPar1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_ConnectSimple, LSX_ConnectSimpleW			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>This function establishes a connection to an LSTEP controller. The settings of the interface are transferred as parameters.</p> <p>(One of the functions LSX_Connect, LSX_ConnectSimple or LSX_ConnectEx must be called for initialising of the interface so that the communication with the LSTEP is possible.)</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	<pre>function LSX_ConnectSimple(LSID: Integer; AnInterfaceType: Integer;   AComName: PAnsiChar; ABaudRate: Integer; AShowProt: LongBool): Integer; function LSX_ConnectSimpleW(LSID: Integer; AnInterfaceType: Integer;   AComName: PWideChar; ABaudRate: Integer; AShowProt: LongBool): Integer;</pre>		
<b>C++:</b>	<pre>int ConnectSimple (int lAnInterfaceType, char *pcAComName, int lABR, BOOL   AShowProt); int ConnectSimpleW (int lAnInterfaceType, TCHAR *pcAComName, int lABR,   BOOL AShowProt);</pre>		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X ConnectSimple.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AnInterfaceType	<p>Interface type</p> <p>1 = RS232</p> <p>2 = ArcNet</p> <p>3 = DPRAM / ISA-Bus</p> <p>4 = DPRAM / PCI-Bus</p> <p>5 = RS232 with RTS/CTS and extended log</p> <p>11= RS232 with RTS/CTS</p>	
	AComName	<p>Name of the COM interface, e.g. 'COM2'; to be set to ZERO with ArcNet or DPRAM</p>	
	ABR	<p>The meaning is independent of the interface type</p> <p>RS232 = baud rate, e.g. 9600</p> <p>ArcNet = 0 for coax, 1 for twisted pair</p> <p>DPRAM/ISA-Bus = Basic I/O address, e.g. 0x0340</p> <p>DPRAM/PCI-Bus = 0 for first card, 1 for second card</p>	
	AShowProt	<p>Show interface log</p> <p>True = indicate</p> <p>False = Hide</p>	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.ConnectSimple(1, "COM2", 9600, true); // RS232, 9600 Baud LS_ConnectSimple(4, nil, 0, true); //LSTEP PCI card 0;</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_Disconnect			
<b>Description:</b>	Disconnects the connection to the LSTEP controller. After calling this function, commands can no longer be transmitted to the LSTEP. This function should be called shortly before the program is terminated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_Disconnect(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int Disconnect ();		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X Disconnect.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.Disconnect();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-


LSX_SetExtValue			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates API extension; these are partially experimental modes for debugging purposes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetExtValue(LSID: Integer; AName, AValue: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetExtValue (int lAName, int lAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetExtValue.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AName	Number of extended function	
	AValue	Parameter	
	AName=2 (IFSleepTime)	Sets the polling interval for the DPRAM of the LSTEPPCI. AValue: Time interval in [ms], default is 10	
	AName=3 (ProtMoveOnly)	Activates the filter for the log file so that only moves & errors are recorded AValue=1: Filter On AValue=0: Filter Off	
	AName=4 (Max_LogLn)	Limits the length of the log file, the older log file will be renamed in .old AValue=maximum number of lines	
	AName=5 (ThreadPriority)	Changes the priority of threads of the LSTEP-API. After Connect, the threads are always set to normal priority; they may be changed subsequently using SetExtValue(5, ...). AValue:the Windows API constant for thread priority such as THREAD_PRIORITY_ABOVE_NORMAL	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetExtValue(3, 1); // Filter for move commands On LSX.SetExtValue(4, 10000); // maximum length of log file = 10000 lines LSX.SetExtValue(5, THREAD_PRIORITY_HIGHEST);</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SetProcessMessagesProc			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Enables the replacement of the internal message dispatching procedure of the LSTEP-API.</p> <p>The LSTEP-API processes messages while waiting for acknowledgements of the LStep in Main-Thread. If you want to turn off message dispatching or replace it by your own code, you can use SetProcessMessagesProc to set a callback procedure.</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetProcessMessagesProc(LSID: Integer; Proc: Pointer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetProcessMessagesProc(void* pProc);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	pProc	Pointer to substitute function This must be a pointer to a stdcall procedure without a parameter: void MyProcessMessages ()	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetProcessMessagesProc(&MyProcessMessages);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

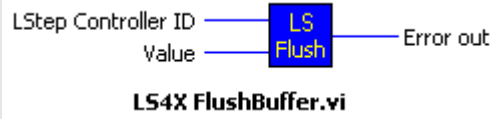
LSX_SetOsziCallBackFct			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Transfers the address of a Callback function to the API to be called if an asynchronous event occurs. The set callback function is global and does not differentiate between the LSTEPS. If a controller-specific Callback function is to be called, the function LSX_SetExtCallBackFct has to be used. As long as no controller-related Callback function has been assigned via the function LSX_SetExtCallBackFct the function assigned by LSX_SetOsziCallBackFct is used.</p> <p>This functionality is dependent on the interface type and the controller. A list of the interface types and controllers supported is included in "5.4 Supported controller or interface types".</p> <p>The description for using the Callback function of the LSTEP-API as well as its structure is included in "5 Callback functions of the LSTEP-API".</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	LSX_SetOsziCallBackFct(LSID: Integer; Fct: Pointer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetOsziCallBackFct (void* pFct)		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	pFct	Pointer to Callback function. For function declaration, please refer to "5 Callback functions of the LSTEP-API".	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>void CALLBACK OsziCallBackFct(char *pcData, int lMaxLen, int lChannelID) { ... } ... LSX.SetOsziCallBackFct(OsziCallBackFct); //activate extended log: LSX.SendString("!errorchannel 2\r", 0, 0, false, 1000);</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	-	-

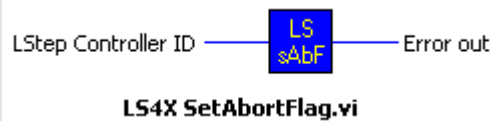
LSX_SetExtCallBackFct			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Transfers the address of a Callback function to the API to be called if an asynchronous event occurs. The set Callback function refers to the LSTEP entities and allows for transferring an object, e.g. for controller identification. As long as no controller-related Callback function has been assigned via the function LSX_SetExtCallBackFct the function assigned by LSX_SetOsziCallBackFct is used.</p> <p>This functionality is dependent on the interface type and the controller. A list of the interface types and controllers supported is included in "5.4 Supported controller or interface types".</p> <p>The description for using the Callback function of the LSTEP-API as well as its structure is included in "5 Callback functions of the LSTEP-API".</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	LSX_SetExtCallBackFct(LSID: Integer; Fct: Pointer; pprivate: Pointer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetExtCallBackFct (void* pFct, void* pprivate)		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	pFct	Pointer to Callback function. For function declaration, please refer to "5 Callback functions of the LSTEP-API".	
	pprivate	Pointer to object which is transferred when the Callback function is called.	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>int CALLBACK LSTEPExtCallBackFct(char *pcData, int lMaxLen, int lChannelID, void* pObject) { ... } ... LSX.SetExtCallBackFct(LSTEPExtCallBackFct); // activate extended log: LSX.SendString("!errorchannel 2\r", 0, 0, false, 1000);</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	-	-



LSX_SetLanguage, LSX_SetLanguageW			
<b>Description:</b>	Set language for LSTEP-API (log/messages)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetLanguage(LSID: Integer; PLN: PAnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_SetLanguageW(LSID: Integer; PLN: PWideChar): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetLanguage (char *pcPLN); int SetLanguageW (TCHAR *pcPLN);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	PLN	Language (abbrev., e.g. "DEU" [German] or "ENG" [English]) The appropriate ANSI or UNICODEtext file (LSTEP4deu.txt or LSTEP4eng.txt) must be included in the program directory.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetLanguage('ENG');		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_TranslateErrMsg			
<b>Description:</b>	Translates error message transferred by a Callback function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	LSX_TranslateErrMsg(LSID: Integer; MsgIn: PWideChar; MsgOut: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int TranslateErrMsg (TCHAR *pcMsgIn, TCHAR *pcMsgOut, int lMaxLen)		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	MsgIn	Error message transferred to the Callback function, converted into UNICODE, zero-terminated.	
	pcMsgOut	Buffer containing the error message translation.	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>TCHAR InputString[255]; TCHAR TranslatedString [255];  // translate ASCII string to UNICODE wcsncpy_s(InputString, CString(pcData, lMaxLen)); LSX.TranslateErrMsg(InputString, TranslatedString, 255);  ... // process TranslatedString</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

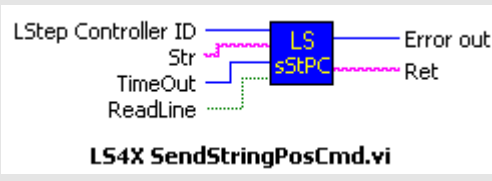
LSX_FlushBuffer			
<b>Description:</b>	Deletes the communication input buffer at RS-232 or PCI interface. This is useful in error situations for eliminating acknowledgements no longer needed from the input buffer.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_FlushBuffer(LSID: Integer; AValue: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int FlushBuffer (int IValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	AValue	Currently not used, can be set to 0	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.FlushBuffer(0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-


LSX_SetAbortFlag			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Set flag so that communication with LSTEP is disrupted.</p> <p>A function that is still waiting for a feedback from the controller (e.g. movement commands) when LSX_SetAbortFlag is called, then returns an error message.</p> <p>This function is especially useful in programs with message handling routines or several threads, e.g. if a movement is to be aborted quickly.</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAbortFlag(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAbortFlag ();		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAbortFlag(); LSX.StopAxes(); (terminate communication with the LSTEP and send the command to stop all axes)		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-


LSX_EnableCommandRetry			
<b>Description:</b>	This function is used to activate/deactivate the repeated sending of commands in case errors (activated by default).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_EnableCommandRetry(LSID: Integer; AValue: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int EnableCommandRetry (BOOL bAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_EnableCommandRetry.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AValue	Activate or deactivate repeated sending True = activate repeated sending in case of errors False = deactivate repeated sending in case of errors	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.EnableCommandRetry(false) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SetCommandTimeout			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets timeouts for waiting foracknowledgement with regard to general API calls, positioning and calibration. The default value for the timeout is 1000 ms.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	LSX_SetCommandTimeout(LSID: Integer; AtoRead, AtoMove, AtoCalibrate: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCommandTimeout (int lAtoRead, int lAtoMove, int lAtoCalibrate) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_SetCommandTimeout.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AtoRead	Timeout for waiting for general acknowledgement of an API call in ms	
	AtoMove	Timeout for positioning in ms	
	AtoCalibrate	Timeout for calibration in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX. SetCommandTimeout (int lAtoRead, int lAtoMove, int lAtoCalibrate) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SendString, LSX_SendStringW			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Sends a string to an LSTEP controller. This function is used to transmit commands to a controller if not API function exists for them. The command structure and the terminating characters are to be observed. Please also refer to the relevant controller documentation.</p> <p><b>Beware:</b> The command “!configmaxaxis” is not to be send via this function. Use the corresponding API command “LSX_ConfigMaxAxis”. Refer to the Chapter “Axis and motor configuration” for more information.</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	<pre>function LSX_SendString(LSID: Integer; Str, Ret: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer; ReadLine: LongBool; TimeOut: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SendString(LSID: Integer; Str, Ret: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer; ReadLine: LongBool; TimeOut: Integer): Integer;</pre>		
<b>C++:</b>	<pre>int SendString (char *pcStr,char *pcRet,int IMaxLen,BOOL ReadLine,int ITimeOut); int SendStringW (TCHAR *pcStr,TCHAR *pcRet,int IMaxLen,BOOL Read- Line,int ITimeOut);</pre>		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SendString.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Str	Zero-terminated string that is to be sent to the controller.	
	Ret	Buffer containing the acknowledgement of the LSTEP, if ReadLine = true	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters that can be copied into the buffer for acknowledgement.	
	ReadLine	Waiting for acknowledgement from LSTEP controller. True = Acknowledgement expected False = No acknowledgement	
	TimeOut	Maximum waiting time for acknowledgement in ms.	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SendString("?ver\r", pcLStepVer, 256, true, 1000); // Read version number, timeout 1s</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SendStringPosCmd, LSX_SendStringPosCmdW		
<b>Description:</b>	Sends a string as a moving command to the controller, which may await the axis, mask (see LSX_GetStatusAxis, LSX_GetStatusAxisW) as acknowledgement from the controller.	
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SendStringPosCmd(LSID: Integer; Str, Ret: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer; ReadLine: LongBool; TimeOut: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SendStringPosCmdW(LSID: Integer; Str, Ret: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer; ReadLine: LongBool; TimeOut: Integer): Integer;	
<b>C++:</b>	int SendStringPosCmd (char *pcStr, char *pcRet, int IMaxLen, BOOL bReadLine, int ITimeOut); int SendStringPosCmdW(TCHAR*pcStrTCHAR *pcRet, int IMaxLen, BOOL bReadLine, int ITimeOut);	
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SendStringPosCmd.vi</b></p>	
<b>Parameter:</b>	Str	Zero-terminated string that is to be sent to the controller.
	Ret	Buffer containing the acknowledgement of the LSTEP, if ReadLine = True
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.
	ReadLine	Read acknowledgement of the LSTEP:
	TimeOut	Maximum waiting time for acknowledgement in [ms].
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SendStringPosCmd("!moa 1 2\r", pcLStepVer, 256, true, 100000);	
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command      Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-      -

LSX_LoadConfig, LSX_LoadConfigW			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Lloads LSTEP configuration (interface, axis settings, controllers) from an INI file. The loaded configuration is used in the functions LSX_Connect and LSX_SetControlPars.</p> <p>The format of the INI file for LSTEP controllers is compatible with the WIN-Commander INI file, i.e. the settings can be taken over from the WIN-Commander (Wincom4.ini). This does not apply to WIN-Commander 5 and the controllers of the LSTEP express series</p> <p><b>Attention!</b></p> <p>For LSTEP-PCI express or LSTEP express, you can save the settings with WIN-Commander 5 in the Controller/Export configuration menu, and can load them with LoadConfig. LSX_SetControlPars is used to transmit this configuration to the controller.</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_LoadConfig(LSID: Integer; FileName: PAnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_LoadConfigW(LSID: Integer; FileName: PWideChar): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int LoadConfig (char *pcFileName); int LoadConfigW (TCHAR *pcFileName);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X LoadConfig.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	FileName	File name of INI file as zero-terminated string	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.LoadConfig("C:\LStepTest\LStep.INI");		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-


LSX_SaveConfig, LSX_SaveConfigW			
<b>Description:</b>	Saves LSTEP configuration (interface, axis settings, controllers) in an INI file. The format of the INI file is compatible with the WIN-Commander 4 INI file. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SaveConfig(LSID: Integer; FileName: PAnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_SaveConfig(LSID: Integer; FileName: PWideChar): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SaveConfig (char *pcFileName); int SaveConfigW (TCHAR *pcFileName);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	FileName	File name of INI file as zero-terminated string	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SaveConfig("C:\LStepTest\LStep.INI");		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	-	-

LSX_SetFactorMode			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Position value conversion for 'odd' spindle pitches</p> <p><b>SetPitch can only be called with the actual, physical spindle pitch after SetFactorMode.</b></p> <p>All moving commands use a factor for conversion after calling SetFactorMode and SetPitch, so that the LSTEP is positioned correctly. The resulting vector is as follows:</p> <p>Sent position vector = sent position vector * spindle pitch LSTEP / physical spindle pitch</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetFactorMode(LSID: Integer; AFactorMode: LongBool; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetFactorMode (BOOL bAFactorMode, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetFactorMode.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AFactorMode	This parameter activates an API-internal conversion of the position values/spindle pitch in order to avoid rounding errors with 'odd' spindle pitches.	
	X, Y, Z, A	Spindle pitch values transferred to the LSTEP (if possible values such as 1.0 or 4.0 so that a microstep will correspond to a non-periodic decimal fraction)	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetFactorMode(true, 1, 1, 1, 0); LSX.SetPitch(1.234, 1.234, 2.345, 0); LSX.MoveAbs(1.234, 2.468, 2.345, 0, true);</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	-	-




LSX_Initialize, LSX_InitializeW			
<b>Description</b>	Function for setting the path in which the settings for the log window are saved. This path also includes the log files, if no path was set for them using SetWriteLogTextFN.		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_Initialize(LSID: Integer; Workpath: PAnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_InitializeW(LSID: Integer; Workpath: PWideChar): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int Initialize(char *pcWorkpath); int InitializeW(TCHAR *pcWorkpath);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter</b>	Work path - zero-terminated string		
<b>Example</b>	LSX.Initialize("C:\Users\All Users\MyProg\LS1");		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SetShowCmdList			
<b>Description:</b>	Display or hide LSTEP-API command list		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetShowCmdList(LSID: Integer; ShowCmdList: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetShowCmdList (BOOL bShowCmdList);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	ShowProt	Indicates whether or not the window "LSTEP-API command list" is to be shown	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetShowCmdList(true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SetShowProt			
<b>Description:</b>	Display or hide interface protocol		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetShowProt(LSID: Integer; ShowProt: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetShowProt (BOOL ShowProt);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	ShowProt	Specifies whether or not the window "Interface Protocol" is to be shown	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetShowProt(true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_EnableGlobalLogging			
<b>Description:</b>	Deactivate every logging-functionality of the API		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_EnableGlobalLogging(LSID: Integer; Enable: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int EnableGlobalLogging (BOOL Enable);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Enable	Activate every logging-functionality of the API	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.EnableGlobalLogging(false); //deactivating the logging completely		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_EnableGuiLogging			
<b>Description:</b>	Deactivate only the logging into the protocol window of the API. Deactivating logging, reduces the generated CPU-usage of the API drastically.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_EnableGuiLogging(LSID: Integer; Enable: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int EnableGuiLogging (BOOL Enable);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Enable	Activate logging into the protocol window.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.EnableGuiLogging(false); //deactivate logging to the protocol window		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SetWriteLogText			
<b>Description:</b>	Writing of log file LSTEP4.log On/Off (writing is deactivated in LSTEP4.log by default)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetWriteLogText(LSID: Integer; AWriteLogText: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetWriteLogText (BOOL AWriteLogText);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetWriteLogText (true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_SetWriteLogTextFN, LSX_SetWriteLogTextFNW			
<b>Description:</b>	Activation/ deactivation of writing the interface log in a specific file (writing is deactivated by default)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetWriteLogTextFN(LSID: Integer; AWriteLogText: LongBool; ALogFN: PAnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_SetWriteLogTextFNW(LSID: Integer; AWriteLogText: LongBool; ALogFN: PWideChar): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetWriteLogTextFN (BOOL bAWriteLogText, char *pcALogFN); int SetWriteLogTextFNW (BOOL bAWriteLogText, TCHAR *pcALogFN);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AWriteLogText	If True, then write log file	
	ALogFN	File name of log file	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetWriteLogTextFN(true, "C:\Temp\prot.txt");		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Aktivierung (LSTEP express Serie)
	3	-	-

LSX_GetEqepConfig			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the function of pins 20 to 25 of the 50-pole multifunction port (MFP).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEqepConfig (LSID: Integer; var GetWert: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEqepConfig (int *plGetWert);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value:		
	0 = TTL inputs		
	1 = Inching operation		
	2 = Trackball operation		
	3 = Handwheel operation (intended/ not yet implemented)		
	4 = TVR inputs		
	5 = QEP encoder systems		
6 = Axis-enable in joystick-operation			
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEqepConfig(&GetWert);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?eqepconfig	

LSX_SetEqepConfig			
<b>Description:</b>	Configures the function of pins 20 to 25 of the 50-pole multifunction port (MFP).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEqepConfig(LSID: Integer; Wert: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEqepConfig (int *plWert);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value:		
	0 = TTL inputs		
	1 = Inching operation		
	2 = Trackball operation		
	3 = Handwheel operation (intended/ not yet implemented)		
	4 = TVR inputs		
	5 = QEP encoder systems		
6 = Axis-enable in joystick-operation			
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEqepConfig (0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)

	2	!eqepconfig	!validconfig
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### LSX\_GetTTLOutConfig

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the function of pins 16 to 19 of the 50-pole multifunction port (MFP).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTTLOutConfig(LSID: Integer; TTLOut: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTTLOutConfig (int *pTTLOut);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	TTLOut	0 = TTL output	
		1 = TVR Out operation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTTLOutConfig(&TTLOut);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?ttloutconfig	-

### LSX\_SetTTLOutConfig

<b>Description:</b>	Configures the function of pins 20 to 25 of the 50-pole multifunction port (MFP).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTTLOutConfig(LSID: Integer; TTLOut: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTTLOutConfig (int ITTLOut);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	TTLOut	0 = TTL output	
		1 = TVR Out operation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTTLOutConfig(1); //Pins in TVR out operation		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!ttloutconfig	ValidConfig

### LSX\_GetStopMode

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the mode of the active stop input.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStopMode (LSID: Integer; var Mode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStopMode (int *plMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Mode	0 = Stop of movments will be activated	
		1 = Stop movment and deactivating of power amplifiers will be activated	

<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStopMode(&Mode);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?stopmode	-

### LSX\_SetStopMode

<b>Description:</b>	Sets the mode of the active stop input		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetStopMode (LSID: Integer;Mode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetStopMode (int lMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Mode	0 = Stop of movements will be activated	
		1 = Stop movement and deactivating of power amplifiers will be activated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetStopMode(1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!stopmode	ValidConfig

LSX_GetConfigured			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows if the 'Configured' ID is set. Parameter set of individual axes is declared valid in the controller. Axes without 'Configured' ID cannot be operated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetConfigured (LSID: Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetConfigured (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetConfigured(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?configured	-

LSX_SetConfigured			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the 'Configured' ID. Parameter set of individual axes is declared valid in the controller. Axes without 'Configured' ID cannot be operated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetConfigured (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetConfigured (BOOL bX,BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetConfigured(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!configured	ValidConfig

LSX_GetSysSampleRate			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the system sampling rate respectively sample time of the controller.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSysSampleRate (LSID: Integer; val rate : integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSysSampleRate (int *plrate);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	rate	samplerate: 0: 40,0 $\mu$ s / 25,0 kHz 1: 50,0 $\mu$ s / 20,0 kHz 2: 62,5 $\mu$ s / 16,0 kHz 3: 66,6... $\mu$ s / 15,0 kHz 4: 75,0 $\mu$ s / 13,3... kHz 5: 80,0 $\mu$ s / 12,5 kHz	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSysSampleRate (&Rate);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?syssamplerate	-

LSX_SetSysSampleRate			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for customizing the system sampling rate respectively sample time of the controller.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSysSampleRate (LSID: Integer; rate : integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSysSampleRate (int lrate);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	rate	samplerate: 0: 40,0 $\mu$ s / 25,0 kHz 1: 50,0 $\mu$ s / 20,0 kHz 2: 62,5 $\mu$ s / 16,0 kHz 3: 66,6... $\mu$ s / 15,0 kHz 4: 75,0 $\mu$ s / 13,3... kHz 5: 80,0 $\mu$ s / 12,5 kHz	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSysSampleRate (0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!syssamplerate	!save and controller restart





LSX_GetBaud			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the baud rate, maximum value depends on hardware interface		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetBaud (LSID: Integer; val rate : integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetBaud (int *plrate);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	rate	Possible values: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800 USB: 460.800 baud Ethernet: 115.200 baud RS232: 115.200 baud PCIexpress: 115.200 baud	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetBaud (&Rate);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?baud	-


LSX_SetBaud			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the baud rate, maximum value depends on hardware interface		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetBaud (LSID: Integer; rate : integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetBaud (int lrate);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	rate	Possible values: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800 USB: 460.800 baud Ethernet: 115.200 baud RS232: 115.200 baud PCIexpress: 115.200 baud	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetBaud (115200);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!baud	Immediately


#### 4.2.2 Control and API information

LSX_GetAPIVersion, LSX_GetAPIVersionW			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the version number of LSTEP-API.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	LSX_GetAPIVersion(LSID: Integer; APIVer: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; LSX_GetAPIVersionW(LSID: Integer; APIVer: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAPIVersion (char *pcAPIVer, int lMaxLen) int GetVersionStrDetW (TCHAR *pcVersDet, int lMaxLen)		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetAPIVersion.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	APIVer	Buffer including the version number of LSTEP-API	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer. The version number may have a length of approx. 20 characters.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAPIVersion(pcVers, 100);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

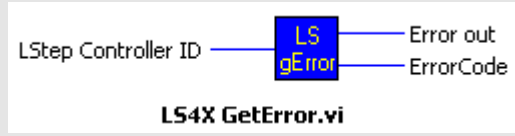
LSX_GetSerialNr, LSX_GetSerialNrW			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads serial number of controller. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSerialNr(LSID: Integer; SerialNr: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetSerialNrW(LSID: Integer; SerialNr: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSerialNr (char *pcSerialNr,int lMaxLen); int GetSerialNr W(TCHAR *pcSerialNr,int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	SerialNr	Pointer to a buffer in which the serial number is returned	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSerialNr(pcSerialNr, 256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?readsn	-

LSX_GetVersionStr, LSX_GetVersionStrW			
<b>Description:</b>	Returns the current firmware version number. For additional information, GetVersionStrDet and GetVersionStrInfo should also be used.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetVersionStr(LSID: Integer; Vers: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetVersionStrW(LSID: Integer; Vers: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetVersionStr (char *pcVers,int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Vers	Pointer to a buffer in which the version string is returned	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetVersionStr(pcVers, 64);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?ver	-

LSX_GetVersionStrDet, LSX_GetVersionStrDetW			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the firmware configuration. For additional information, GetVersionStr and GetVersionStrInfo should also be used. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetVersionStrDet(LSID: Integer; VersDet: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetVersionStrDetW(LSID: Integer; VersDet: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetVersionStrDet (char *pcVersDet, int lMaxLen); int GetVersionStrDetW (TCHAR *pcVersDet, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetVersionStrDet.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	VersDet	Pointer to a buffer in which the detailed version string is returned	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetVersionStrDet(pcVersDet, 64);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?det	-

LSX_GetVersionStrInfo, LSX_GetVersionStrInfoW			
<b>Description:</b>	Provides detailed information about version number. For additional information, GetVersionStr and GetVersionStrDet should also be used.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetVersionStrInfo (LSID: Integer; VersInfo: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetVersionStrInfoW (LSID: Integer; VersInfo: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetVersionStrInfo (char *pcVersInfo, int lMaxLen); int GetVersionStrInfoW (TCHAR *pcVersInfo, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	VersInfo	Pointer to a buffer in which the detailed version number is saved. e.g.: T04.35.02-0004	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetVersionStrInfo (pcVersInfo, 64);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?iver	-

### 4.2.3 Status requests

LSX_GetError			
<b>Description:</b>	This function requests the current error number from the controller.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetError(LSID: Integer; var ErrorCode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetError(int *plErrorCode);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	ErrorCode	Error number	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetError(&ErrCode);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!err	-

LSX_Quit			
<b>Description:</b>	This function acknowledges mistakes and resets the error number.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_Quit(LSID:Integer):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int Quit ();		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.Quit();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!quit	-


LSX_GetSecurityErr			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads all statuses and results of the GAL-safety monitoring. (only with LS44 controllers).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSecurityErr(LSID: Integer; var Value: LongWord): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSecurityErr(LongWord *pValue);		

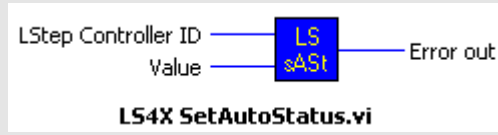
<p><b>LabView:</b></p>			
<p><b>Parameter:</b></p>	<p>Value</p>	<p>32-Bit LongWord without sign; contains the bit mask in the bits 0-15 after activating the function.</p> <p>Value 0 for monitoring result = not OK          Value 1 for monitoring result = OK          Value 0 for monitoring test = not tested          Value 1 for monitoring test = tested</p> <p>Bit 0 = X-axis standstill monitoring result          Bit 1 = Y-axis standstill monitoring result          Bit 2 = Z-axis standstill monitoring result          Bit 3 = A-axis standstill monitoring result          Bit 5 = X-axis standstill monitoring test          Bit 6 = Y-axis standstill monitoring test          Bit 7 = Z-axis standstill monitoring test          Bit 8 = A-axis standstill monitoring test          Bit 9 = X-axis speedl monitoring result          Bit 10 = Y-axis speed monitoring result          Bit 11 = Z-axis speed monitoring result          Bit 12 = A-axis speed monitoring result          Bit 13 = X-axis speed monitoring test          Bit 14 = Y-axis speed monitoring test          Bit 15 = Z-axis speed monitoring test</p>	
<p><b>Example:</b></p>	<p>LSX.GetSecurityErr(&amp;Value);</p>		
<p><b>Other:</b></p>	<p>Compatibility</p>	<p>“SendString” command</p>	<p>Activation (LSTEP express series)</p>
	<p>1</p>	<p>?securityerror</p>	<p>-</p>



LSX_GetSecurityStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the current status of safety monitoring. (only with LS44 controllers).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSecurityStatus(LSID: Integer; var Value: LongWord): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSecurityStatus(LongWord *pValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSecurityStatus.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	32-Bit LongWord without sign; contains the bit mask in the bits 0-15 after activating the function. Bit 0-3 = internal flag Bit 4 = X-axis standstill monitoring tested Bit 5 = Y-axis standstill monitoring tested Bit 6 = Z-axis standstill monitoring tested Bit 7 = A-axis standstill monitoring tested Bit 8 = X-axis speed monitoring tested Bit 9 = Y-axis speed monitoring tested Bit 10 = Z-axis speed monitoring tested Bit 11 = A-axis speed monitoring tested Bit 14 = Setup mode status (setup mode = 1) Bit 15 = Door status (door "Open" = 1)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSecurityStatus(&Value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?securitystatus	-

LSX_GetStatus, LSX_GetStatusW			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the current controller status.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStatus(LSID: Integer; Stat: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetStatusW(LSID: Integer; Stat: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStatus(char *pcStat,int lMaxLen); int GetStatusW(TCHAR *pcStat,int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetStatus.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Stat	Pointer to a buffer in which the status string is returned	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStatus(pcStat, 256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?status	-

LSX_GetStatusAxis, LSX_GetStatusAxisW			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the present status of the individual axes		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStatusAxis(LSID: Integer; StatusAxisStr: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetStatusAxisW(LSID: Integer; StatusAxisStr: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStatusAxis(char *pcStatusAxisStr,int IMaxLen); int GetStatusAxisW(TCHAR *pcStatusAxisStr,int IMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	StatusAxisStr	Pointer to a buffer in which the status string is returned. The status string includes a character for each axis and ends with ". - = Axis is not enabled @ = Axis stands and is ready M = Axis is moving (Motion) J = Joystick is activated C = Axis is being controlled * S = Axis has reached limit switch A = Axis is calibrated and ready E = Error during calibration (limit switch no released correctly) * F = Axis is in error status D = Acknowledgement after table stroke measuring U = Set-up mode * T = Timeout * (* only LSTEP 2000 series)	
<b>Parameter:</b>	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStatusAxis(pcStatAxis, 256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?statusaxis	-

LSX_SetAutoStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	This function activates or deactivates the autoatatus. <b>Note:</b> The AutoStatus mode should normally not be changed, as the LSTEP-API sets the correct mode for travel commands etc.; changing to 0 or 2 could result in errors.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAutoStatus(LSID: Integer; Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAutoStatus(int IValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetAutoStatus.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	AutoStatus-Modus 0 = No status is transmitted by the controller. 1 = "Position reached" signals are sent automatically by the controller. 2 = "Position reached" signals and status messages are sent automatically by the controller. * 3 = Only a Carriage Return is fed back for "Position reached". * (* only LSTEP 2000 series)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAutoStatus(3);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3 (see Value)	!autostatus	-

LSX_GetStatusLimit, LSX_GetStatusLimitW			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the current state of the software limits of each axis.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStatusLimit(LSID: Integer; Limit: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetStatusLimitW(LSID: Integer; Limit: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStatusLimit(char *pcLimit, int IMaxLen); int GetStatusLimitW (TCHAR *pcLimit, int IMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetStatusLimit.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	pc Limit	Pointer to a buffer in which the condition of the axis is returned. E.g.: AA- A- - DD - LL- L- - L A = Axis was calibrated D = table stroke was measured L = Software-limit was set - = Software-limit was not changed	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters which may be copied into the buffer	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStatusLimit(pc Limit, 64);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?statuslimit	-

LSX_GetSysStat, LSX_GetSysStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the current state of the axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSysStat(LSID: Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetSysStatus(LSID: Integer; Status :PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSysStat (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA); int GetSysStatus(TCHAR *pcStatus, int MaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	SysStat	SysStatus	Description
	0	Just turned On	Status after controller activation
	1	not configured	Axis is not configured
	2	Configured	Axis is configured
	3	Ready for Komm	Axis is ready for auto-commutation
	4	Autokommutating	Axis is auto-commutating
	5	Ready for Power	Axis is ready for power amplifier activation
	6	Positioncontrol	Axis is in position control mode or stepping motor operation
	7	Speedcontrol	Axis is in speed control mode
	8	Manual Mode	Axis is in manual mode (e.g. joystick)
	9	Calibrating	Axis is being calibrated
	10	Error-Power-Off	Driver voltage, intermediate circuit voltage, motor temperature, power amplifier temperature, autocommutation or power amplifier hardware error
	12	Error-Stop-On	Error due to deviation of position controller (contouring error) or I <sup>2</sup> T motor monitoring
	13	System Error	System error → contact manufacturer
	15	Changing	System status change active
	Note:		State 11 and 14 are not implementet
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSysStat(&X,&Y,&Z,&A); LSX.GetSysStatus(&Status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?sysstat ?sysstatus	-


LSX_GetStopStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the state of the stop input while taking the stop-polarity into consideration (see Command "stoppol").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStopStatus(LSID: Integer; StopStatus: Boolean): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStopStatus (BOOL *pbStopStatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Stop input status: False = Stop inactive True = Stop active		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStopStatus(&StopStatus);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?stopstatus	-


LSX_GetPowerAmplifierStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the power amplifier status including switching on and switching off processes (with taking into consideration motor brake outputs).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPowerAmplifierStatus (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, R: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPowerAmplifierStatus (int *pbX, int *pbY, int *pbZ, int *pbR);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Status of the Input: 000: Power amplifiere is switched off, no process is active 010: Power amplifier is switched off and switching off process (with taking into consideration motor brake outputs) is active 100: Power amplifier is switched off and switching on process (with taking into consideration motor brake outputs) is active 001: Power amplifier is switched on, no process is active 011: Power amplifier is switched on and switching off process (with taking into consideration motor brake outputs) is active 101: Power amplifier is switched on and switching on process (with taking into consideration motor brake outputs) is active		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPowerAmplifierStatus(&X, &Y, &Z, &R);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?pastatus	-


LSX_GetPTemp			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the power amplifier temperatures		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPTemp (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPTemp (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Nicht unterstützt		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Temperature for every Axis in [°C]	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPTemp (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?ptemp	-



#### 4.2.4 Parameter handling

LSX_SetControlPars			
<b>Description:</b>	Transmits the parameters loaded by LSX_LoadConfig to the LSTEP.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetControlPars(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetControlPars ();		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetControlPars();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	-	-

LSX_LStepSave			
<b>Description</b>	This function triggers the saving of the current configuration in the non-volatile storage of the LSTEP controller. The controller feedback showing that saving is completed is awaited.		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_LStepSave(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int LStepSave();		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter</b>	-		
<b>Example</b>	LSX.LStepSave() ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!save	-

LSX_SoftwareReset			
<b>Description:</b>	The controller is restarted. The controller loads the data saved last.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SoftwareReset(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SoftwareReset();		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SoftwareReset.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SoftwareReset();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!reset	-

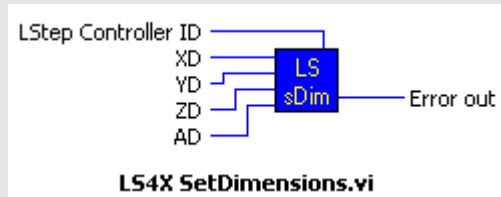
#### 4.2.5 Axis and motor configuration

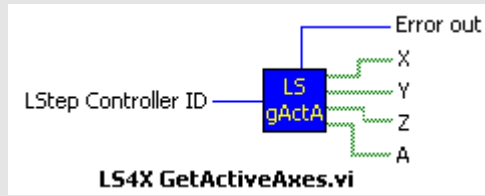
LSX_ValidConfig			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates the parameters which are dependend on ValidConfig for the chosen axis. Positions get reset. New calibration is mandatory.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_ValidConfig(LSID: Integer; AxisInt: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int ValidConfig (int lAxisint);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AxisInt	0 = Use all axes 1 = Use x-axis 2 = Use y-axis 3 = Use z-axis 4 = Use a-axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.ValidConfig(0); // ValidConfig command on all axis		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!validconfig	-

LSX_ValidPar			
<b>Description:</b>	Transmits changed parameters of a certain axis or all axes to the control unit. There is no need for a new calibration.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_ValidPar(LSID: Integer; AxisInt: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int ValidPar(int lAxisInt);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AxisInt	0 = Transmit all axes 1 = Transmit x-axis 2 = Transmit y-axis 3 = Transmit z-axis 4 = Transmit a-axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.ValidPar(0); // Transmit all axes		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!validpar	-

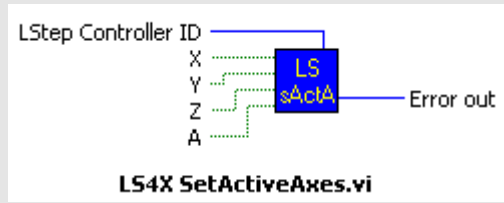
LSX_ConfigMaxAxes			
<b>Description:</b>	Configures the number of axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_ConfigMaxAxes(LSID: Integer; nAxes: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int ConfigMaxAxes(int nAxes);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	nAxes	Number of axes	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.ConfigMaxAxes(2); // controller has two axes		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!configmaxaxis	-

LSX_GetDimensions			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of set axes dimensions.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDimensions(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDimensions(int *plXD, int *plYD, int *plZD, int *plAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Dimension values 0 = Microsteps 1 = $\mu\text{m}$ 2 = Millimetres 3 = Degrees 4 = Revolutions	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDimensions(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?dim	-

LSX_SetDimensions			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets axes dimensions.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDimensions(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDimensions(int IXD,int IYD,int IZD,int IAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetDimensions.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Dimension values	
		0 = Microsteps	
		1 = $\mu\text{m}$	
		2 = Millimetres	
		3 = Degrees	
		4 = Revolutions	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetDimensions(3, 2, 2); // X-axis in degrees; Y and Z in mm</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!dim	-

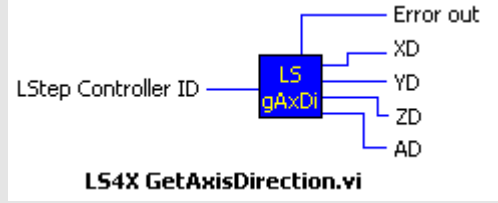
LSX_GetActiveAxes			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the released axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetActiveAxes(LSID: Integer; var Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetActiveAxes(int *pIFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetActiveAxes.vi</b></p>		

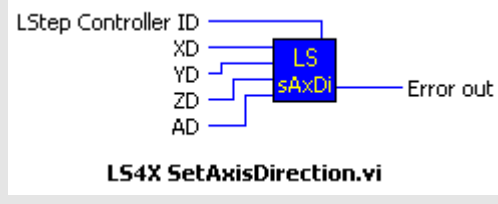
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	32-bit integer containing a bit mask after calling the function in the bits 0-4. Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Axis deactivated Value 1 = Axis activated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetActiveAxes(&Flags);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?axis	-

LSX_SetActiveAxes			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets axes release.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetActiveAxes(LSID: Integer; Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetActiveAxes(int Flags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetActiveAxes.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	Bit mask for axis release Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Axis deactivated Value 1 = Axis activated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetActiveAxes(3); /* X and Y-axis are released (bits 0 and 1 set), Z-axis not released (bit 2 = 0) */		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!axis	-

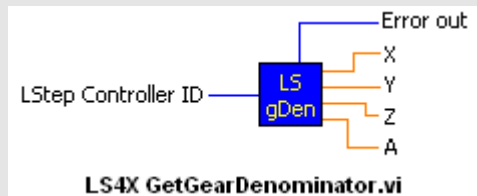
LSX_GetAxisMap			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the configuration of the hardware-axes to the axes of the user-interface		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAxisMap (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAxisMap (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Numbering of the axis: 1, 2, 3 or 4	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAxisMap(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?axismap	-

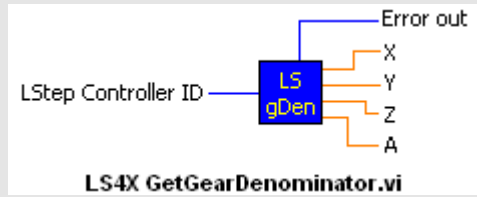
LSX_SetAxisMap			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for mapping of the hardware-axes to the axes of the user-interface		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAxisMap (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAxisMap (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Numbering of the axis: 1, 2, 3 or 4	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAxisMap(2, 1, 4, 3);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!axismap	ValidConfig

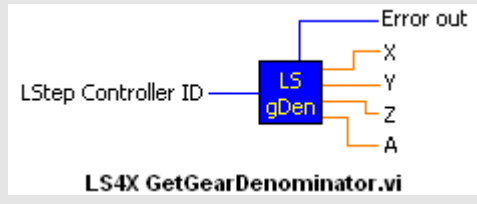
LSX_GetAxisDirection			
<b>Description</b>	Function for change of direction inquiry.		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_GetAxisDirection(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int GetAxisDirection(int *pLXD, int *pLYD, int *pLZD, int *pLAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetAxisDirection.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	32-bit integer with indication of direction of rotation. 0 = normal direction of rotation 1 = reverse direction of rotation	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.GetAxisDirection(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?axisdir	-

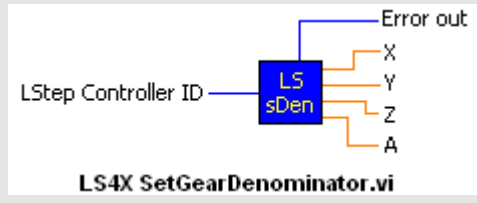
LSX_SetAxisDirection			
<b>Description</b>	Function for setting the change of direction.		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetAxisDirection(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetAxisDirection (int lXD, int lYD, int lZD, int lAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetAxisDirection.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	32-bit integer with indication of direction of rotation. 0 = normal direction of rotation 1 = reverse direction of rotation	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetAxisDirection(1, 0, 0, 0); // reverse direction of X-axis		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!axisdir	ValidConfig



LSX_GetGear			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for gear ratio inquiry. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetGear(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetGear (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetGearDenominator.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Read-out gear ratio (motor/actuator side)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetGear(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?gear	-

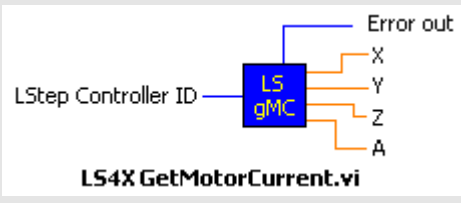
LSX_SetGear			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for gear ratio setting. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetGear(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetGear (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetGearDenominator.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Gear ratio to be set (motor/actuator side)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetGear (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!gear	-

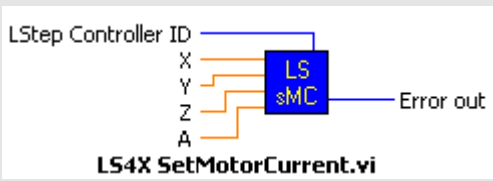
LSX_GetGearDenominator			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquires denominator of gear ratio. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetGearDenominator(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetGearDenominator(int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetGearDenominator.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Denominator of gear ratio (motor side)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetGearDenominator(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?geardenominator	-

LSX_SetGearDenominator			
<b>Description:</b>	Adjust denominator of gear ratio. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetGearDenominator(LSID: Integer; Integer): Integer; Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetGearDenominator(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetGearDenominator.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Value of gear ratio denominator (motor side)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetGearDenominator(2, 1, 1, 1); // gear ratio 2/γ with x		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!geardenominator	ValidConfig

LSX_GetGearNumerator			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of gear ratio numerator. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetGearNumerator(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetGearNumerator(int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p>LS4X GetGearNumerator.vi</p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Gear ratio numerator (actuator side).	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetGearNumerator(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?gearnumerator	-

LSX_SetGearNumerator			
<b>Description</b>	Adjust numerator of gear ratio. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetGearNumerator(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetGearNumerator(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p>LS4X SetGearNumerator.vi</p>		
<b>Parameter</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Value of gear ratio numerator (motor side)	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetGearNumerator(4, 1, 1, 1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?pos	-

LSX_GetMotorCurrent			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the set motor current.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorCurrent(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotorCurrent(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor current in A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorCurrent(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	LSTEP 2000: ?cur LSTEP express: ?motorcurrent	-

LSX_SetMotorCurrent			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the motor current.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorCurrent(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotorCurrent (double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor current in A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorCurrent(1.5, 1.5, 1.0, 1.0); // Motor current for X and Y is 1.5 amperes; for Z and A 1.0 amperes		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	LSTEP2000: !cur LSTEP express: !motorcurrent	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorpeakCurrent			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the set motor peak current.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorpeakCurrent(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotorpeakCurrent(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor current in A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorpeakCurrent(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorpeakcurrent	-

LSX_SetMotorpeakCurrent			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the motor peak current.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorpeakCurrent(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotorpeakCurrent (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor current in A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorpeakCurrent(1.5, 1.5, 1.0, 1.0); // Motor peak current for X and Y is 1.5 amperes; for Z and A 1.0 amperes		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motorpeakcurrent	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotortempSensor			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the state of the motor temperature sensor.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotortempSensor(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: longBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetmotortempSensor (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor temperature restore state	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotortempSensor(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motortempsensor	-

LSX_SetMotortempSensor			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for activating/ deactivating the motor temperature sensor.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotortempSensor(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: longBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotortempSensor (double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motortemperature restore state	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetMotortempSensor(True,True,False,False); //The temperature sensors for X and Y are activated; for Z and A are deactivated</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motortempSensor	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotortempSensormin			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the lowest acceptable motor temperature resistance. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotortempSensormin(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotortempSensormin (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor temperature resistance in $\Omega$	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotortempSensormin(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motortempSensorminimum	-

LSX_SetMotortempSensormin			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the lowest acceptable motor temperature resistance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotortempSensormin (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A:Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotortempSensormin (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor temperature resistance in $\Omega$	

<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotortempSensormin(150, 150, 100, 100); // Motor temperature sensor resistance for X and Y is 150 Ω; for Z and A 100 Ω		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motortempsensorminimum	ValidPar / ValidConfig

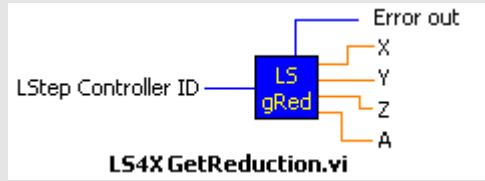
### LSX\_GetMotortempSensormax

<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the highest acceptable motor temperature resistance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotortempSensormax(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotortempSensormax (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor temperature resistance in Ω	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotortempSensormin(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motortempSensormaximum	-

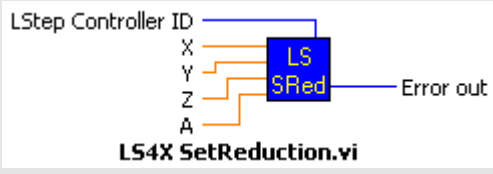
### LSX\_SetMotortempSensormax

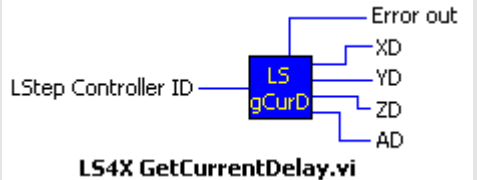
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the highest acceptable motor temperature resistance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotortempSensormax (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A:Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotortempSensormax (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor temperature resistance in Ω	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotortempSensormax(150, 150, 100, 100); //Highest acceptable Motor temperature resistance for X and Y is 150 Ω; for Z and A 100 Ω		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motortempsensormaximum	ValidPar / ValidConfig

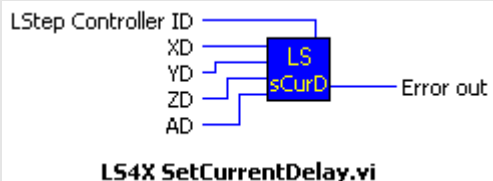
LSX_GetMotortempSensorValue			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the motor temperature resistance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotortempSensorValue(LSID: Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotortempSensorValue (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor temperature resistance in $\Omega$	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotortempSensorValue(X, Y, Z, A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motortempsensorvalue	-

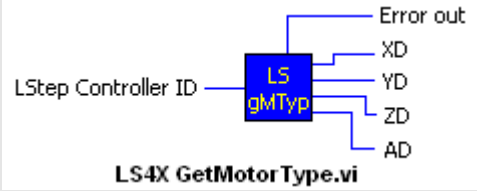
LSX_GetReduction			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of set current reduction.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetReduction(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetReduction(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set current reduction in %	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetReduction(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?reduction	-

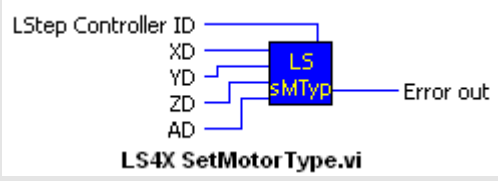


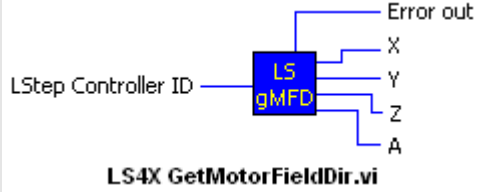
LSX_SetReduction			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting the ratio by which the motor rated current is reduced, if current reduction is active.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetReduction(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetReduction(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetReduction.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Current reduction value. LSTEP Series = 0.0 - 1.0 LSTEP express series = 0 - 100 in %	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetReduction(0.1, 0.7, 0.5, 0.5); //LSTEP 2000 series /* X-axis bias current = <0.1*rated current; Y-axis = 0.7*rated current ... */		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!reduction	-

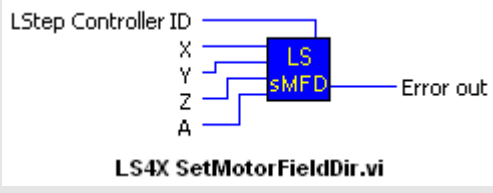
LSX_GetCurrentDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Indicates the time delay until the current reduction is activated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCurrentDelay(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCurrentDelay(int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetCurrentDelay.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A:	Time delay in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCurrentDelay(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?curdelay	-

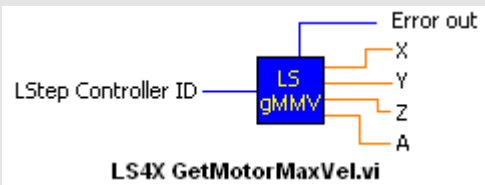
LSX_SetCurrentDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Indicates the time delay for activating the current reduction.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCurrentDelay(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCurrentDelay(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetCurrentDelay.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Time delay in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCurrentDelay(100, 300, 1000, 0) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!curdelay	-

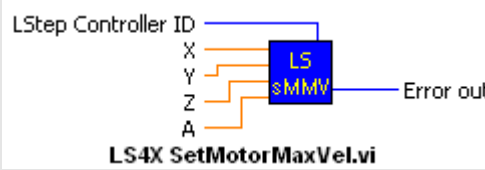
LSX_GetMotorType			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the set motor type. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorType(LSID: Integer; var X: Integer; var Y: Integer; var Z: Integer; var A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorType(int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA)		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetMotorType.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor type 0 = rotary 2-phase stepper motor 1 = linear 2-phase stepper motor 2 = rotary 3-phase stepper motor 3 = linear 3-phase stepper motor 4 = rotary 2-phase servomotor 5 = linear 2-phase servomotor 6 = rotary 3-phase servomotor 7 = linear 3-phase servomotor	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorType(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motortype	-

LSX_SetMotorType			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the motor type. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorType(LSID: Integer; X: Integer; var Y: Integer; var Z: Integer; var A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotorType(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetMotorType.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor type 0 = rotary 2-phase stepper motor 1 = linear 2-phase stepper motor 2 = rotary 3-phase stepper motor 3 = linear 3-phase stepper motor 4 = rotary 2-phase servomotor 5 = linear 2-phase servomotor 6 = rotary 3-phase servomotor 7 = linear 3-phase servomotor	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorType(5, 4, 4, 4);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motortype	ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorFieldDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the field direction of the motor. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorFieldDir(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotorFieldDir(int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetMotorFieldDir.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Currently set direction 0 = normal field direction 1 = reversed field direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorFieldDir(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorfielddir	-

LSX_SetMotorFieldDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the field direction of the motor. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorFieldDir(LSID: Integer; Integer): Integer; Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotorFieldDir(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetMotorFieldDir.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Field direction currently to be set 0 = normal field direction 1 = reverse field direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorFieldDir(1, 0, 0, 0); // reverse direction of X-axis		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motorfielddir	ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorMaxVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of maximum motor Speed or velocity. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorMaxVel(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotorMaxVel(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetMotorMaxVel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Motor speed or velocity. In rpm for rotary motor. In mm/s for linear motor.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorMaxVel(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motormaxvel	-

LSX_SetMotorMaxVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of maximum Motor Speed or velocity. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorMaxVel(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotorStandForce(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetMotorMaxVel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Motor speed or velocity. In rpm for rotary motor. In mm/s for linear motor.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorMaxVel(1000, 1000, 500, 250);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motormaxvel	ValidConfig


LSX_GetMotorTablePatch			
<b>Description:</b>	Indicates whether the correction table is activated. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorTablePatch (LSID: Integer; var bActive: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotorTablePatch (BOOL *pbActive);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetMotorTablePatch.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bActive	Correction table status True = Table is activated False = Table is deactivated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorTablePatch(&Active);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?motorpatch	-

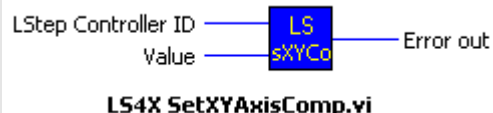
LSX_SetMotorTablePatch			
<b>Description:</b>	The correction table is activated. The correction table for a special motor was determined by measurement. Correction tables can be determined upon the customer's request. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorTablePatch (LSID: Integer; bActive: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotorTablePatch (BOOL bActive);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetMotorTablePatch.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bActive	Activation of correction table True = Table is activated False = Table is deactivated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorTablePatch(True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!motorpatch	-

LSX_GetPitch			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the set value of the spindle pitch.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPitch(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPitch(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Spindle pitches in mm/revolution	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPitch(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?pitch	-

LSX_SetPitch			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the axis spindle pitch.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPitch(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPitch(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Spindle pitches in mm/revolution	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPitch(4, 4, 4, 4); // Set spindle pitches to 4 mm for all axes		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!pitch	ValidConfig



LSX_GetXYAxisComp			
<b>Description</b>	Inquiry of XY-axis overlay (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_GetXYAxisComp(LSID: Integer; var Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int GetXYAxisComp (int *pIValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_GetXYAxisComp.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter</b>	Value	Mode of axis overlay (see LSTEPdocumentation)	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetXYAxisComp(&mode) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?xycomp	-

LSX_SetXYAxisComp			
<b>Description</b>	Activate XY-axis overlay (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetXYAxisComp(LSID: Integer; Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetXYAxisComp(int IValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_SetXYAxisComp.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter</b>	Value	Mode of axis overlay (see LSTEPdocumentation)	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetXYAxisComp(1) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!xycomp	-

LSX_GetStopPolarity			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of stop input polarity.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStopPolarity(LSID: Integer; var bHighActiv: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStopPolarity(BOOL *pbHighActiv);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_GetStopPolarity.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bHighActiv	Value of set polarity True = Stop input high-active False = Stop input low-active	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStopPolarity(&HighActiv);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?stoppol	-

LSX_SetStopPolarity			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the stop input polarity.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetStopPolarity(LSID: Integer; bHighActiv: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetStopPolarity(BOOL bHighActiv);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_SetStopPolarity.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bHighActiv	Value of set polarity True = Stop input high-active False = Stop input low-active	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetStopPolarity(False); //The stop input is low active.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!stoppol	-

LSX_GetPowerAmplifier			
<b>Description:</b>	Indicates whether the power amplifiers of the LS44 are activated or deactivated. (only for LS44 controll and for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPowerAmplifier(LSID: Integer; var bAmplifier: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPowerAmplifier (BOOL *pbAmplifier);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetPowerAmplifier.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bAmplifier	Power amplifier status True = All power amplifiers are activated False = All power amplifiers are deactivated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPowerAmplifier(&Amplifier);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3 (see description)	?pa	-

LSX_SetPowerAmplifier			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates or deactivates the power amplifiers of the controller. (only for LS44 controll and for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPowerAmplifier (LSID: Integer; bAmplifier: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPowerAmplifier(BOOL bAmplifier);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetPowerAmplifier.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bAmplifier	Intended power amplifier status. True = All power amplifiers are activated False = All power amplifiers are deactivated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPowerAmplifier(True); // Activate power amplifiers		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3 (see description)	!pa	-

LSX_GetModulo			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring if the axes are in modulo operation mode.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetModulo(LSID: Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetModulo (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	True = Activate the modulo operation mode for this axis False = Deactivate the modulo operation mode for this axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetModulo(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?modulo	-

LSX_SetModulo			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates/ Deactivates the modulo operation mode.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetModulo(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetModulo (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	True = Activate the modulo operation mode for this axis False = Deactivate the modulo operation mode for this axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetModulo(True,True,True,True); // All axes in modulo operation mode.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!modulo	ValidConfig

LSX_GetModulomode			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring in which modulo operation mode the axes currently are.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetModuloMode(LSID: Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetModuloMode (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	0 = Move is controlled without optimisation . 1 = Target position is always approached in positive direction of rotation. 2 = Target position is always approached in negative direction of rotation. 3 = The shortest connection between start and target position is always used.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetModulomode(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?modulomode	-

LSX_SetModulomode			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the modulo operation mode for each axis.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetModuloMode(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetModulomode (int IX, int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	0 = Move is controlled without optimisation . 1 = Target position is always approached in positive direction of rotation. 2 = Target position is always approached in negative direction of rotation. 3 = The shortest connection between start and target position is always used.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetModulomode(0,0,0,0); // All axes operate without optimisation		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!modulomode	-

LSX_GetMotorPoleScale			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the pole scale of linear motors.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorPoleScale (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorPoleScale(int ILSID, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Pole scale in mm	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorPoleScale(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorpolescale	-

LSX_SetMotorPoleScale			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the pole scale of linear motors.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorPoleScale(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : double) : Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorPoleScale (int ILSID, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	PoleScale in mm	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorPoleScale(10,10,10,10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motorpolescale	-

LSX_GetMotorPolePairs			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the pole pair number of rotative motors.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorPolePairs (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorPolePairs(int ILSID, int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Pole pair number	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorPolePairs(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorpolpairs	-

LSX_SetMotorPolePairs			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the pole pair number of rotative motors		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorPolePairs (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorPolePairs (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Pole pair number	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPolePairs(10,10,10,10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motorpolepairs	-

LSX_GetMotorPolePairRes			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the step resolution of pole pairs and/or pole scale.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorPolePairRes (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorPolePairRes(int ILSID, int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Step resolution in mm	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorPolePairRes(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorpolepairres	-

LSX_SetMotorPolePairRes			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the step resolution of pole pairs and / or pole scale.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorPolePairRes(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorPolePairRes (int ILSID, int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Step resolution in mm	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorPolePairRes(50,50,50,50);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorpolepairres	ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorBrake			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the motor brake output mode.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorBrake (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorBrake(int ILSID, int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Mode of the motor brakes: 0: Output switches to GND 1: Output switches dependent on power amplifier 2: Output switches to 24V or 12V with PC variant without 24V (I/O) 3: Use as digital output, see command	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorBrake(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrake	-

LSX_SetMotorBrake			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the motor brake output mode.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorBrake(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetBrake (int ILSID, int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Mode of the motor brakes: 0: Output switches to GND 1: Output switches dependent on power amplifier 2: Output switches to 24V or 12V with PC variant without 24V (I/O) 3: Use as digital output, see command	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorBrake(0,0,0,0);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrake	ValidConfig



LSX_GetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the delay between the power amplifier switch-on and the motor brake output (mode "MotorBrake 1"). Negative values delay the switch-on of the power amplifier. Positive values delay the switch-on of the output Outputs may for instance be used for switching motor brakes or door locks.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay (int ILSID, int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Delay in ms, range: -5000 ms to 5000 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrakeswitchondelay	-

LSX_SetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the delay between the power amplifier switch-on and the motor brake output (mode "MotorBrake 1"). Negative values delay the switch-on of the power amplifier. Positive values delay the switch-on of the output Outputs may for instance be used for switching motor brakes or door locks.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetBrakeSwitchOnDelay (int ILSID, int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Delay in ms, range: -5000 ms to 5000 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorBrakeSwitchOnDelay (0,0,0,0);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrakeswitchondelay	ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the delay between the power amplifier switch-off and the motor brake output (mode "MotorBrake 1"). Negative values delay the switch-off of the power amplifier. Positive values delay the switch-off of the output. Outputs may for instance be used for switching motor brakes or door locks.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay (int lLSID, int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Delay in ms, range: -5000 ms to 5000 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrakeswitchoffdelay	-

LSX_SetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the delay between the power amplifier switch-off and the motor brake output (mode "MotorBrake 1"). Negative values delay the switch-off of the power amplifier. Positive values delay the switch-off of the output. Outputs may for instance be used for switching motor brakes or door locks.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay (int lLSID, int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Delay in ms, range: -5000 ms to 5000 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorBrakeSwitchOffDelay (0,0,0,0);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrakeswitchoffdelay	ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorAutoKommDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the delay between the power amplifier switch-on and starting the auto-commutation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorAutoKommDelay (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorAutoKommDelay (int ILSID, int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	delay in ms, range: 0 to 5000 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorAutoKommDelay (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorautokommdelay	-

LSX_SetMotorAutoKommDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the delay between the power amplifier switch-on and starting the auto-commutation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorAutoKommDelay (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorAutoKommDelay (int ILSID, int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	delay in ms, range: 0 to 5000 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorAutoKommDelay (5,5,5,5);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorautokommdelay	ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the auto-commutation speed. Can be used for adjusting the movement process when auto-commutation to the motor force respectively the motor torque.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: double): integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale (int ILSID, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	scaling factor, range: 0.01 to 100	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorautokomm speedscale	-

LSX_SetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the auto-commutation speed. Can be used for adjusting the movement process when auto-commutation to the motor force respectively the motor torque.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale (int ILSID, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	scaling factor, range: 0.01 to 100	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorAutoKommSpeedScale (10.25, 10.25, 10.25, 10.25);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorautokomm speedscale	ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorForceConstant			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the force constant of a linear motor in [N/A]		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorForceConstant (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorForceConstant (int ILSID, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	force constant, range: 0 to 500 N/A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorForceConstant (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorforceconstant	-

LSX_SetMotorForceConstant			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the force constant of a linear motor in [N/A]		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorForceConstant (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorForceConstant (int ILSID, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	force constant, range: 0 to 500 N/A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorForceConstant (2.1, 2.1, 2.1, 2.1);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorforceconstant	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorLoad			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the motor load of axes with linear motors in [kg]. Parameter is used for servo controller rating, the entire mass (axes, mounted parts, loads, ...) is to be transmitted.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorLoad (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorLoad (int ILSID, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	motor load, range: 0 to 100 kg	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorLoad (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorload	-

LSX_SetMotorLoad			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the motor load of axes with linear motors in [kg]. Parameter is used for servo controller rating, the entire mass (axes, mounted parts, loads, ...) is to be transmitted.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorLoad (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorLoad (int ILSID, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	motor load, range: 0 to 100 kg	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorLoad (5.1, 2.4, 3.0, 4.2);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorload	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorMomentConstant			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the moment constant in [N/A]		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorMomentConstant (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorMomentConstant (int ILSID, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	moment constant, range: 0 to 50 Nm/A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorMomentConstant (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motormomentconstant	-

LSX_SetMotorMomentConstant			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the moment constant in [N/A]		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorMomentConstant (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorMomentConstant (int ILSID, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	moment constant, range: 0 to 50 Nm/A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorMomentConstant (0.75, 0.75, 0.75, 0.75);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motormomentconstant	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetMotorMomentOfInertia			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the moment of inertia in [kgcm <sup>2</sup> ] on the motor shaft. Parameter is used for servo controller rating; the sum total of all moments (rotor moment of inertia, (counted back) moment of inertia of connected mechanical devices, ...) is to be transmitted.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorMomentOfInertia (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorMomentOfInertia (int ILSID, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	moment of inertia, range: 0 to 100000 kgcm <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorMomentOfInertia (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motormomentofinertia	-

LSX_SetMotorMomentOfInertia			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the moment of inertia in [kgcm <sup>2</sup> ] on the motor shaft. Parameter is used for servo controller rating; the sum total of all moments (rotor moment of inertia, (counted back) moment of inertia of connected mechanical devices, ...) is to be transmitted.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorMomentOfInertia (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorMomentOfInertia (int ILSID, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	moment of inertia, range: 0 to 100000 kgcm <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorMomentOfInertia (0.25, 0.25, 0.25, 0.25);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motormomentofinertia	ValidPar / ValidConfig



LSX_GetMotorIITCheck			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for the status of the motor I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorIITCheck (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorIITCheck (int ILSID, bool *pbX, bool *pbY, bool *pbZ, bool *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Status of motor I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring: True / False	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorIITCheck (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorisquaretcheck	-

LSX_SetMotorIITCheck			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for activating and deactivating the motor I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorIITCheck (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorIITCheck (int ILSID, bool bX, bool bY, bool bZ, bool bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Status of motor I <sup>2</sup> t monitoring: True / False	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorIITCheck (False, True, False, False);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorisquaretcheck	ValidPar / ValidConfig

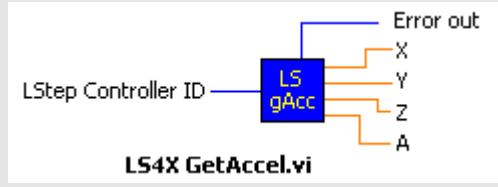
LSX_GetMotorpeakCurrentTime			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the maximum motor peak current time in [ms]		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorpeakCurrentTime (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorpeakCurrentTime (int ILSID, bool *pbX, bool *pbY, bool *pbZ, bool *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Maximum motor peak current time, range: 0 bis 10000ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorpeakCurrentTime (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorpeakcurrenttime	-

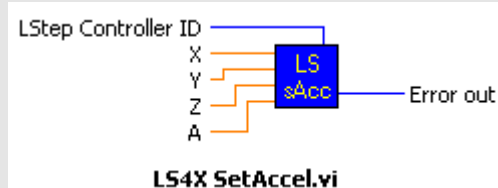
LSX_SetMotorpeakCurrentTime			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the maximum motor peak current time in [ms]		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorpeakCurrentTime (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorpeakCurrentTime (int ILSID, bool bX, bool bY, bool bZ, bool bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Maximum motor peak current time, range: 0 bis 10000ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorpeakCurrentTime (3000, 3000, 2000, 2000);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorpeakcurrenttime	ValidPar / ValidConfig

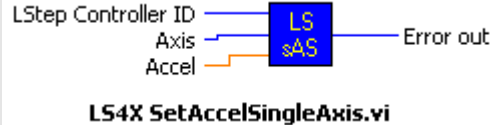
LSX_GetMotorAutoKommCurrent			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the motor current for auto commutation (servo operation only), which has to be less than or equal to the maximum device current (see maxcur) and the motor rated current.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorAutoKommCurrent (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetMotorAutoKommCurrent (int ILSID, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor rated current or current for auto-commutation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorAutoKommCurrent (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorautokommcurrent	-

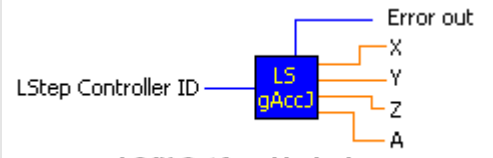
LSX_SetMotorAutoKommCurrent			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the motor current for auto commutation (servo operation only), which has to be less than or equal to the maximum device current (see maxcur) and the motor rated current.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorAutoKommCurrent (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetMotorAutoKommCurrent (int ILSID, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Motor rated current or current for auto-commutation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorAutoKommCurrent (1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5);		
<b>Others:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motorautokommcurrent	ValidPar / ValidConfig

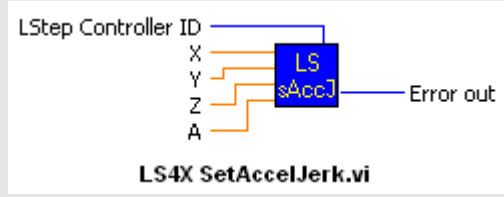
## 4.2.6 Kinematics

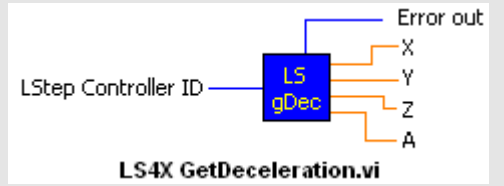
LSX_GetAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the acceleration for positioning processes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAccel(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAccel(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Read acceleration values LSTEP 2000 series = m/s <sup>2</sup> LSTEP express series = Set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAccel(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?Accel	-

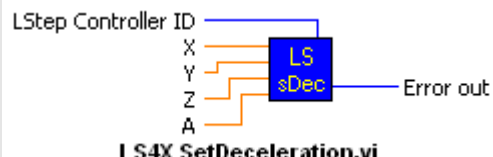
LSX_SetAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the acceleration for positioning processes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAccel(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAccel(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Axis acceleration values. LSTEP 2000 series = m/s <sup>2</sup> , limited to 20 m/s <sup>2</sup> LSTEP express series = set dimension/s <sup>2</sup> , maximum value limited by controller	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAccel(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!accel	-

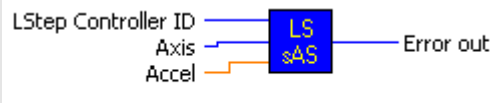
LSX_SetAccelSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the acceleration of a single axis for positioning processes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAccelSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Accel: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAccelSingleAxis(int lAxis,double dAccel);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetAccelSingleAxis.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis whose acceleration is to be set X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Accel	Acceleration to be adjusted LSTEP 2000 series = m/s <sup>2</sup> , limited to 20 m/s <sup>2</sup> LSTEP express series = set dimension/s <sup>2</sup> , maximum value limited by controller	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAccelSingleAxis(4, 1.0); // Accelerate A-axis 1.0 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!accel	-

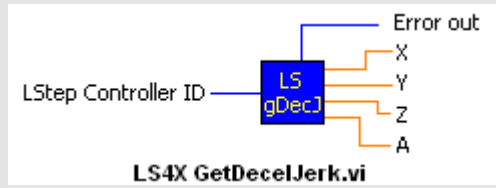
LSX_GetAccelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the jerk used during the acceleration phase of positioning processes. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAccelJerk(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAccelJerk(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetAccelJerk.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Jerk values in the set dimension/s <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAccelJerk(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?acceljerk	-

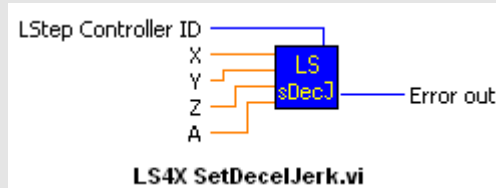
LSX_SetAccelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the jerk used during the acceleration phase of positioning processes. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAccelJerk(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAccelJerk(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetAccelJerk.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z and A	Jerk in the set dimension/s <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAccelJerk(100.0, 100.5, 200, 300);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!acceljerk	-

LSX_GetDeceleration			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of deceleration applied for movements. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDeceleration(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDeceleration(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetDeceleration.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Deceleration values in the set dimension/s <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDeceleration(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?decel	-

LSX_SetDeceleration			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of deceleration to be applied for movements. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDeceleration(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDeceleration(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetDeceleration.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Deceleration values in the set dimension/s <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDeceleration(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!decel	-

LSX_SetDecelSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the deceleration applied for the movement of a single axis. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDecelSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Decel: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDecelSingleAxis(int lAxis,double dDecel);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetAccelSingleAxis.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis whose deceleration is to be set X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Decel	Deceleration in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDecelSingleAxis(1, 1000.0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!decel	-

LSX_GetDecelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of the jerk to be used during the deceleration phase of a movement. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDecelJerk(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDecelJerk(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Jerk values in the set dimension/s <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDecelJerk(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?deceljerk	-

LSX_SetDecelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of the jerk to be used during the deceleration phase of a movement. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDecelJerk(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDecelJerk(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Jerk in the set dimension/s <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDecelJerk(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!deceljerk	-

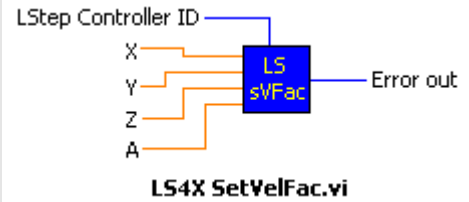


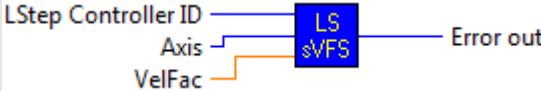
LSX_GetVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of the set velocity used for positioning processes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetVel(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetVel(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Read velocity values LSTEP 2000 series = m/s LSTEP express series = Set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetVel(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?vel	-

LSX_SetVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of velocity used for positioning processes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetVel(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetVel(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A:	Velocity values to be set LSTEP 2000 series = m/s LSTEP express series = Set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetVel(1.0, 15.0, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!vel	-

LSX_SetVelSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the velocity for a single axis.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetVelSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Vel: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetVelSingleAxis(int lAxis,double dVel);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis whose velocity is to be set X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Vel	Velocity value to be set LSTEP 2000 series = m/s LSTEP express Serie = Set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetVelSingleAxis(1, 10.0) // Speed of X-axis 10 rps		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!vel	-

LSX_GetVelFac			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the velocity reduction (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetVelFac(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetVelFac(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A:	Set factor for velocity reduction.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetVelFac(X, Y, Z, A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?velfac	-

LSX_SetVelFac			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the velocity reduction. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetVelFac(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetVelFac(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A:	Factor to be set for velocity reduction. The resulting velocity is $v=Vel*VelFac$ .	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetVelFac(1, 1, 0.1, 0.1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!VelFac	-

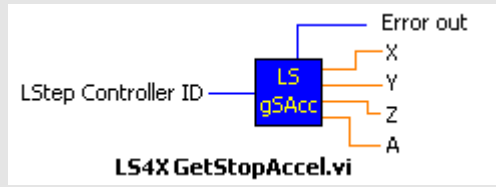
LSX_SetVelFacSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the velocity reduction of a single axis. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetVelFacSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetVelFacSingleAxis(int lAxis, double dValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis whose velocity reduction is to be set X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	VelFac	Factor to be set for velocity reduction. The resulting velocity is $v=Vel*VelFac$ .	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetVelFacSingleAxis(1, 0.1)		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!velfac	-

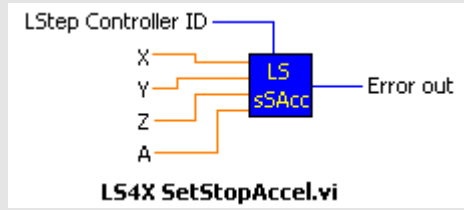
LSX_GetVLevel			
<b>Description:</b>	Delivers the speed limits of the indicated speed range. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetVLevel(LSID: Integer; IVRegion: Integer; var dDownLevel, dUpLevel: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetVLevel(int IVRegion, double *pdDownLevel, double *pdUpLevel);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetVLevel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	IVRegion	Value range 1-4. 1 - First/lowest speed range 2 - Second/middle speed range 3 - Third/highest speed range 4 - Up to this speed limit, the correction table is used.	
	dDownLevel	Lower limit of range (for IVRegion = 4 speed limit) in rps	
	dUpLevel	Upper limit of range (for IVRegion = 4 has no meaning) in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.GetVLevel(2, &amp;DownLevel, &amp;UpLevel); // DownLevel = Lower limit of the second speed range, UpLevel = Upper limit of the second speed range.</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?vlevel	-

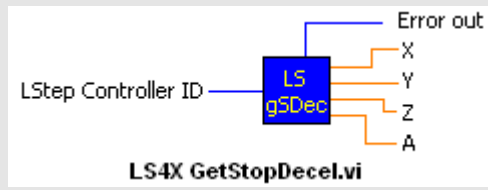
LSX_SetVLevel			
<b>Description:</b>	Exclude speed ranges in which the system shows resonances. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetVLevel(LSID: Integer; IVRegion: Integer; dDownLevel, dUp- pLevel: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetVLevel(int IVRegion, double dDownLevel, double dUpLevel);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p><b>LS4X SetVLevel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	IVRegion	Value range 1-4. 1 - First/lowest speed range 2 - Second/middle speed range 3 - Third/highest speed range 4 - Up to this speed limit, the correction table is used.	
	dDownLevel	Lower limit of range (for IVRegion = 4 speed limit) in rps	
	dUpLevel	Upper limit of range (for IVRegion = 4 has no meaning) in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetVLevel(4, 10.0, 0.0); //The correction table is active up to a speed of 10 rps.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!vlevel	-

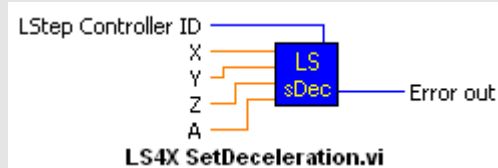
LSX_GetSpeedPoti			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquires whether the potentiometer is activated or deactivated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedPoti(LSID: Integer; var SpePoti: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedPoti(BOOL *pbSpePoti);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSpeedPoti.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	SpePoti	Potentiometer status True = All power amplifiers are activated False = All power amplifiers are deactivated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedPoti(&flag);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?pot	-

LSX_SetSpeedPoti			
<b>Description:</b>	Activation or deactivation of the potentiometer. If this is activated, the speed of travel is a percentage dependent on the potentiometer setting. If it is deactivated, the speed specified before is used. In manual joystick operation, potentiometer evaluation is always active.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeedPoti(LSID: Integer; SpeedPoti: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeedPoti(BOOL SpeedPoti);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetSpeedPoti.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	SpePoti	Potentiometer status True = All power amplifiers are activated False = All power amplifiers are deactivated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeedPoti(true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!pot	-

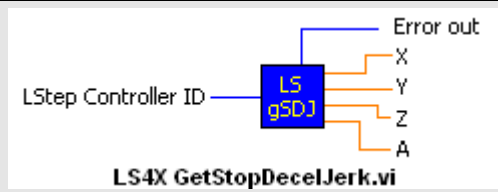
LSX_GetStopAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the brake acceleration, if the stop input is .active. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStopAccel(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStopAccel(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Deceleration in m/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStopAccel(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?stopaccel	-

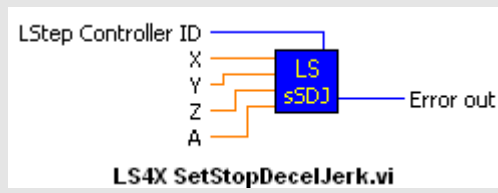
LSX_SetStopAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the brake acceleration, if the stop input is active. This value only applies to vector operation, not for: joystick, calibration and stroke measurement. Apart from this, it is not stored with a Save in the controllers of the LSTEP 2000 series. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetStopAccel(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetStopAccel(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Deceleration in m/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetStopAccel(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!stopaccel	-

LSX_GetStopDecel			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the brake deceleration for an active stop input. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStopDecel(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStopDecel(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Deceleration values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStopDecel(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?stopdecel	-

LSX_SetStopDecel			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the brake deceleration at which the axes shall brake in case of a stop signal. In order that this value be actively used, it has to be higher than the value set by LSX_SetDecelJerk. In order that this value be actively used, it has to be higher than the value set by LSX_SetDecel. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetStopDecel(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetStopDecel(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Deceleration values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetStopDecel(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!stopdecel	-



LSX_GetStopDecelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Function to stop the jerk used in order to build up or relieve the deceleration in case of an emergency stop signal. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStopDecelJerk(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStopDecelJerk(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Jerk values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStopDecelJerk(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?stopdeceljerk	-

LSX_SetStopDecelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Function to set the jerk used in order to build up or relieve the deceleration in case of an emergency stop signal. In order that this value be actively used, it has to be higher than the value set by LSX_SetDecelJerk. If it is lower, a stop with the brake jerk set by LSX_SetDecelJerk is effected. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetStopDecelJerk(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetStopDecelJerk(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Jerk values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetStopDecelJerk(1000, 1500, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!stopdeceljerk	-

LSX_GetRoomAccelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the jerk during acceleration: Jerk limitation is recommended for oscillation-critical machines. Values should be set to the required minimum for oscillation suppression, but to the possible maximum, since these parameters have a considerable effect on the positioning times. Input values depend on the dimension.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRoomAccelJerk (LSID: Integer; var value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRoomAccelJerk (double *pdvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	value	Jerk during acceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRoomAccelJerk (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?roomacceljerk	-

LSX_SetRoomAccelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for adjusting the jerk during acceleration: Jerk limitation is recommended for oscillation-critical machines. Values should be set to the required minimum for oscillation suppression, but to the possible maximum, since these parameters have a considerable effect on the positioning times. Input values depend on the dimension.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetRoomAccelJerk (LSID: Integer; value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRoomAccelJerk (double dvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	value	Jerk during acceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRoomAccelJerk (4500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!roomacceljerk	Immediately

LSX_GetRoomDecelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the jerk during deceleration: Jerk limitation is recommended for oscillation-critical machines. Values should be set to the required minimum for oscillation suppression, but to the possible maximum, since these parameters have a considerable effect on the positioning times. Input values depend on the dimension.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRoomDecelJerk (LSID: Integer; var value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRoomDecelJerk (double *pdvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	value	Jerk during deceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRoomDecelJerk (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?roomdeceljerk	-

LSX_SetRoomDecelJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for adjusting the jerk during deceleration: Jerk limitation is recommended for oscillation-critical machines. Values should be set to the required minimum for oscillation suppression, but to the possible maximum, since these parameters have a considerable effect on the positioning times. Input values depend on the dimension.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDecelJerk (LSID: Integer; value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRoomDecelJerk (double dvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	value	Jerk during deceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRoomDecelJerk (4800);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!roomdeceljerk	Immediately

LSX_GetRoomStopJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the jerk during braking upon occurrence of an emergency stop event. Jerk limitation is recommended for oscillation-critical machines. Values should be set to the required minimum for oscillation suppression, but to the possible maximum, since this parameter has a considerable effect on the duration of the braking process. Input values depend on the dimension. If "!stopdeceljerk" falls below "!deceljerk", the ramp is computed on basis of "!deceljerk".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRoomStopJerk (LSID: Integer; var value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRoomStopJerk (double *pdvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	value	Jerk during deceleration upon occurrence of an emergency stop event	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRoomStopJerk (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?roomstopjerk	-

LSX_SetRoomStopJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the jerk during braking upon occurrence of an emergency stop event. Jerk limitation is recommended for oscillation-critical machines. Values should be set to the required minimum for oscillation suppression, but to the possible maximum, since this parameter has a considerable effect on the duration of the braking process. Input values depend on the dimension. If "!stopdeceljerk" falls below "!deceljerk", the ramp is computed on basis of "!deceljerk".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetStopJerk (LSID: Integer; value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRoomStopJerk (double dvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	value	Jerk during deceleration upon occurrence of an emergency stop event	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRoomStopJerk (5800);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!roomstopjerk	Immediately

LSX_GetRoomAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the acceleration		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRoomAccel (LSID: Integer; var value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRoomAccel (double *pdvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	value	Acceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRoomAccel (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?roomaccel	-

LSX_SetRoomAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the acceleration		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetRoomAccel (LSID: Integer; value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRoomAccel (double dvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Acceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRoomAccel (9500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!roomaccel	Immediately

LSX_GetRoomDecel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the deceleration		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRoomDecel (LSID: Integer; var value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRoomDecel (double *pdvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Deceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRoomDecel (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?roomdecel	-

LSX_SetRoomDecel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the deceleration		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetRoomDecel (LSID: Integer; value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRoomDecel (double dvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Deceleration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRoomDecel (2900);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!roomdecel	Immediately

LSX_GetRoomStopDecel			
<b>Description:</b>	Commands for reading the deceleration after occurrence of an emergency stop event. If !stopdecel or !roomstopdecel fall below the value of roomdecel, the braking ramp is computed on basis of their values.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRoomStopDecel (LSID: Integer; var value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRoomStopDecel (double *pdvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Preset deceleration value in case of an emergency stop event	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRoomStopDecel (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?roomstopdecel	-

LSX_SetRoomStopDecel			
<b>Description:</b>	Commands for setting the deceleration after occurrence of an emergency stop event. If !stopdecel or !roomstopdecel fall below the value of roomdecel, the braking ramp is computed on basis of their values.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetRoomStopDecel (LSID: Integer; value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRoomStopDecel (double dvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Preset deceleration value in case of an emergency stop event	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRoomStopDecel (2900);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!roomstopdecel	Immediately

LSX_GetRoomVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Commands for reading the travel velocity. The value must be lower than or equal to the value set by "!motormaxvel". The lowest velocity is possible by using the dimension microsteps and the max. step resolution of 32768 MI/pole pair.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRoomVel (LSID: Integer; var value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRoomVel (double *pdvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Velocity	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRoomVel (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?roomvel	-

LSX_SetRoomVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Commands for setting the travel velocity. The value must be lower than or equal to the value set by "!motormaxvel". The lowest velocity is possible by using the dimension microsteps and the max. step resolution of 32768 MI/pole pair.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetRoomVel (LSID: Integer; value: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRoomVel (double dvalue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Velocity	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRoomVel (3200);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!roomvel	Immediatly



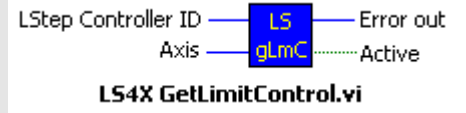
LSX_GetSpeedEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of the velocity or speed selection.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedEnable (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedEnable (BOOL *pIX, BOOL *pIY, BOOL *pIZ, BOOL *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Status of the axes	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedEnable (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?senable	-

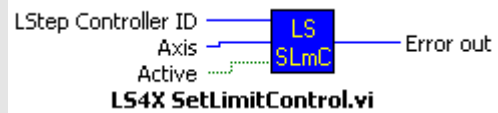
LSX_SetSpeedEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for enabling the velocity or speed selection.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeedEnable (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeedEnable (BOOL IX, BOOL IY, BOOL IZ, BOOL IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Status of the axes	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeedEnable (1, 1, 1, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!senable	Immediately

LSX_GetSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the target velocity or speed. Value is transferred actively without ramp and with 3 decimal places. The value gets shown in hexadecimal(20 Bit signed)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeed (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeed (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Velocity	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeed (&value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?s	-

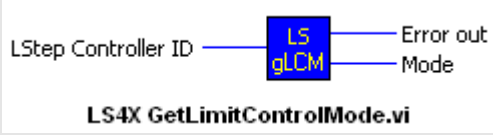
LSX_SetSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the target velocity or speed. Value is transferred actively without ramp and with 3 decimal places. It is possible to give decimal or hexadecimal values into the function (20 Bit signed)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeed (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeed (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Velocity	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeed (300, \$12C, -300, \$FFED4);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!s	SpeedEnable

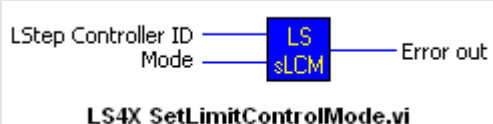
#### 4.2.7 Limit switches and software limits

LSX_GetLimitControl			
<b>Description:</b>	This function reads whether the range monitoring is activated or deactivated from the controller.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetLimitControl(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; var Active: Long-Bool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetLimitControl(int lAxis, BOOL *pbActive);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis from where the range monitoring is to be read 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis ...	
	Active	Set value of range monitoring True = Range monitoring is active False = Range monitoring is not active	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.GetLimitControl(2, &amp;Active); // Active = False means: Range monitoring of axis y is deactivated.</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?limctr	-

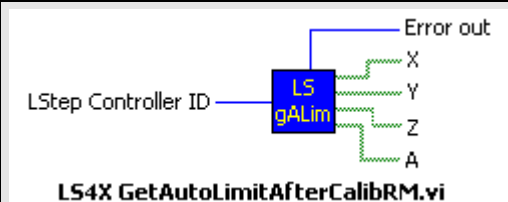
LSX_SetLimitControl			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates or deactivates the range monitoring of the controller.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetLimitControl(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Active: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetLimitControl(int lAxis,BOOL Active);		
<b>LabView:</b>			

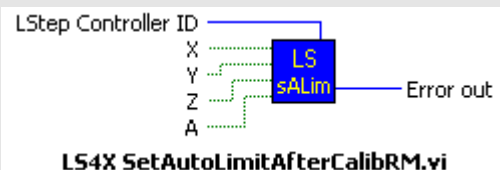
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis where the range monitoring is to be written 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis ...	
	Active	Value of range monitoring to be set True = Range monitoring is active False = Range monitoring is not active	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetLimitControl(2, true); // range monitoring of Y-axis is active		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!limctr	-

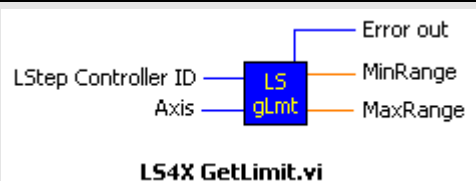
LSX_GetLimitControlMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the mode for controlling the software limits. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetLimitControlMode (LSID: Integer; var Mode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetLimitControlMode(int *plMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_GetLimitControlMode.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Mode	Preset mode 0 = Moves outside of the positioning range will only be executed up to the limits of the positioning range. 1 = Moves outside the positioning range will not be executed.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetLimitControlMode(&IMode);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?limmode	-

LSX_SetLimitControlMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the mode for monitoring the software limits. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetLimitControlMode (LSID: Integer; Mode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetLimitControlMode (int IMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_SetLimitControlMode.vi</b></p>		

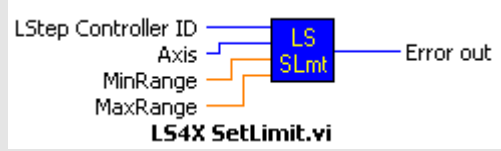
<b>Parameter:</b>	Mode	Mode to be set 0 = Moves outside of the positioning range will only be executed up to the limits of the positioning range. 1 = Moves outside the positioning range will not be executed.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetLimitControlMode(1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!limmode	-

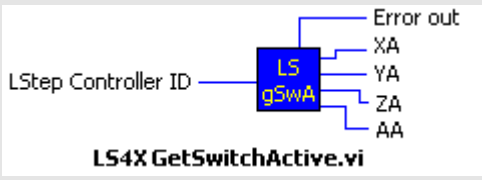
LSX_GetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM			
<b>Description:</b>	Indicates whether the internal software limits are set during calibration and table stroke measuring.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM(LSID: Integer; var IFlags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM(int *pIFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	IFlags	32-bit integer containing a bit mask after calling the function in the bits 0-4. Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Automatic limits are used Value 1 = No automatic limits are set	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM(&IFlags);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?nosetlimit	-

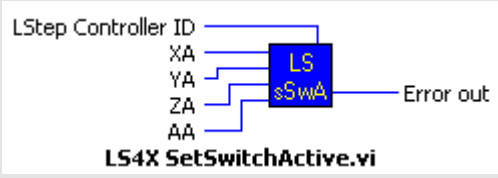
LSX_SetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM			
<b>Description:</b>	Prevents that the internal software limits are set during calibration and table stroke measuring.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM(LSID: Integer; IFlags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM(int IFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	IFlags	32-bit integer containing a bit mask after calling the function in the bits 0-4. Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Automatic limits are used Value 1 = No automatic limits are set	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAutoLimitAfterCalibRM(IFlags);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!nosetlimit	-

LSX_GetLimit			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the travel range limits of the axes. As regards controllers of the LSTEP express series, the error code 4032 is returned for invalid range limits.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetLimit(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; var MinRange, MaxRange: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetLimit(int lAxis, double *pdMinRange, double *pdMaxRange);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetLimit.vi</b></p>		

<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis from where the range limits are to be read. 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis ...	
	MinRange	Lower range limit in the set axis dimension	
	MaxRange	Upper range limit in the set axis dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetLimit(1, &MinRange, &MaxRange);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?lim	-

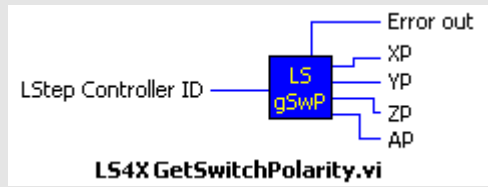
LSX_SetLimit			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the travel range limits of an axis.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetLimit(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; MinRange, MaxRange: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetLimit(int lAxis,double dMinRange,double dMaxRange);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis from where the range limits are to be read. 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis ...	
	MinRange	Lower range limit in the set axis dimension	
	MaxRange	Upper range limit in the set axis dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetLimit(1, -10.0, 20.0); // Allocate -10 as bottom and 20 as top limit, respectively, for the X-axis		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!lim	-

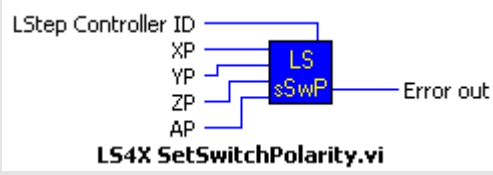
LSX_GetSwitchActive			
<b>Description:</b>	This function reads which limit switches were configured for monitoring.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSwitchActive(LSID: Integer; var XA, YA, ZA, AA: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSwitchActive(int *plXA, int *plYA, int *plZA, int *plAA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XA, YA, ZA, AA	Bit mask over limit switch configuration Bit 0 = Zero limit switch configuration Bit 1 = Reference limit switch configuration (always 0 for LSTEP express) Bit 2 = End limit switch configuration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSwitchActive(&XA, &YA, &ZA, &AA);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?swact	-

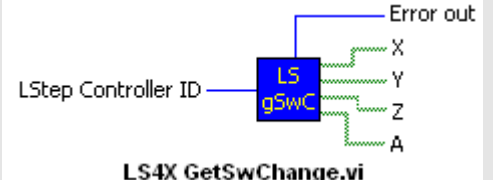
LSX_SetSwitchActive			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates limit switch monitoring		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSwitchActive(LSID: Integer; XA, YA, ZA, AA: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSwitchActive(int lXA,int lYA,int lZA,int lAA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			



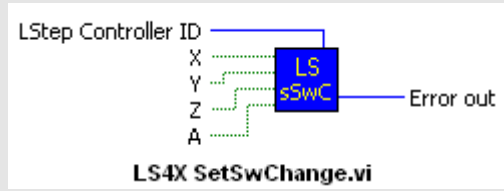
<b>Parameter:</b>	XA, YA, ZA, AA	Bit mask over limit switch configuration Bit 0 = Zero limit switch configuration Bit 1 = Reference limit switch configuration (always 0 for LSTEP express) Bit 2 = End limit switch configuration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSwitchActive(7, 1, 5, 0); // All X-axis limit switches On; Y-axis zero limit switch On; Z-axis E0 and EE On; A-axis: all limit switches Off		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!swact	-

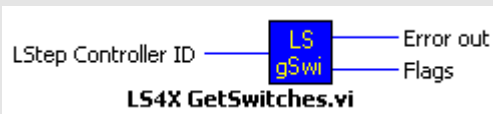
LSX_GetSwitchPolarity			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the set limit switch polarity.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSwitchPolarity(LSID: Integer; var XP, YP, ZP, AP: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSwitchPolarity(int *plXP, int *plYP, int *plZP, int *plAP);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSwitchPolarity.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XP, YP, ZP, AP	Bit mask over configured limit switch polarity Bit 0 = Zero limit switch polarity Bit 1 = Reference limit switch polarity (always 0 for LSTEP express) Bit 2 = End limit switch polarity Value 0 = Reacts on negative limit switch edge Value 1 = Reacts on positive limit switch edge	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSwitchPolarity(&XP, &YP, &ZP, &AP);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?swpol	-

LSX_SetSwitchPolarity			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the set limit switch polarity.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSwitchPolarity(LSID: Integer; XP, YP, ZP, AP: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSwitchPolarity(int IXP,int IYP,int IZP,int IAA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p>LS4X SetSwitchPolarity.vi</p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XP, YP, ZP, AP	Bit mask over configured limit switch polarity Bit 0 = Zero limit switch polarity Bit 1 = Reference limit switch polarity (no effect with LSTEP express) Bit 2 = End limit switch polarity Value 0 = Reacts on negative limit switch edge Value 1 = Reacts on positive limit switch edge	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSwitchPolarity(7, 0, 0, 0); // All X-axis limit switches high-active, all Y-axis limit switches low-active...		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!swpol	-

LSX_GetSwChange			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the setting limit switch change. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSwChange(LSID: Integer; var Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSwChange(int *plFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p>LS4X GetSwChange.vi</p>		

<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	32-bit integer containing a bit mask after calling the function in the bits 0-4. Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Do not change limit switch Value 1 = Change limit switch	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSwChange(&Flags);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?swchange	-

LSX_SetSwChange			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting limit switch change. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSwChange(LSID: Integer; Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSwChange(int Flags);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	32-bit integer, with one bit mask in the bits 0-4 Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Do not change limit switch Value 1 = Change limit switch	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSwChange(3); /* X and Y-axis - Change limit switch (bits 1 and 1 set), Z and A-axis - No change of limit switch (bit 2 = 0) */		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!swchange	ValidConfig

LSX_GetSwitches															
<b>Description:</b>	This function reads the status of all limit switches.														
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSwitches(LSID: Integer; var Flags: Integer): Integer;														
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSwitches(int *plFlags);														
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSwitches.vi</b></p>														
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	<p>Pointer to an integer value containing the status of all limit switches as a bit mask after calling the function.</p> <p>The limit switch statuses are encoded in the bit mask as follows:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>Limit switch</td> <td>EE</td> <td>Ref.</td> <td>E0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Axis</td> <td>AZYX</td> <td>AZYX</td> <td>AZYX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit</td> <td>0000</td> <td>0000</td> <td>0000</td> </tr> </table> <p>e.g.  Flags = 0x003 → E0 of X and Y-axis are reached  Flags = 0x200 → EE of Y-axis is reached</p>		Limit switch	EE	Ref.	E0	Axis	AZYX	AZYX	AZYX	Bit	0000	0000	0000
Limit switch	EE	Ref.	E0												
Axis	AZYX	AZYX	AZYX												
Bit	0000	0000	0000												
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSwitches(&Flags);														
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)												
	3	?readsw	-												

LSX_GetStopSwitchOffDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the delay between activating the stop input and switching off the power amplifiers and the motor brake outputs (only in stopmode 1).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStopSwitchOffDelay (LSID: Integer; var delay: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStopSwitchOffDelay(int *pldelay);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	delay	delay, range: 0 to 5000ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStopSwitchOffDelay(&delay);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?stopswitchoffdelay	-

LSX_SetStopSwitchOffDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the delay between activating the stop input and switching off the power amplifiers and the motor brake outputs (only in stopmode 1).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetStopSwitchOffDelay (LSID: Integer; delay: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetStopSwitchOffDelay(int ldelay);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	delay	delay, range: 0 to 5000ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetStopSwitchOffDelay(100);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!stopswitchoffdelay	LSX_ValidConfig

LSX_GetMonitoringVelFilter			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the time constant of actual value filter for velocity monitoring (see following commands "haltsignalvel" and "thresholdsignalvel")		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMonitoringVelFilter (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, R: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMonitoringVelFilter (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plR);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, R	time constant: 0 - 100 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMonitoringVelFilter (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?monitoringvelfilter	-

LSX_SetMonitoringVelFilter			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the time constant of actual value filter for velocity monitoring (see following commands "haltsignalvel" and "thresholdsignalvel")		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMonitoringVelFilter (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, R: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMonitoringVelFilter (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IR);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, R	time constant: 0 - 100 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMonitoringVelFilter (20, 50, 30, 10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!monitoringvelfilter	LSX_ValidConfig, LSX_ValidPar

LSX_GetHaltSignalVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the velocity level for the standstill signal. The standstill signal is switched off by exceeding one of the velocity levels and by a movement in one of the manual modes or started by a command. (For signal connector assignment see command "digoutlinktosignal", for control cabinet variant only: see Section 5 Connector assignment "Additional digital outputs")		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetHaltSignalVel (LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, RD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetHaltSignalVel (double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdRD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, RD	velocity level for standstill signal	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetHaltSignalVel (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?haltsignalvel	-

LSX_SetHaltSignalVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the velocity level for the standstill signal. The standstill signal is switched off by exceeding one of the velocity levels and by a movement in one of the manual modes or started by a command. (For signal connector assignment see command "digoutlinktosignal", for control cabinet variant only: see Section 5 Connector assignment "Additional digital outputs")		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetHaltSignalVel (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, R: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetHaltSignalVel (double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dRD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, RD	velocity level for standstill signal	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetHaltSignalVel (2, 4, 3, 1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!haltsignalvel	LSX_ValidPar

LSX_GetThresholdSignalVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the value for the velocity threshold signal. The signal is only switched off by exceeding one of the velocity level values.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetThresholdSignalVel (LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, RD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetThresholdSignalVel (double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdRD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, RD	velocity threshold signal	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetThresholdSignalVel (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?thresholdsignalvel	-

LSX_SetThresholdSignalVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the value for the velocity threshold signal. The signal is only switched off by exceeding one of the velocity level values.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetThresholdSignalVel (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, R: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetThresholdSignalVel (double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dRD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, RD	velocity threshold signal	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetThresholdSignalVel (2, 4, 3, 1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!thresholdsignalvel	LSX_ValidPar



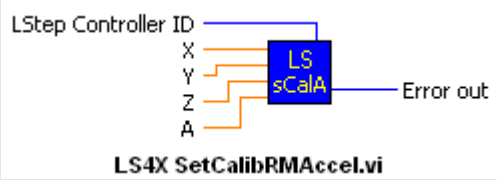
LSX_GetCsoffset			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the coordinate system offset (position value after calibrating)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCsoffset (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCsoffset (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Length or angle of coordinate system offset	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCsoffset (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?csoffset	-

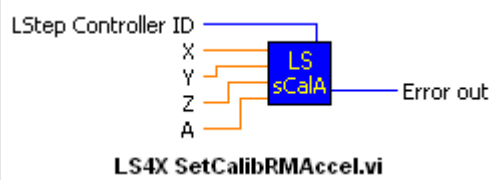
LSX_SetCsoffset			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the coordinate system offset (position value after calibrating)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCsoffset (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCsoffset (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Length or angle of coordinate system offset	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCsoffset (5, 10, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!csoffset	After calibrating

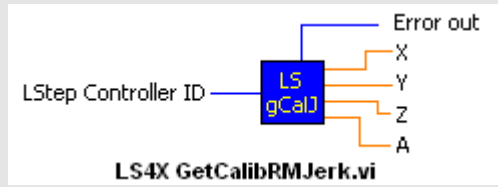
LSX_GetCalibRMOffsetSWAct			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of the limit switch evaluation in offset movement during calibration and table stroke measuring. An offset is possible beyond the limit switches in the offset movement when the limit switch evaluation is deactivated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibRMOffsetSWAct (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCalibRMOffsetSWAct (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibRMOffsetSWAct (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?calibrmoffsetswact	-

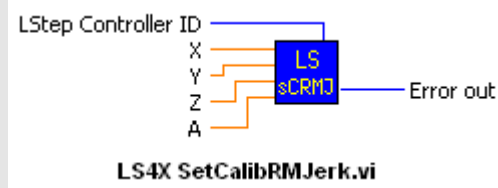
LSX_SetCalibRMOffsetSWAct			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for activating and deactivating the limit switch evaluation in offset movement during calibration and table stroke measuring. An offset is possible beyond the limit switches in the offset movement when the limit switch evaluation is deactivated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibRMOffsetSWAct (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCalibRMOffsetSWAct (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCalibRMOffsetSWAct (False, False, True, True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!calibrmoffsetswact	Immediately

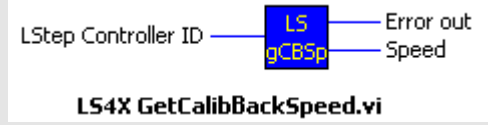
#### 4.2.8 Reference travel

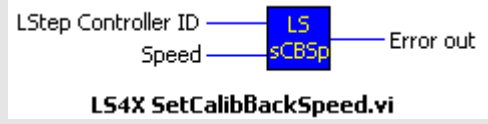
LSX_GetCalibRMAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquires the acceleration to be used for calibration. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibRMAccel(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCalibRMAccel(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetCalibRMAccel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Acceleration values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibRMAccel(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?calibrmaccel	-

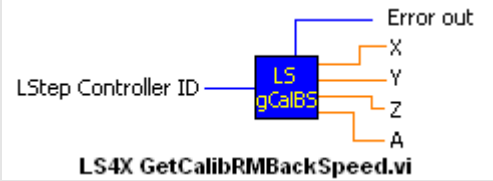
LSX_SetCalibRMAccel			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets acceleration for calibration process. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibRMAccel(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCalibRMAccel(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetCalibRMAccel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Acceleration values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCalibRMAccel (1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!calibrmaccel	-

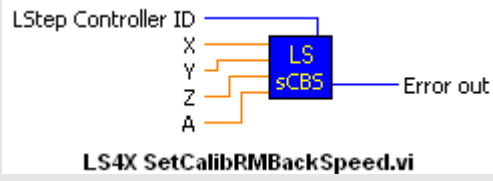
LSX_GetCalibRMJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of the jerk to be used during the calibration process. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibRMJerk(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCalibRMJerk(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Jerk values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibRMJerk(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?calibrmjerk	-

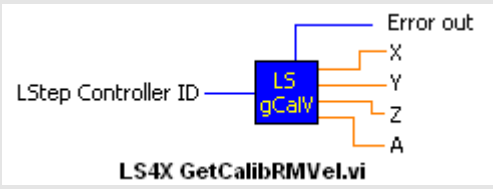
LSX_SetCalibRMJerk			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of the jerk to be used during the calibration process. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibRMJerk(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCalibRMJerk(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Jerk values in the set dimension/s <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCalibRMJerk(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!calibrmjerk	-

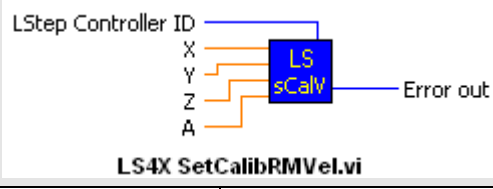
LSX_GetCalibBackSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads positioning speeds for leaving the limit switch during the calibration process. (only for LSTEP 2000 series. As regards LSTEP express, LS_GetCalibRMBackSpeed is to be used)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibBackSpeed(LSID: Integer; var Speed: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int GetCalibBackSpeed(int *plSpeed)		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetCalibBackSpeed.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Speed	Speed, equivalent to the reading value * 0.01 rps.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibBackSpeed (&Speed);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?calbspeed	-


LSX_SetCalibBackSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the positioning speeds for leaving the limit switches during the calibration process. (only for LSTEP 2000 series. As regards LSTEP express, LS_SetCalibRMBackSpeed is to be used)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibBackSpeed(LSID: Integer; Speed: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	Int SetCalibBackSpeed(int lSpeed)		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetCalibBackSpeed.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Speed	Speed, equivalent to the reading value * 0.01 rps.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCalibBackSpeed (10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!calbspeed	-

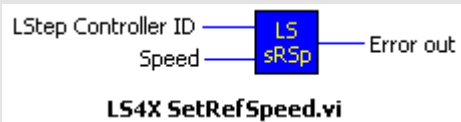
LSX_GetCalibRMBackSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of positioning speed for leaving the limit switches to be used during the calibration process or the table stroke measuring. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibRMBackSpeed(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCalibRMBackSpeed(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Speed values in the set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibRMBackSpeed(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?calibrmbSpeed	-

LSX_SetCalibRMBackSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of positioning speeds for leaving the limit switches to be used during the calibration process or the table stroke measuring. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibRMBackSpeed(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCalibRMBackSpeed(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Speed values in the set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SeCalibRMBackSpeed(1.0, 15.0, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?calibrmbSpeed	-

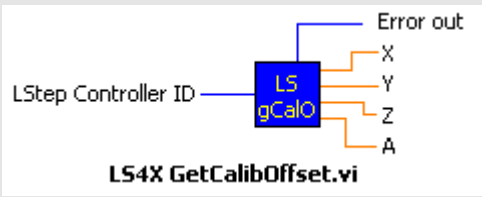
LSX_GetCalibRMVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of the positioning speed to be used during the calibration process. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibRMVel(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCalibRMVel(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Speed values in the set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibRMVel(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?calibrmvel	-

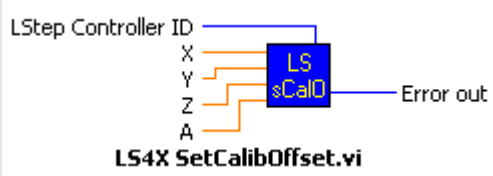
LSX_SetCalibRMVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of the positioning speeds to be used during the calibration process. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibRMVel (LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCalibRMVel(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Speed values in the set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SeCalibRMVel(1.0, 15.0, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!calibrmvel	-

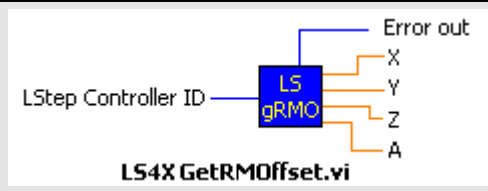
LSX_GetRefSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the rotation speed at which the axes move while searching the reference mark. The speed is equivalent to the output value * 0.01 rps. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRefSpeed(LSID: Integer; var ISpeed: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRefSpeed(int *pISpeed);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	ISpeed	Speed value	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRefSpeed(&ISpeed);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?calrefspeed	-

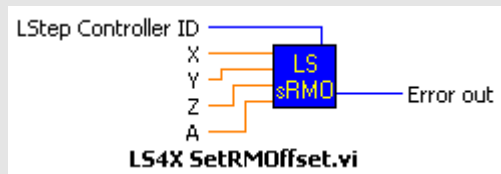
LSX_SetRefSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the rotation speed at which the axes move while searching the reference mark. The speed is equivalent to the output value * 0.01 rps. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetRefSpeed(LSID: Integer; ISpeed: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRefSpeed(int ISpeed);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	ISpeed	Speed	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRefSpeed(10); //The speed for searching the reference mark is 0.1 rps.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!calrefspeed	-

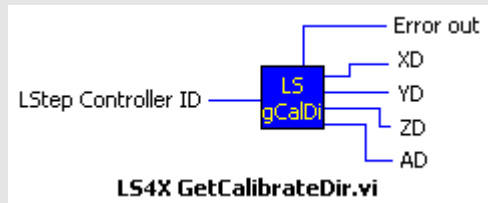


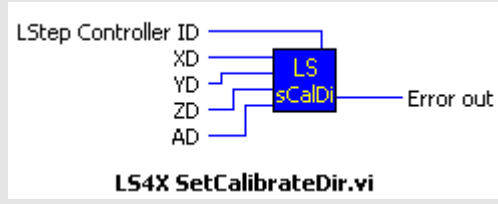
LSX_GetCalibOffset			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring a calibration offset controlled during calibration after moving away from the limit switch.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibOffset(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCalibOffset (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdR);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Calibration offset in the set axis dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibOffset(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?caliboffset	-

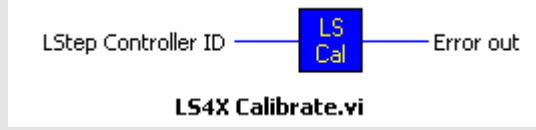
LSX_SetCalibOffset			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting a calibration offset controlled during calibration after moving away from the limit switch.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibOffset(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCalibOffset (double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Calibration offset in the set axis dimension.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCalibOffset(1, 1, 1, 1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!caliboffset	-

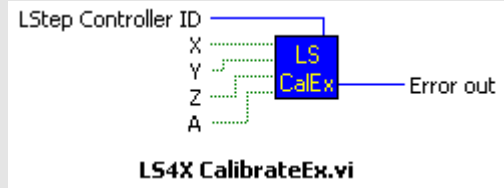
LSX_GetRMOffset			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of the set offset for the next table stroke measurement.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetRMOffset(LSID: Integer; varX, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetRMOffset(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Offest for table stroke measuring in the set axis dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetRMOffset(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?rmoffset	-

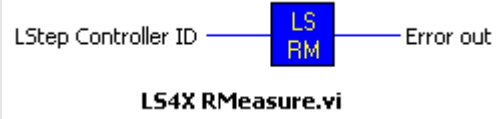
LSX_SetRMOffset			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of the offset for the next table stroke measurement.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetRMOffset(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetRMOffset (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Offest for table stroke measuring in the set axis dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetRMOffset(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!rmoffset	-

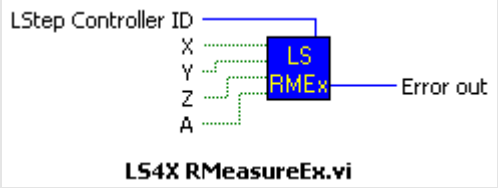
LSX_GetCalibrateDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry whether the sign reversal is active during calibration.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCalibrateDir(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCalibrateDir (int *pIXD, int *pIYD, int *pIZD, int *pIAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetCalibrateDir.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	32-bit integer with indication of sign reversal. 0 = No sign reversal 1 = Sign reversal	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCalibrateDir(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?caldir	-

LSX_SetCalibrateDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Activation of sign reversal during calibration.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCalibrateDir(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCalibrateDir(int IXD, int IYD, int IZD, int IAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetCalibrateDir.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	32-bit integer with indication of sign reversal. 0 = No sign reversal 1 = Sign reversal	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCalibrateDir(1, 1, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!caldir	-

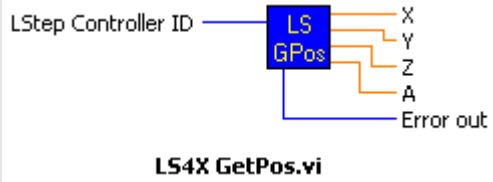
LSX_Calibrate			
<b>Description:</b>	This function starts the calibration routine. All enabled axes are moved towards lower position values. The movements are interrupted as soon as the limit switches are reached. The position value is set to 0.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_Calibrate(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int Calibrate();		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X Calibrate.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.Calibrate();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!cal	-

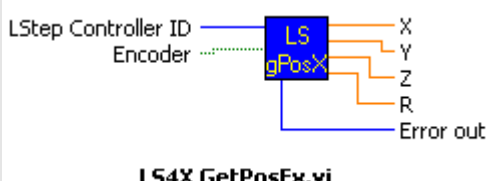
LSX_CalibrateEx			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for starting the calibration routine of a single axis.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_CalibrateEx(LSID: Integer; Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int CalibrateEx(int IFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X CalibrateEx.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	Bit mask Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Do not calibrate axis Value 1 = Calibrate axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.CalibrateEx(6); // Only calibrate Y and Z-axis		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!cal	-

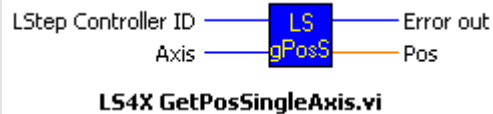
LSX_RMeasure			
<b>Description:</b>	Starts the table stroke measuring process. All enabled axes are moved towards higher position value. The movements are interrupted as soon as the limit switches are reached.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_RMeasure(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int RMeasure();		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X RMeasure.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.RMeasure();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!rm	-

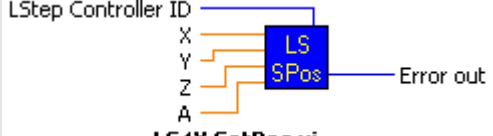
LSX_RMeasureEx			
<b>Description:</b>	Starts the table stroke measuring process. Only the specified axes are moved towards higher position value. The movements are interrupted as soon as the limit switches are reached.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_RMeasureEx(LSID: Integer; Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int RMeasureEx (int IFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X RMeasureEx.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	Bit mask Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Do not calibrate axis Value 1 = Calibrate axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.RMeasureEx(2); // Measure table stroke (Y-axis only)		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!rm	-

### 4.2.9 Travel commands and position administration

LSX_GetPos			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of current encoder or position values of all axes. For non-existing axes, a value of 0.0 is returned.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPos(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPos(double *pdX,double *pdY,double *pdZ,double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetPos.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPos(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?pos	-

LSX_GetPosEx			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the current encoder or position values of all axes. For non-existing axes, a value of 0.0 is returned. The position data source may be modified by using the encoder parameter.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosEx(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, R: Double; Encoder: Long-Bool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosEx(double *pdX,double *pdY,double *pdZ,double *pdA,BOOL Encoder);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetPosEx.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position values in the set unit	
	Encoder	Read encoder value True = Show encoder values if encoder is connected False = Show position values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosEx(&X, &Y, &Z, &A, true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!enc ?pos	-

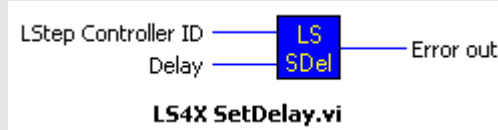
LSX_GetPosSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of current position of a single axis. For non-existing axes, a value of 0.0 is returned		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; var Pos: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosSingleAxis(int lAxis,double *pdPos);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetPosSingleAxis.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis whose position value is to be inquired X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Pos	Position value	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosSingleAxis(2, &YPos); // Read Y-axis position		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?pos	-

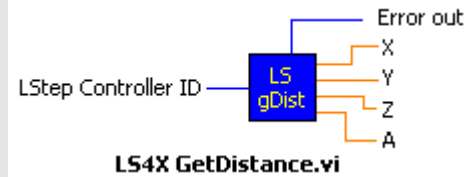
LSX_SetPos			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting a new position value. The current position is set to the transmitted one. The system zero point is shifted appropriately.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPos(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPos(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetPos.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position values in the set unit of the axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPos(10, 10, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!pos	-

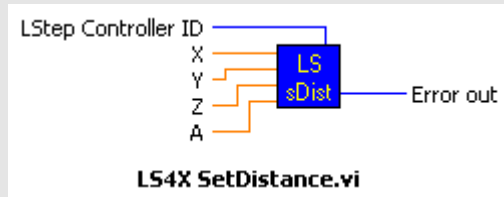
LSX_ClearPos			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Sets the position to Zero, including the internal counter.</p> <p>This function is needed for endless axes, because the controller can only process a range of +1000 motor revolutions.</p> <p>The function for an identified encoder is not carried out for the relevant axis. (not for LSTEP express, see Modulo operation)</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_ClearPos(LSID: Integer; IFlags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int ClearPos (int IFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_ClearPos.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	IFlags	Bit mask Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Position is not reset to zero Value 1 = Position is reset to zero	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.ClearPos(5); //Positions of x and z-axes are reset to zero.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!clearpos	-


LSX_GetDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Reads the delay of the vector start.</p> <p>(not for LSTEP express)</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDelay(LSID: Integer; var Delay: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDelay (int *plDelay);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X_GetDelay.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Delay	Delay in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDelay(&Delay);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?delay	-

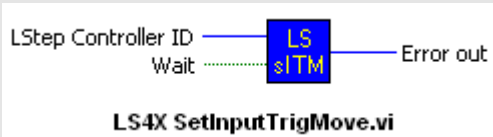


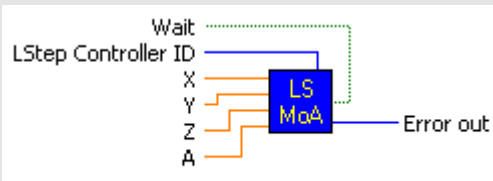
LSX_SetDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	The delay command is used to generate a vector start delay. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDelay(LSID: Integer; Delay: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDelay(int IDelay);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Delay	Delay in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDelay(1000); // 1s delay		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!delay	-

LSX_GetDistance			
<b>Description:</b>	Delivers the distance for LSX_MoveRelShort		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDistance(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDistance(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdR);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Current distance of all axes dependent on the set dimensions.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDistance(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?distance	-

LSX_SetDistance			
<b>Description:</b>	Set distance for LSXMoveRelShort		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDistance(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDistance(double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Distance to be travelled, dependent on the set axis dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetDistance(1, 2, 0, 0); /* Distances are set for the X and Y-axis, Z and A are not moved when the function LS_MoveRelShort is activated. */</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!distance	-

LSX_GetInputTrigMove			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the configuration of Pin1 on the MFP. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetInputTrigMove (LSID: Integer; var Mode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetInputTrigMove (int *plMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	IMode	Preset mode 0 = Function not active 1 = Absolute positioning at positive edge 2 = Absolute positioning at negative edge 3 = Relative positioning at positive edge 4 = Relative positioning at negative edge	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetInputTrigMove(&lMode);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?itm	-

LSX_SetInputTrigMove			
<b>Description:</b>	Configures the Pin 1 on the MFP so that a move may be started with an external signal. The movement is made in accordance with the value set by function LSX_SetDistance. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetInputTrigMove(LSID: Integer; Mode: Integer; Wait: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetInputTrigMove(int IMode, BOOL bWait);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetInputTrigMove.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	IMode	Mode to be set 0 = Function not active 1 = Absolute positioning at positive edge 2 = Absolute positioning at negative edge 3 = Relative positioning at positive edge 4 = Relative positioning at negative edge	
<b>Parameter:</b>	bWait	Wait for a move 1 = Waiting until a move is made after receiving an external signal; subsequently, the mode is set to 0. 0 = No move is awaited. bWait is not evaluated if IMode = 0.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetInputTrigMove(3, False);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!itm	-

LSX_MoveAbs			
<b>Description:</b>	Approaching an absolute position from the current position. The move is interpolated linearly.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveAbs(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double; Wait: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveAbs (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, BOOL Wait);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X MoveAbs.vi</b></p>		

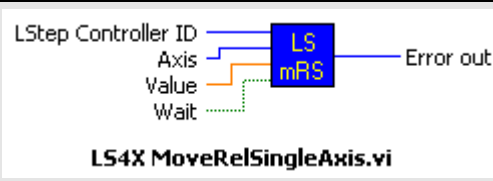
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Absolute position in the set axis dimension.	
	Wait	Wait for the end of the movement True = Wait False = Do not wait	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveAbs(10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!moa	-


LSX_MoveAbsSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Absolute positioning of a single axis from the current position		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveAbsSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Value: Double; Wait: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveAbsSingleAxis (int lAxis,double dValue,BOOL Wait);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X MoveAbsSingleAxis.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis to be moved X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Value	Absolute position in the set axis dimension.	
	Wait	Wait for the end of the movement True = Wait False = Do not wait	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveAbsSingleAxis(2, 10.0); // Move Y-axis to 10mm absolute position		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!moa	-

LSX_MoveEx			
<b>Description:</b>	The function LSX_MoveEx is an extended move command. It may carry out relative and absolute move commands, synchronously and asynchronously. The number of axes to be moved can be determined by the AxisCount parameter, please also refer to the description of the AxisCount parameter.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveEx(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double; Relative, Wait: Long-Bool; AxisCount: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveEx(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, BOOL bRelative, BOOL bWait, int lAxisCount);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X MoveEx.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position vector in the set unit of the axis	
	Relative	Indicates whether the position vector is to be moved relatively True = Vector is moved relatively to the current position False = Vector is moved absolutely to the current position	
	Wait	Wait for end of movement True = The function only returns after reaching the target position. False = The function returns immediately after sending the command.	
	AxisCount	Number of axes to be moved 1 = X-axis on 2 = X and Y-axis 3 = X, Y and Z-axis ...	
<b>Example:</b>	LS_MoveEx(2.0, 3.0, 0, 0, true, true, 2) ; // X and Y are moved relative by 2 or 3		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!moa / !mor	-

LSX_MoveRel			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for moving a relative vector from the current position.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveRel(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double; Wait: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveRel(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, BOOL Wait);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X MoveRel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Relative position indication in the set axis dimension	
	Wait	Wait for the end of the movement True = Wait False = Do not wait	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveRel(10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!mor	-

LSX_MoveRelShort			
<b>Description:</b>	This command should be used, so that a series of consecutive relative travel commands (of the same distance) are controlled more quickly. The distance must previously have been set with LSX_SetDistance once.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveRelShort(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveRelShort();		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X MoveRelShort.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDistance(1.0, 1.0, 0, 0); for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) LSX.MoveRelShort(); // Relative positioning of X and Y axis by 1 mm 10 times		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!m	-

LSX_MoveRelSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Relative positioning of a single axis from the current position.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveRelSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Value: Double; Wait: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveRelSingleAxis(int lAxis,double dValue,BOOL Wait);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis to be moved X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Value	Relative position in the set axis dimension.	
	Wait	Wait for the end of the movement True = Wait False = Do not wait	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.MoveRelSingleAxis(3, 5.0); // Move Z-axis by 5mm in positive direction</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!mor	-

LSX_StopAxes			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for stopping all movements.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_StopAxes(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int StopAxes ();		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.StopAxes();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!a	-

LSX_WaitForAxisStop			
<b>Description:</b>	The function returns as soon as the axes selected in the bit mask AFlags have reached their target position. LSX_WaitForAxisStop uses ,?statusaxis' to poll the status of the axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_WaitForAxisStop(LSID: Integer; AFlags: Integer; ATimeoutValue: Integer; var ATimeout: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int WaitForAxisStop(int IFlags, int ITimeoutValue, BOOL *pbTimeout);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X WaitForAxisStop.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AFlags	Bit mask Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Do not calibrate axis Value 1 = Calibrate axis	
	ATimeoutValue	Timeout in milliseconds. The value 0 deactivates the timeout function.	
	ATimeout	The ATimeout flag indicates whether a timeout has occurred. This is the case if the movement of the indicated axes is still active after expiry of the time in ATimeOutValue. True = Timeout has occurred, movement still active False = No timeout has occurred, movement completed	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.WaitForAxisStop(3, 0, flag); // Wait until X and Y-axis have stopped, no timeout LSX.WaitForAxisStop(7, 10000, flag); // Wait until X and Y-axis have stopped, 10 seconds Timeout</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?statusaxis	-

LSX_GetPosWindowRange	
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the preset target windows. The 'Target reached' message gets active, if the axis is within the target window for the target window time.
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosWindowRange(LSID: Integer, var X,Y,Z,A: Double) : Integer;



<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosWindowRange (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Preset target window	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosWindowRange(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?poswindowrange	-

### LSX\_SetPosWindowRange

<b>Description:</b>	Sets the target window. The 'Target reached' message gets active, if the axis is within the target window for the target window time.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosWindowRange( LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosWindowRange (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Preset target window	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosWindowRange(0.01,0.02,0.03,0.04);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!poswindowrange	-

### LSX\_GetPosWindowTime

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the target window time. The 'Target reached' message gets active, if the axis is within the target window for the target window time.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosWindowTime(LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosWindowTime (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Target window time	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosWindowTime(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?poswindowtime	-

LSX_SetPosWindowTime			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the target window time. The 'Target reached' message gets active, if the axis is within the target window for the target window time.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosWindowTime(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosWindowTime(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Target window time	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosWindowTime(100,100,100,100);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!poswindowtime	-

LSX_GetPosWindowTimeout			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the timeout of all axes. The timeout starts after the adjustment (after completion of the travel movement) in the target window was aborted by an error message. The timeout has to be selected longer or equal to the target window time.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosWindowTimeout(LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosWindowTimeout (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Preset timeout	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosWindowTimeout(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?poswindowtimeout	-

LSX_SetPosWindowTimeout			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the timeout of all axes. The timeout starts after the adjustment (after completion of the travel movement) in the target window was aborted by an error message. The timeout has to be selected longer or equal to the target window time.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosWindowTimeout(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosWindowTimeout(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		

<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Preset Timeout	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosWindowRange(800,800,800,800);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!poswindowtimeout	-

### LSX\_GetPosWindowCheck

<b>Description:</b>	Shows if the target window check ist active		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosWindowCheck (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Long-Bool):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosWindowCheck(BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Nicht unterstützt		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	State of the target window check	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosWindowCheck(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?poswindowcheck	-

### LSX\_SetPosWindowCheck

<b>Description:</b>	Activates/Deactivates the target window check		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosWindowCheck (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: LongBool):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosWindowCheck (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	State of the target window check	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosWindowCheck(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!poswindowcheck	-

### LSX\_SetHalt

<b>Description:</b>	Stops travel movements. The movement delays are applied for stopping the movement		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetHalt (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,R: LongBool):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetHalt (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		

<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Axis mask (see command „?statusaxis“) with an ‘@’ for axes stopped by a stop. There is no feedback if no movement is active.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetHalt(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!halt	-

LSX_GetPosMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading mode of position reference value while switching position controller and powerstages on or off.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosMode (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosMode (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Mode: On / Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosMode (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posmode	-

LSX_SetPosMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting mode of position reference value while switching position controller and powerstages on or off.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosMode (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosMode (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Mode: On / Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosMode (False, True, True, False);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posmode	Sofort

LSX_MoveAbsV, LSX_MoveAbsVW			
<b>Description:</b>	Approaching an absolute position. A linear interpolation is performed in consideration of the axis-specific limit values for velocity, acceleration and jerk. Input values depend on the dimension.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveAbsV(LSID: Integer; X: double; Y: double; Z: double; A: double; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_MoveAbsVW(LSID: Integer; X: double; Y: double; Z: double; A: double; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveAbsV (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int MoveAbsVW (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Travel range of every axis	
<b>Feedback:</b>	Feedback	For every axis after approaching: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveAbsV (2.5, 4, 8.3, 10, pcFeedback, 256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!moav	Immediately

LSX_MoveRelV, LSX_MoveRelVW			
<b>Description:</b>	Positioning relative to starting position. A linear interpolation is performed in consideration of the axis-specific limit values for velocity, acceleration and jerk. Input values depend on the dimension.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveRelV(LSID: Integer; X: double; Y: double; Z: double; A: double; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_MoveRelVW(LSID: Integer; X: double; Y: double; Z: double; A: double; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveRelV (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int MoveRelVW (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Travel range of every axis	
<b>Feedback:</b>	Feedback	For every axis after approaching: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveRelV (2.5, 4, 8.3, 10, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!morv	Immediately



LSX_GetAutoKomm			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of the manually auto commutation for servo axes with incremental measuring system. By auto commutation, the orientation of the motor windings to the measuring system is identified by means of travel movements in order to allow for servo operation. In addition, the calculated and measured measuring system orientation are compared. For the purpose of successful auto commutation, the deviation between the calculated and the measured measuring system orientation must not exceed a maximum of $\pm 30\%$ (see command "GetAutoKommResult").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAutoKomm (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAutoKomm (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Status:	
		0: no auto commutation	
		1: auto commutation completed	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAutoKomm (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?autokomm	-

LSX_SetAutoKomm, LSX_SetAutokommW			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for manually initiating the auto commutation for servo axes with incremental measuring system. By auto commutation, the orientation of the motor windings to the measuring system is identified by means of travel movements in order to allow for servo operation. In addition, the calculated and measured measuring system orientation are compared. For the purpose of successful auto commutation, the deviation between the calculated and the measured measuring system orientation must not exceed a maximum of $\pm 30\%$ (see command "GetAutoKommResult").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAutoKomm(LSID: Integer; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SetAutoKommW(LSID: Integer; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAutoKomm (char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int SetAutoKommW (TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Feedback	Feedback for each axis upon successful auto commutation: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAutoKomm(pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)



	2	!autokomm	Immediately
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LSX_GetAutoKommResult			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the Relationship between the measured measuring system orientation and the calculated orientation from the auto commutation in [%], value range is $\pm 999.99$ %. The optimum results corresponds to 100%. For activating servo operation, the value must be between 70% and 130%.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAutoKommResult (LSID: Integer; var X1, X2, Y1, Y2, Z1, Z2, A1, A2: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAutoKommResult (double *pdX1, double *pdX2, double *pdY2, double *pdY2, double *pdZ1, double *pdZ2, double *pdA1, double *pdA2);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X1, X2, Y1, Y2, Z1, Z2, A1, A2	Relationship between the measured measuring system orientation and the calculated orientation (2 values per axis)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAutoKommResult (&X1, &X2, &Y1, &Y2, &Z1, &Z2, &A1, &A2);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!autokommresult	-

LSX_GetMixedMoveAxisMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the axis mode for a combined travel movement. The mode relationship, the associated units and the underlying functions may be looked up in the table "Combined travel movement - mode relationship".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMixedMoveAxisMode (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMixedMoveAxisMode (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Axis mode: 0: linear movement 1: sine movement 2: cosine movement	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMixedMoveAxisMode (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?mmaxism	-

LSX_SetMixedMoveAxisMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the axis mode for a combined travel movement. The mode relationship, the associated units and the underlying functions may be looked up in the table "Combined travel movement - mode relationship".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMixedMoveAxisMode (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMixedMoveAxisMode (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Axis mode: 0: linear movement 1: sine movement 2: cosine movement	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMixedMoveAxisMode (2, 1, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mmaxism	MixedMoveAbs / MixedMoveRel

LSX_MixedMoveAbs, LSX_MixedMoveAbsW			
<b>Description:</b>	Approaching an absolute position. A movement is performed in consideration of the axis-specific limit values for velocity, acceleration and jerk. The input values depend on the preset mode of the combined travel movement (see table "Combined travel movement - mode relationship").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MixedMoveAbs(LSID: Integer; X: Double; Y: Double; Z: Double; A: Double; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_MixedMoveAbsW(LSID: Integer; X: Double; Y: Double; Z: Double; A: Double; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MixedMoveAbs (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int MixedMoveAbsW (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Travel range of every axis	
<b>Feedback:</b>	Feedback	For each axis after approaching: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MixedMoveAbs (2.5, 4, 8.3, 10, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mhoa	Immediately

LSX_MixedMoveRel, LSX_MixedMoveRelW			
<b>Description:</b>	Positioning relative to starting position. A movement is performed in consideration of the axis-specific limit values for velocity, acceleration and jerk. The input values depend on the preset mode of the combined travel movement (see table "Combined travel movement - mode relationship").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MixedMoveRel(LSID: Integer; X: Double; Y: Double; Z: Double; A: Double; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; LSX_MixedMoveRelW(LSID: Integer; X: Double; Y: Double; Z: Double; A: Double; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MixedMoveRel (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int MixedMoveRelW (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Travel range of every axis	
<b>Feedback:</b>	Feedback	For each axis after approaching: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MixedMoveRel (2.5, 4, 8.3, 10, pcFeedback,256);		

<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mmor	Immediately

LSX_GetMixedMovePos			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading position values of combined travel movement. If mode 0 is adjusted, the position is not set or 0 is read.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMixedMovePos (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMixedMovePos (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMixedMovePos (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?mmpos	-

LSX_SetMixedMovePos			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting position values of combined travel movement. If mode 0 is adjusted, the position is not set or 0 is read.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMixedMovePos (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMixedMovePos (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMixedMovePos (360, 200, 300, 200);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mmpos	Immediately

LSX_GetMixedMoveAmpl			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the amplitude or the scaling factor for combined travel movements. The effect of the amplitude may be looked up in table "Combined travel movement - mode relationship".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMixedMoveAmpl (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMixedMoveAmpl (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Amplitude / scaling factor	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMixedMoveAmpl (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?mmampl	-

LSX_SetMixedMoveAmpl			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the amplitude or the scaling factor for combined travel movements. The effect of the amplitude may be looked up in table "Combined travel movement - mode relationship".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMixedMoveAmpl (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMixedMoveAmpl (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Amplitude / scaling factor	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMixedMoveAmpl (10, 300, -9, 100);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mmampl	MixedMoveAbs / MixedMoveRel

LSX_GetIndexTableDivider			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the factor of a rotary axis for partial head operation. This command can only be used with the dimensions 'microsteps', 'degrees' and 'revolutions'.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetIndexTableDivider (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetIndexTableDivider (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Preset factor of a rotary axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetIndexTableDivider (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?itd	-

LSX_SetIndexTableDivider			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for determining the factor of a rotary axis for partial head operation. This command can only be used with the dimensions 'microsteps', 'degrees' and 'revolutions'.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetIndexTableDivider (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetIndexTableDivider (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Preset factor of a rotary axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetIndexTableDivider (50, 10, 5, 20);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!itd	Immediately



LSX_MoveIndexTable, LSX_MoveTableIndexW			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for approaching a position in partial head operation. The transferred value represents the multiplier for calculating the target position. This command can only be used with the dimensions 'microsteps', 'degrees' and 'revolutions'.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveIndexTable(LSID: Integer; X: Integer; Y: Integer; Z: Integer; A: Integer; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_MoveIndexTableW(LSID: Integer; X: Integer; Y: Integer; Z: Integer; A: Integer; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveIndexTable (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA, char *pcFeedback, int IMaxLen); int MoveIndexTableW (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int IMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Travel range of every axis	
<b>Feedback:</b>	Feedback	For each axis after approaching: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveIndexTable (5, 4, 2, 8, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mita	Immediately

LSX_GetMoveSeqStatusPos			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of a selected configurable movement sequence (at present, only sequence no. 1 is integrated in the controller, other sequences upon request). The selected sequence may be started by '!mss 1'.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMoveSeqStatusPos (LSID: Integer; var status: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMoveSeqStatusPos (BOOL *pbstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	Status of the movement sequence: 0: No movement sequence selected 1: Sequence 1 (n-fold relative movement to table position) is selected	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMoveSeqStatusPos (&status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?mssp	-

LSX_SetMoveSeqStatusPos			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for selecting a configurable movement sequence (at present, only sequence no. 1 is integrated in the controller, other sequences upon request). The selected sequence may be started by '!mss 1'.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMoveSeqStatusPos (LSID: Integer; status: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SLSX_GetIndexTableDivideretMoveSeqStatusPos (BOOL bstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	Status of the movement sequence: 0: No movement sequence selected 1: Sequence 1 (n-fold relative movement to table position) is selected	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMoveSeqStatusPos (1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mssp	Immediately

**Currently implemented movement sequence 1:**

```
vardef
  int a = 0
  int b = 0
  int c = 0
  int d = 0
  int e = 0
endvardef
prog
  autostatus 0
  loop a
    set b = c
    for b to d step e
      mtp r b
      waitforaxisstop
    next
  endloop
  autostatus 1
  sendstatusaxis
end prog
```

LSX_GetMoveSeqStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of the selected movement sequence (see command 'MoveSeqStatusPos'). The sequence can be started, stopped or processed in individual steps.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMoveSeqStatus (LSID: Integer; var status, line: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMoveSeqStatus (int *plstatus, int *plline);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Status, Line	Sequence status and next following program line: 0: Sequence inactive 1: Sequence active Next following sequence line	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMoveSeqStatus (&status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?mss	-

LSX_SetMoveSeqStatus, LSX_SetMoveSeqStatusW			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for controlling the selected movement sequence (see command 'MoveSeqStatusPos'). The sequence can be started, stopped or processed in individual steps.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMoveSeqStatus(LSID: Integer; status: Integer; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SetMoveSeqStatusW(LSID: Integer; status: Integer; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMoveSeqStatus (int lstatus, char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int SetMoveSeqStatusW (int lstatus, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Status	Status of the movement sequence: 0: Stops sequence 1: Starts sequence 2: Performs individual step	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMoveSeqStatus (1, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mss	Immediately

LSX_GetMoveSeqVar			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading variable values in order to be able to influence movement sequences in their properties. If no value is set before a program is started, default values are used. These will not initiate any movement in standard programs.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMoveSeqVar (LSID: Integer; var a, var b, var c, var d, var e: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMoveSeqVar (double *pda, double *pdb, double *pdc, double *pdd, double *pde);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	a, b, c, d, e	Values of all variables (a through e)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMoveSeqVar (&a, &b, &c, &d, &e);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?msv	-

LSX_SetMoveSeqVar			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting variable values in order to be able to influence movement sequences in their properties. If no value is set before a program is started, default values are used. These will not initiate any movement in standard programs.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMoveSeqVar (LSID: Integer; a, b, c, d, e: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMoveSeqVar (double da, double db, double dc, double dd, double de);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	a, b, c, d, e	Values of all variables (a through e)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMoveSeqVar (5, 0, 2, 4, 1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!msv	MoveSeqStatus

#### 4.2.10 Table commands

LSX_GetTablePos			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the table position. Up to 1000 values may be saved for each axis. The table positions are approached by using the commands 'MoveTablePosAbs' and 'MoveTablePosRel'.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTablePos (LSID: Integer; var position: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTablePos (int lposition; double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Position, X, Y, Z, A	Table position and associated position values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTablePos (5, &X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?tpos	-

LSX_SetTablePos			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the table position. Up to 1000 values may be saved for each axis. The table positions are approached by using the commands 'MoveTablePosAbs' and 'MoveTablePosRel'.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTablePos (LSID: Integer; var position: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTablePos (int lposition, double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Position, X, Y, Z, A	Table position and associated position values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTablePos (5, 10, 7.5, 210, 25.7);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!tpos	Immediately

LSX_MoveTablePosAbs, LSX_MoveTablePosAbsW			
<b>Description:</b>	Absolutely approaches the position values of the individual axes as stored in the transferred table position.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveTablePosAbs(LSID: Integer; X: Integer; Y: Integer; Z: Integer; A: Integer; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_MoveTablePosAbsW(LSID: Integer; X: Integer; Y: Integer; Z: Integer; A: Integer; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveTablePosAbs (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA, char *pcFeedback, int IMaxLen); int MoveTablePosAbsW (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int IMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Table position for each axis	
<b>Feedback:</b>	Feedback	For each axis after reaching the target position: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveTablePosAbs (5, 2, 7, 81, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mtpa	Immediately

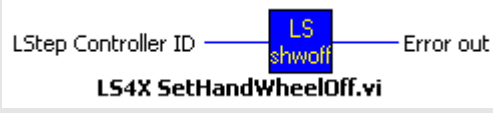
LSX_MoveTablePosRel. LSX_MoveTablePosRelW			
<b>Description:</b>	Moves the axis/axes by the values stored in the transferred table position relative to the starting position.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveTablePosRel(LSID: Integer; X: Integer; Y: Integer; Z: Integer; A: Integer; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_MoveTablePosRelW(LSID: Integer; X: Integer; Y: Integer; Z: Integer; A: Integer; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveTablePosRel (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA, char *pcFeedback, int IMaxLen); int MoveTablePosRelW (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int IMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Table position for each axis	
<b>Feedback:</b>	Feedback	For each axis after reaching the target position: @	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveTablePosRel (5, 2, 7, 81, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!mtpa	Immediately

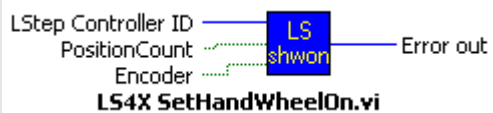




### 4.2.11 Joystick and handwheel


LSX_GetHandWheel			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the handwheel status. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetHandWheel(LSID: Integer; var PositionCount, Encoder: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetHandWheel(BOOL *pbHandWheelOn, BOOL *pbPositionCount, BOOL *pbEncoder);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetHandWheel.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	HWOn	Handwheel active True = Handwheel is activated False = Handwheel is deactivated	
	PosCount	Position counter is active True = Position counter is activated False = Position counter is deactivated	
	Encoder	Encoder values are used for position counting if available. True = Encoder values are used False = Encoder values are not used	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetHandWheel(&HWOn, &PosCount, &Encoder);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?hw	-

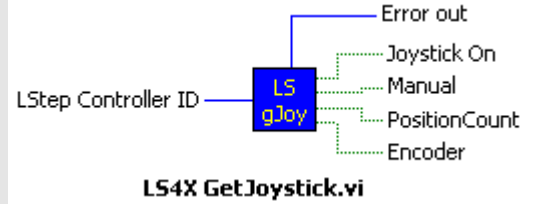
LSX_SetHandWheelOff			
<b>Description:</b>	Function deactivates the handwheel. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetHandWheelOff(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetHandWheelOff();		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetHandWheelOff();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!hw	-

LSX_SetHandWheelOn			
<b>Description:</b>	Function activates the handwheel. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetHandWheelOn(LSID: Integer; PositionCount, Encoder: Long-Bool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetHandWheelOn(BOOL fPositionCount,BOOL fEncoder);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	PositionCount	Activates or deactivates position counting True = On False = Off	
	Encoder	Encoder values are used for position counting if available. True = Use encoder values False = Do not use encoder values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetHandWheelOn(true, true); // Handwheel On with position counting (encoder values)		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!hw	-

LSX_GetDigJoySpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of set speed for moving at a constant speed (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDigJoySpeed(LSID: Integer; var dX, dY, dZ, dA: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDigJoySpeed(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	dX, dY, dZ, dA	Speed values in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDigJoySpeed(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?speed	-


LSX_SetDigJoySpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	This command is used to move single axes at constant speed. If absolute or relative positioning is requested after carrying out the function, the digital joystick may be deactivate by using the function LSX_SetDigJoyOff. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigJoySpeed(LSID: Integer; dX, dY, dZ, dA: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigJoySpeed (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	dX, dY, dZ, dA	Speed in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigJoySpeed(0, 10.0, 25.0, 0); //axes X and A - speed 0 and joystick operation "OFF", axis Y - speed 10.0 rps and joystick operation "ON", axis Z - speed 25.0 rps and joystick operation "ON".		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?speed	-

LSX_SetDigJoyOff			
<b>Description:</b>	Deactivates the digital joystick. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigJoyOff(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigJoyOff() ;		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigJoyOff() ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!speed	-


LSX_GetJoystick			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of the current condition of the analogue joystick.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetJoystick(LSID: Integer; var JoystickOn, Manual, PositionCount, Encoder: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoystick(BOOL *pbJoystickOn, BOOL *pbManual, BOOL *pbPositionCount, BOOL *pbEncoder);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	JoyOn	Joystick is active True = Joystick is activated False = Joystick is deactivated	
	Manual	Activation type of manual mode (not for LSTEP express) True = Joystick has been activated manually by switch False = Joystick is set to Automatic	
	PosCount	Position counter activated (not for LSTEP express) True = Position counter is activated False = Position counter is deactivated	
	Enc	Encoder values are used for position counting if available (not for LSTEP express). True = Encoder values are used False = Encoder values are not used	

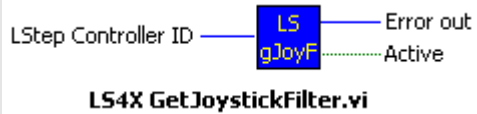
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoystick(&JoyOn, &Manual, &PosCount, &Enc);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?joy	-

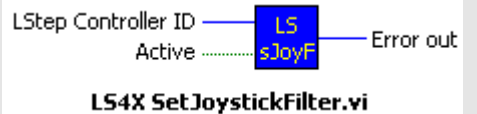
### LSX\_SetJoystickOff


<b>Description:</b>	Function deactivates the analogue joystick.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoystickOff(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoystickOff();		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetJoystickOff();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!joy	-

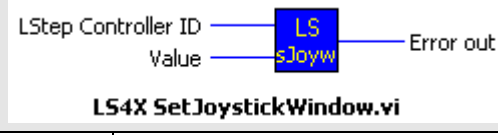
### LSX\_SetJoystickOn

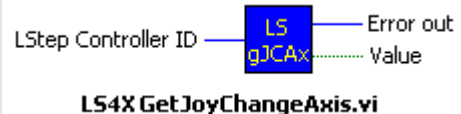
<b>Description:</b>	Function activates the analogue joystick.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoystickOn(LSID: Integer; PositionCount, Encoder: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoystickOn(BOOL PositionCount,BOOL Encoder);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	PositionCount	Activates or deactivates position counting. True = On False = Off	
	Encoder	Encoder values are used for position counting if available. (not for LSTEP express) True = Use encoder values False = Do not use encoder values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetJoystickOn(true, true); // Joystick On with position counting (encoder values)		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!joy	-

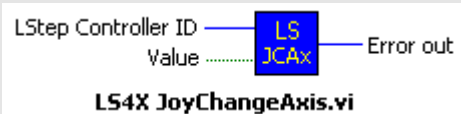
LSX_GetJoystickFilter			
<b>Description:</b>	Indicates whether filtering and hysteresis are activated in joystick operation. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetJoystickFilter(LSID: Integer; var bActive: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoystickFilter(BOOL *pbActive);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetJoystickFilter.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bActive	Currently set value True = Filtering is activated False = Filtering is deactivated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoystickFilter(&Active);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?joyfilter	-

LSX_SetJoystickFilter			
<b>Description:</b>	Activation/Deactivation of filtering and hysteresis in joystick operation. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoystickFilter(LSID: Integer; bActive: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoystickFilter(BOOL bActive);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetJoystickFilter.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bActive	Filter activation True = Activate filter False = Deactivate filter	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetJoystickFilter(True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!joyfilter	-

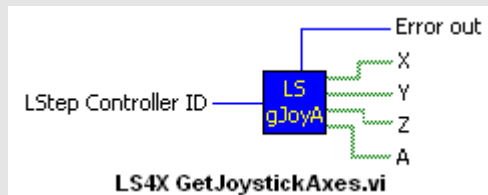
LSX_GetJoystickWindow			
<b>Description</b>	Function for reading the joystick window. The joystick window defines and analogous range in which the axes do not move.		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_GetJoystickWindow(LSID: Integer; var AValue: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int GetJoystickWindow(int *pIAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter</b>	AValue	Analogous range in which the axes do not move.	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.GetJoystickWindow(&AValue) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?joywindow	-

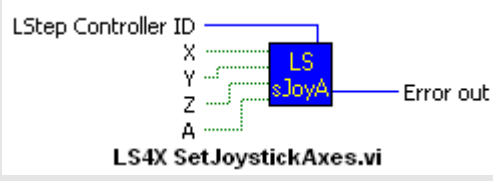
LSX_SetJoystickWindow			
<b>Description</b>	Function for setting the joystick window. The joystick window defines and analogous range in which the axes do not move.		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetJoystickWindow(LSID: Integer; AValue: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetJoystickWindow(int IAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter</b>	AValue	Analogous range in which the axes do not move.	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetJoystickWindow(20) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!joywindow	SetJoystickOn

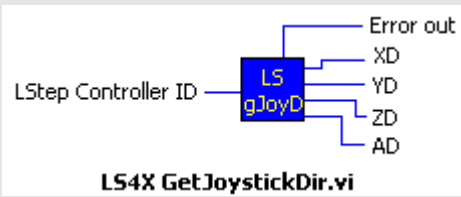
LSX_GetJoyChangeAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads joystick axis allocation (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	LSX_GetJoyChangeAxis(LSID: Integer; var Value: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoyChangeAxis(BOOL *pbValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetJoyChangeAxis.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Axis allocation True = Conventional joystick evaluation False = Allocation of X and Y axes is exchanged	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoyChangeAxis(&Value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?joychangeaxis	-

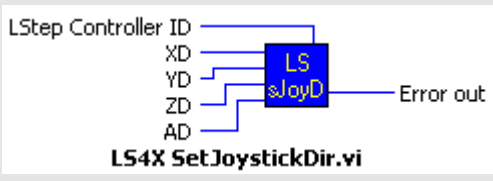
LSX_JoyChangeAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets joystick axis allocation (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	LSX_JoyChangeAxis(LSID: Integer; Value: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int JoyChangeAxis(BOOL bValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X JoyChangeAxis.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Axis allocation True = Conventional joystick evaluation False = Allocation of X and Y axes is exchanged	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.JoyChangeAxis(true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!joychangeaxis	-

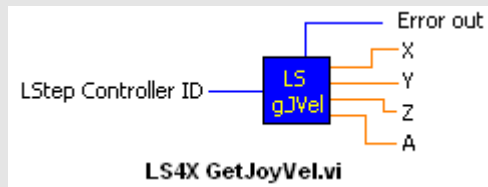


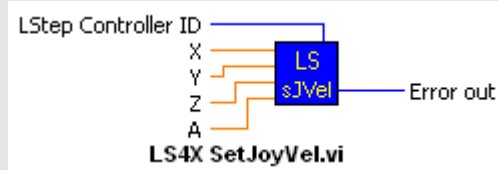
LSX_GetJoystickAxes			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the axis for which the joystick is active if joystick operation is activated. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetJoystickAxes(LSID: Integer; var Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoystickAxes(int *pIFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	Integer containing the bit mask in bits 0-4 after calling the function. Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Joystick remains deactivated Value 1 = Joystick is activated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoystickAxes(&Flags);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?joyenable	-

LSX_SetJoystickAxes			
<b>Description:</b>	Allows joystick operation for the indicated axes. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoystickAxes(LSID: Integer; Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoystickAxes(int Flags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetJoystickAxes.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	Bit mask with joystick axes to be activated when the joystick is enabled. Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Joystick remains deactivated Value 1 = Joystick is activated	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetJoystickAxes(3); /* X and Y-axis - joystick enabled (bits 0 and 1 set), Z and A-axis - joystick "OFF" (Bit 2 = 0) */</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	SetJoystickOn / SetJoystickOff	SetJoystickOn

LSX_GetJoystickDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads out the direction of rotation of the motor for joystick.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetJoystickDir(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoystickDir(int *plXD, int *plYD, int *plZD, int *plRD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetJoystickDir.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Rotation direction of the motor <b>LSTEP 2000 series:</b> 0 = Axis disabled 1 = Positive direction of rotation -1 = Negative direction of rotation 2 = Positive direction of rotation with current reduction -2 = Negative direction of rotation with current reduction <b>LSTEP express series:</b> 0 = Normal direction of rotation 1 = Reverse direction of rotation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoystickDir(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?joydir	-

LSX_SetJoystickDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Set joystick direction of rotation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoystickDir(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoystickDir(int lXD,int lYD,int lZD,int lAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetJoystickDir.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Rotation direction of the motor	<p><b>LSTEP 2000 series:</b></p> <p>0 = Axis disabled</p> <p>1 = Positive direction of rotation</p> <p>-1 = Negative direction of rotation</p> <p>2 = Positive direction of rotation with current reduction</p> <p>-2 = Negative direction of rotation with current reduction</p> <p><b>LSTEP express series:</b></p> <p>0 = Normal direction of rotation</p> <p>1 = Reverse direction of rotation</p>
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetJoystickDir(1, 1, -1, 0); /* X and Y-axis have positive direction of rotation; Z-axis has negative direction of rotation; A-axis is disabled */</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!joydir	SetJoystickOn

LSX_GetJoyVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of the maximum positioning speeds in joystick operation. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetJoyVel(LSID: Integer; var XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoyVel(double *pdXD, double *pdYD, double *pdZD, double *pdAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Speed values in the set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoyVel(&XD, &YD, &ZD, &AD);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?joyvel	-

LSX_SetJoyVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of the maximum positioning speeds in joystick operation. (only for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoyVel(LSID: Integer; XD, YD, ZD, AD: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoyVel(double dXD, double dYD, double dZD, double dAD);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XD, YD, ZD, AD	Speed values in the set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetJoyVel(1.0, 15.0, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!joyvel	SetJoystickOn

LSX_GetJoyRedcur			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows if the current reduction in joystick operation is active. When the current reduction is active, the motor current is reduced to the value set with "reduction" when the joystick is in its off-position.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetJoyRedCur (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: LongBool):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoyRedCur (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		

<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	x,y,z,a	State of the current reduction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoyRedCur(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?joyredcur	-

### LSX\_SetJoyRedcur

<b>Description:</b>	Activates/Deactivates the current reduction in joystick operation. When the current reduction is active, the motor current is reduced to the value set with "reduction" when the joystick is in its off-position.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoyRedCur (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,R: LongBool ):Integer; function LSX_SetJoyRedCur (LSID: Integer; Axis:Integer; Reduce:Boolean): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoyRedCur (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	x,y,z,a	State of the current reduction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetJoyRedCur(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!joyredcur	SetJoystickOn

### LSX\_GetJoytoAxis

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the assigned joystick inputs 1 through 4 to the mechanical axes X,Y,Z,A.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetJoytoAxis(LSID: Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetJoytoAxis (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	x,y,z,a	Assigned Joystick input	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetJoytoAxis(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?joytoaxis	-

LSX_SetJoytoAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Assigns the joystick inputs 1 through 4 to the mechanical axes X,Y,Z,A.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetJoytoAxis(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetJoytoAxis (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	x,y,z,a	Assigned Joystick input	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetJoytoAxis (1,2,3,4);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!joytoaxis	SetJoystickOn

LSX_GetManModePreselection			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the requested manual mode upon activation by means of a digital input.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetManModePreselection(LSID: Integer;var MMode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetManModePreselection (int *pIMMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	0 → No manual mode		
	1 → Joystick mode		
	2 → Inching operation		
	3 → Trackball		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetManmodePreselection(&MMode) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?manmodepreselection	-

LSX_SetManModePreselection			
<b>Description:</b>	Selects the requested manual mode upon activation by means of digital input.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetManModePreSelection(LSID:Integer;MMode: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetManModePreselection (int IMMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	0 → No manual mode		
	1 → Joystick mode		

	2 → Inching operation		
	3 → Trackball		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetManModePreselection(0) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	! manmodepreselection	-

### LSX\_GetManModeLinktoAxis

<b>Description:</b>	<p>Shows the link for the manual operation of one axis to another axis.</p> <p>The linked axis is moved in the manual mode according to the parameters (for manual mode) of the axis to which it was linked. Multiple linking is not permissible and is automatically cancelled upon re- allocation. Both axes are stopped if one of the axes involved reaches its travel range limit.</p> <p>Linking servo axes to stepping motor axes and vice versa has not been implemented.</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	<pre>function LSX_GetManModeLinktoAxis (LSID: Integer;Axis: Integer;var Link2: AnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_GetManModeLinktoAxisX(LSID: Integer;var Link2: AnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_GetManModeLinktoAxisY(LSID: Integer;var Link2: AnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_GetManModeLinktoAxisZ(LSID: Integer;var Link2: AnsiChar): Integer; function LSX_GetManModeLinktoAxisA(LSID: Integer;var Link2: AnsiChar): Integer;</pre>		
<b>C++:</b>	<pre>int GetManModeLinktoAxis (int lAxis, char *pcLink2); int GetManModeLinktoAxisX (char *pcLink2); int GetManModeLinktoAxisY (char *pcLink2); int GetManModeLinktoAxisZ (char *pcLink2); int GetManModeLinktoAxisA (char *pcLink2);</pre>		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis to be linked:	Axis to which the link is to be made:	
	1=X, 2=Y, 3=Z, 4=A	X Y Z A	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetManmodeLinktoAxis(&Link2) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?manmodelinktoaxis	-



LSX_SetManModeLinktoAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Command for linking the manual operation of one axis to another axis. The linked axis is moved in the manual mode according to the parameters (for manual mode) of the axis to which it was linked. Multiple linking is not permissible and is automatically cancelled upon re-allocation. Both axes are stopped if one of the axes involved reaches its travel range limit. Linking servo axes to stepping motor axes and vice versa has not been implemented.</p>		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetManModeLinktoAxis(LSID: Integer; Link1,Link2: Char ): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetManModeLinktoAxis (char cLink1, char cLink2);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis to be linked:	Axis to which the link is to be made:	
	x,y,z,a	x,y,z,a	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetManModeLinktoAxis (x,y) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	! manmodelinktoaxis	-

LSX_GetTipp			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows if inching operation is active		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTipp (LSID: Integer;var Tipp: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTipp (BOOL *pbTipp);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	State of the inching operation		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTipp(&Tipp);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tipp	-

LSX_SetTipp	
<b>Description:</b>	Activate/Deactivate inching operation.

<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTipp (LSID: Integer;Tipp: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTipp (BOOL bTipp);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	State of the inching operation		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTipp(True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	“SendString” Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tipp	-

LSX_GetTippEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows if individual axes are enabled for inching operation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTippEnable (LSID: Integer;var X,Y, Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTippEnable (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Current settings	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTippEnable(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	“SendString” Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tippenable	-

LSX_SetTippEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates/Deactivates individual axes for inching operation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTippEnable (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTipp (BOOL bTipp);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Current settings	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTippEnable(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	“SendString” Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tippenable	SetTipp

LSX_GetTippRedCur			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows if the current reduction in inching operation is active. When the current reduction is active and all axes are at standstill, the motor current is reduced to the set value with "reduction".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTippRedCur (LSID: Integer; var X,Y, Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTippRedCur (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Activating/Deactivating Current Reduction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTippRedCur(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?tippedcur	-

LSX_SetTippRedCur			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates/Deactivates the current reduction in inching operation. When the current reduction is active and all axes are at standstill, the motor current is reduced to the set value with "reduction".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTippRedCur (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTippRedCur (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Activating/Deactivating Current Reduction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTippRedCur(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!tippedcur	SetTipp

LSX_GetTippVel	
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the travel velocities in inching operation
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTippVel(LSID: Integer;var X,Y, Z,A: Double): Integer;
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTippVel (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);

<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Velocity	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTippVel(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tippvel	-

### LSX\_SetTippVel

<b>Descripti- on:</b>	Sets the travel velocities in inching operation		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTippVel(LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTippVel (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Velocity	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTippVel(10,10 ,5.5 ,10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tippvel	SetTipp

### LSX\_GetTippDir

<b>Descripti- on:</b>	Shows the assigned the travel direction to the inching inputs		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTippDir (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTippDir (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTippDir(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tippdir	-

### LSX\_SetTippDir

<b>Descripti- on:</b>	Assigns the travel direction to the inching inputs		
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<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTippDir (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTippDir (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTippDir(True,True,True ,False);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- lity	"SendString" Com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!tippdir	SetTipp

LSX_GetTippOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the filter time constant in inching operation. The filter prevents sudden changes in the velocity (ramp function) when the inching inputs are activated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTippOutPass (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTippOutPass (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y, Z,A	filter time constant	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTippOutPass (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tippoutpass	-

LSX_SetTippOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the filter time constant in inching operation. The filter prevents sudden changes in the velocity (ramp function) when the inching inputs are activated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTippOutPass (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTippOutPass (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y, Z,A	filter time constant	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTippOutPass (20,20,10 ,10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tippoutpass	SetTipp

LSX_GetTrackBall			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of the trackball operation		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrackBall (LSID: Integer; var status: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrackBall (BOOL *pbstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	Setting: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrackBall (&status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tb	-

LSX_SetTrackBall			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for activating and deactivating trackball operation		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrackBall (LSID: Integer; status: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrackBall (BOOL bstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	Setting: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrackBall (True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tb	Immediately

LSX_GetTrackBallEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of individual axes for trackball operation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrackBallEnable (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrackBallEnable (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrackBallEnable (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tbenable	-

LSX_SetTrackBallEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for enabling individual axes for trackball operation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrackBallEnable (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrackBallEnable (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrackBallEnable (True, True, True, True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tbenable	TrackBall



LSX_GetTrackBallRedCur			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of the current reduction in trackball operation. When the current reduction is active and all axes are at standstill, the motor current is reduced to the set value with "reduction".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrackBallRedCur (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrackBallRedCur (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrackBallRedCur (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tbredcur	-

LSX_SetTrackBallRedCur			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for activating and deactivating the current reduction in trackball operation. When the current reduction is active and all axes are at standstill, the motor current is reduced to the set value with "reduction".		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrackBallRedCur (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrackBallRedCur (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrackBallRedCur (True, True, True, True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tbredcur	TrackBall

LSX_GetTrackBallVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the maximum travel velocities in trackball operation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrackBallVel (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrackBallVel (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Velocity per axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrackBallVel (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tbvel	-

LSX_SetTrackBallVel			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the maximum travel velocities in trackball operation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrackBallVel (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrackBallVel (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Velocity per axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrackBallVel (10, 10, 10, 10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tbvel	TrackBall

LSX_GetTrackBallOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the filter time constant in trackball operation. The filter prevents sudden changes in the velocity (ramp function) when the in-ching inputs are activated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrackBallOutPass (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrackBallOutPass (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	filter time constant per axis, range: 0 to 500 000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrackBallOutPass (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tboutpass	-

LSX_SetTrackBallOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the filter time constant in trackball operation. The filter prevents sudden changes in the velocity (ramp function) when the in-ching inputs are activated.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrackBallOutPass (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrackBallOutPass (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	filter time constant per axis, range: 0 to 500 000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrackBallOutPass (20, 20, 20, 20);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tboutpass	TrackBall

LSX_GetTrackBallDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the assignment of the travel direction to the trackball direction of rotation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrackBallDir (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrackBallDir (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Travel direction per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrackBallDir (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?tbdir	-

LSX_SetTrackBallDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for assigning the travel direction to the trackball direction of rotation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrackBallDir (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrackBallDir (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Travel direction per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrackBallDir (True, True, True, True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!tbdir	TrackBall

LSX_GetTrackBallToAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the assignment of the trackball axes (horizontal and vertical) to the mechanical axes X, Y, Z and A.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrackBallToAxis (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrackBallToAxis (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y, Z,A	Assignment per axis: 0: No axis assignment 1: Horizontal trackball axis 2: Vertical trackball axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrackBallToAxis (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	?tbtoaxis	-

LSX_SetTrackBallToAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for assigning the trackball axes (horizontal and vertical) to the mechanical axes X, Y, Z and A.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrackBallToAxis (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrackBallToAxis (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y, Z,A	Assignment per axis: 0: No axis assignment 1: Horizontal trackball axis 2: Vertical trackball axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX. SetTrackBallToAxis (2,1,0 ,0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compati- bility	"SendString" com- mand	Activation (LSTEP express se- ries)
	2	!tbtoaxis	Trackball

#### 4.2.12 Control panel with trackball and joystick keys

LSX_GetBPZ			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the status of the additional control panel with track ball. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetBPZ(LSID: Integer; var AValue: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetBPZ(int *pIAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	AValue	Control panel activity 0 = Control panel is "OFF". 1 = Control panel is active and the track ball runs with a step resolution of 0.1 $\mu$ . 2 = Control panel active and the track ball runs with factor.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetBPZ(&AValue);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?bpz	-

LSX_SetBPZ			
<b>Description</b>	Sets the status of the additional control panel with track ball. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetBPZ(LSID: Integer; AValue: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetBPZ(int IAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter</b>	AValue	Control panel activity 0 = Control panel is "OFF". 1 = Control panel is active and the track ball runs with a step resolution of 0.1 $\mu$ . 2 = Control panel active and the track ball runs with factor.	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetBPZ(1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?bpz	-

LSX_GetBPZJoyspeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Inquiry of control panel Joystick speed. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetBPZJoyspeed(LSID: Integer; APar: Integer; var AValue: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetBPZJoyspeed(int lAPar, double *pdAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	APar	Parameter 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis 3 = Z-axis	
	AValue	Maximum speed in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	GetBPZJoyspeed(1, &AValue); // Reading of set speed of parameter 1.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?joyspeed	-

LSX_SetBPZJoyspeed			
<b>Description</b>	Set operating panel speed of joystick (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetBPZJoyspeed(LSID: Integer; APar: Integer; AValue: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetBPZJoyspeed(int lAPar, double dAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter:</b>	APar	Parameter 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis 3 = Z-axis	
	AValue	Maximum speed in rps	
<b>Example</b>	SetBPZJoyspeed(1, 25) // Write parameter 1 to speed 25		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!joyspeed	-

LSX_GetBPZTrackballBacklash			
<b>Description</b>	Function for reading the set trackball backlash on the control panel. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_GetBPZTrackballBackLash(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int GetBPZTrackballBackLash(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Backlash in mm.	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.GetBPZTrackballBackLash(&X, &Y, &Z, &R);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?bpzbl	-

LSX_SetBPZTrackballBacklash			
<b>Description</b>	Function for setting the trackball backlash on the control panel. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetBPZTrackballBackLash(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetBPZTrackballBackLash (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Backlash to be set	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetBPZTrackballBackLash(0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!bpzbl	-



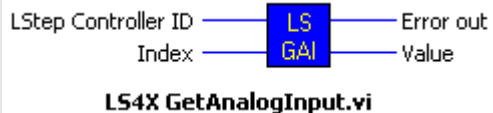
LSX_GetBPZTrackballFactor			
<b>Description</b>	Reading the factor for the control panel trackball. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_GetBPZTrackballFactor(LSID: Integer; AValue: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int GetBPZTrackballFactor(double *pdAValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	-		
<b>Parameter</b>	AValue	Trackball factor in motor increments/trackball impulse	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.GetBPZTrackballFactor(&AValue) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?bpztf	-

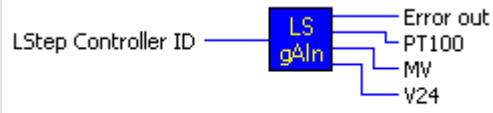
LSX_SetBPZTrackballFactor			
<b>Description</b>	Function for setting the trackball factor on the control panel. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetBPZTrackballFactor(LSID: Integer; AValue: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetBPZTrackballFactor(double dAValue);		
<b>LabView</b>	-		
<b>Parameter</b>	AValue	Trackball factor in motor increments/trackball impulse e.g. factor = 1, i.e. a trackball impulse accounts for one motor increment.	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetBPZTrackballFactor(1.0) ;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!bpztf	-

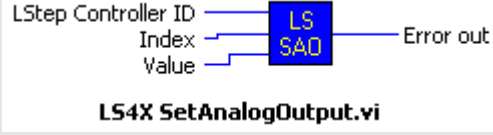
LSX_GetJoyOutPass			
<b>Description</b>	Reads the filter time constant of the joystick function. The filter prevents jerky changes in the velocity (ramp function).		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_GetJoyOutPass (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int GetJoyOutPass (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Filter time constant, area: 0 - 500 000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.GetJoyOutPass (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express Serie)
	2	? joyoutpass	-


LSX_SetJoyOutPass			
<b>Description</b>	Sets the filter time constant of the joystick function. The filter prevents jerky changes in the velocity (ramp function).		
<b>Delphi</b>	function LSX_SetJoyOutPass (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A): Integer;		
<b>C++</b>	int SetJoyOutPass (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Filter time constant, area: 0 - 500 000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example</b>	LSX.SetJoyOutPass (20, 20, 20, 10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express Serie)
	2	!joyoutpass	-

### 4.2.13 Digital and analogue inputs and outputs

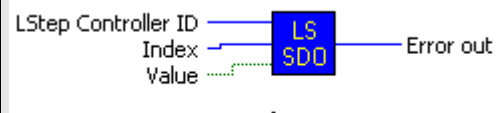
LSX_GetAnalogInput			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the current value of the analogue channel.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAnalogInput(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer; var Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAnalogInput(int lIndex,int *plValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetAnalogInput.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Analogue channel to be read	
	Value	Pointer to integer value to where the status of the analogue channel is copied.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAnalogInput(0, &Input0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?anain	-

LSX_GetAnalogInputs2			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of the status of the analogue channels (channels 6, 7, 8). (only with the LSTEP-PCI, LSTEP-PC)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAnalogInputs2(LSID: Integer; var PT100, MV, V24: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAnalogInputs2 (int *plPT100, int *plMV, int *plV24);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetAnalogInputs2.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	PT100, MV, V24:	Pointer to integer value where GetAnalogInputs2 is supposed to write the status of the analogue channel.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAnalogInputs2(&PT100, &MV, &V24);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	-	-

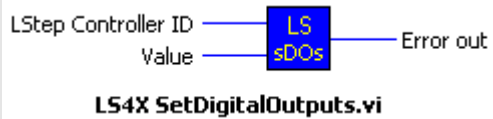
LSX_SetAnalogOutput			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting an analogue output.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAnalogOutput(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer; Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAnalogOutput(int IIndex,int IValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetAnalogOutput.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Number of analogue channel	
	Value	Control of analogue output in %	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAnalogOutput(0, 100); // Set output 0 to maximum		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!anaout	-

LSX_GetDigitalInputs			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the digital inputs 0 through 15.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDigitalInputs(LSID: Integer; var Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDigitalInputs(int *pIValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetDigitalInputs.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Pointer to integer value containing the status of the digital inputs as a bit mask. Bit 0 = Input 0 Bit 1 = Input 1 ... Value 0 = A logical 0 is given on the input Value 1 = A logical 1 is given on the input	
	<b>Example:</b>	<pre>int Eingange; LSX.GetDigitalInputs(&amp;Inputs); if (inputs &amp; 16) ... // if Input pin 4 is set</pre>	
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?digin	-

LSX_GetDigitalInputsE			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of additional digital inputs 16 through 31.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDigitalInputsE(LSID: Integer; var Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDigitalInputsE(int *plValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Pointer to integer value containing the status of the digital inputs as a bit mask. Bit 0 = Input 16 Bit 1 = Input 17 ... Value 0 = A logical 0 is given on the input Value 1 = A logical 1 is given on the input	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDigitalInputsE(&i);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?diginext (LStepexpress)/ ?edigin	-

LSX_SetDigitalOutput			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting a digital output.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigitalOutput(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer; Value: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigitalOutput(int lIndex,BOOL Value);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetDigitalOutput.vi</b></p>		

<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Number of the digital output 0 = Output 0 1 = Output 1 ...	
	Value	Set status to "0" or "1" True = Set output to 1 False = Set output to 0	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigitalOutput(0, true); // Set output pin 0 to "1"		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!digout	-


LSX_SetDigitalOutputs			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for simultaneously setting the digital outputs 0 through 15.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigitalOutputs(LSID: Integer; Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigitalOutputs(int IValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetDigitalOutputs.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Bit mask for setting the outputs Bit 0 = Output 0 Bit 1 = Output 1 ... Value 0 = Set output to 0 Value 1 = Set output to 1	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigitalOutputs(\$03); // Set outputs 0 and 1 to 1, the remaining ones to 0		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!digout	-

LSX_SetDigitalOutputsE			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for simultaneously setting the digital outputs 16 through 31.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigitalOutputsE(LSID: Integer; Value: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigitalOutputsE(int IValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Bit mask for setting the outputs Bit 0 = Output 16 Bit 1 = Output 17 ... Value 0 = Set output to 0 Value 1 = Set output to 1	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigitalOutputsE(\$03); // Set outputs 16 and 17 to 1, the remaining ones to 0		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!digoutext (LStepexpress) / !edigout	-


LSX_SetDigIO_Distance	
<b>Description:</b>	Function for activating an output dependent on the set distance before/behind of the target position. (not for LSTEP express)
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigIO_Distance(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer; Fkt: LongBool; Dist: Double; Axis: Integer): Integer;
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigIO_Distance(int IIndex,BOOL Fkt,double dDist,int IAxis);
<b>LabView:</b>	<p>LS4X SetDigIO_Distance.vi</p>


<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Number of the digital output	
	Fkt	Activation type False = Activation of an output dependent on the set distance before the target position. True = Activation of an output dependent on the set distance behind the start position.	
	Dist	Distance in the set dimension	
	Axis	Axis to which the function is to be allocated. 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis ...	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetDigIO_Distance(7, false, 78.9, 3); /* Output 7 is activated 78.9mm before the target position (Z-axis) is reached. */</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!digfkt/ !edigfkt	-

### LSX\_SetDigIO\_EmergencyStop

<b>Description:</b>	Function for allocating a digital input as emergency-stop pin (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigIO_EmergencyStop(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigIO_EmergencyStop(int lIndex);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Number of digital input to which the function is to be allocated 0 = Input 0 1 = Input 1 ...	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigIOEmergencyStop(15); // Not-Stop-Pin 15		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!digfkt / !edigfkt	-



LSX_SetDigIO_Off			
<b>Description:</b>	Deactivation of the function of the digital inputs/outputs. (No impact on inputs/outputs). (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigIO_Off(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigIO_Off(int lIndex);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Number of digital input whose function allocation is to be deactivated. 0 = Input 0 1 = Input 1 ...	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigIO_Off(0); // dig. Fkt. Input/Output pin 0 OFF		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!digfkt / !edigfkt	-

LSX_SetDigIO_Polarity			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of the polarity for the different functions of digital inputs/outputs (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigIO_Polarity(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer; High: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigIO_Polarity(int lIndex,BOOL High);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Number of digital input whose polarity is to be changed. 0 = Input 0 1 = Input 1 ...	
	High	Polarity setting True = High-active False = Low-active	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigIO_Polarity(3, True); // Input-/Outputpin 3 high-active		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!digfkt / !edigfkt	-

LSX_GetDigOutLinktoSignal			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows if a signal is assigned to one of the 16 respectively 32 digital outputs (24V). If a signal is assigned to an output, this can no longer be described by '!digout'. The signals 1 through 6 are inquired and put out at a sampling rate of about 1 ms and may only be assigned to one output. The signals 10 through 13, 100 through 115 and 200 through 205 are inquired and put out with at a rate of 8 ms and may be assigned to several outputs.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDigOutLinktoSignal (LSID: Integer; Output: Integer; var toSignal: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDigOutLinktoSignal (int lOutput, int *pltoSignal);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Output	Signal	
	0 to 15 respectively 31	0 → Cancel signal assignment	
		1 → Standstill message	
		2 → Stop active message	
		3 → Target window message	
		4 → At least one power amplifiers activated message	

		5 → Manual operation active message	
		6 → Velocity below threshold	
		10 → Manual operation in X-axis active message	
		11 → Manual operation in Y-axis active message	
		12 → Manual operation in Z-axis active message	
		13 → Manual operation in A-axis active message	
		100 through 131 → Digital input 0 ... 31 (24V)	
		200 through 205 → Digital input 0 ... 5 (TTL level)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDigitalOutLinktoSignal(Output,&toSignal);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?digoutlinktosignal	-

LSX_SetDigitalOutLinktoSignal		
<b>Description:</b>	Assigns a signal to one of the 16 respectively 32 digital outputs (24V). If a signal is assigned to an output, this can no longer be described by '!digout'. The signals 1 through 6 are inquired and put out at a sampling rate of about 1 ms and may only be assigned to one output. The signals 10 through 13, 100 through 115 and 200 through 205 are inquired and put out with at a rate of 8 ms and may be assigned to several outputs.	
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigOutLinktoSignal (LSID : Integer;Output: Integer; toSignal: Integer): Integer;	
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigOutLinktoSignal (int lOutput, int ltoSignal);	
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported	
<b>Parameter:</b>	Output	Signal
	0 to 15 respectively 31	0 = Cancel signal assignment
		1 = Standstill message
		2 = Stop active message
		3 = Target window message
		4 = At least one power amplifiers activated message
		5 = Manual operation active message
		6 = Velocity below threshold
		10 = Manual operation in X-axis active message
		11 = Manual operation in Y-axis active message
		12 = Manual operation in Z-axis active message
		13 = Manual operation in A-axis active message
		100 through 131 = Digital input 0 ... 31 (24V)
200 through 205 = Digital input 0 ... 5 (TTL level)		

<b>Beispiel:</b>	LSX.SetDigitalOutLinktoSignal(5,1);		
<b>Sonstiges:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!digoutlinktosignal	-

### LSX\_GetInvertDigOutSignal

<b>Description:</b>	Shows if a signal is inverted, which can be assigned to a digital output by using command „digoutlinktosignal“.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetInvertDigOutSignal (LSID: Integer;Output: Integer; var invert: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetInvertDigOutSignal (int IOutput, BOOL *pbinvert);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Signal		
	False = No inverting True = Inverting		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetInvertDigOutSignal(Output,&invert);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?invertdigoutsingal	-

### LSX\_SetInvertDigOutSignal

<b>Description:</b>	Inverts a signal, which can be assigned to a digital output by using command „digoutlinktosignal“.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigOutLinktoSignal (LSID : Integer;Output: Integer; toSignal: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigOutLinktoSignal (int IOutput, int ltoSignal);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Signal		
	False = No inverting True = Inverting		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetInvertDigOutSignal(5,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!invertdigoutsignal	-

LSX_GetDigInStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Digital inputs 0 to 15 Commands for reading the status of the 16 digital inputs with 24 V level or 6 inputs with TTL level if the same are changed. The inputs are checked for changes at cyclical intervals of approx. 8 ms. Upon activation of automatic transmission, the input status is issued once directly.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDigInStatus (LSID: Integer; status: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDigInStatus (int *plstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	0: Inactive 1: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit) 2: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed 3: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit), extended record channel 4 4: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed, extended record channel 4	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDigInStatus (&status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?diginstatus	-

LSX_SetDigInStatus, LSX_SetDigInStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Digital inputs 0 to 15 Commands for activating the automatic transmission of the 16 digital inputs with 24 V level or 6 inputs with TTL level if the same are changed. The inputs are checked for changes at cyclical intervals of approx. 8 ms. Upon activation of automatic transmission, the input status is issued once directly.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigInStatus(LSID: Integer; status: Integer; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SetDigInStatusW(LSID: Integer; status: Integer; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigInStatus (int lstatus, char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int SetDigInStatusW (int lstatus, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	0: Inactive 1: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit) 2: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed 3: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit), extended record channel 4 4: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed, extended record channel 4	
<b>Feedback</b>	Feedback	Bit-wise transmission: !0 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx (diginstatus) !1 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx (diginextstatus) !2 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx (ttldiginstatus) Hexadecimal format: !0 xxxx (diginstatus / low byte and high byte reversed) !1 xxxx (diginextstatus / low byte and high byte reversed) !2 xxxx (ttldiginstatus / low byte and high byte reversed)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigInStatus (status, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!diginstatus	Immediately

LSX_GetDigInExtStatus			
<b>Description:</b>	Digital inputs 16 to 31 Commands for reading the status of the 16 digital inputs with 24 V level or 6 inputs with TTL level if the same are changed. The inputs are checked for changes at cyclical intervals of approx. 8 ms. Upon activation of automatic transmission, the input status is issued once directly.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDigInExtStatus (LSID: Integer; status: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDigInExtStatus (int *plstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	0: Inactive 1: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit) 2: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed 3: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit), extended record channel 4 4: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed, extended record channel 4	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDigInExtStatus (&status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?diginextstatus	-

LSX_SetDigInExtStatus, LSX_SetDigInExtStatusW			
<b>Description:</b>	Digital inputs 16 to 31 Commands for activating the automatic transmission of the 16 digital inputs with 24 V level or 6 inputs with TTL level if the same are changed. The inputs are checked for changes at cyclical intervals of approx. 8 ms. Upon activation of automatic transmission, the input status is issued once directly.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDigInExtStatus(LSID: Integer; status: Integer; var Feedback: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SetDigInExtStatusW(LSID: Integer; status: Integer; var Feedback: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDigInExtStatus (int lstatus, char *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen); int SetDigInExtStatusW (int lstatus, TCHAR *pcFeedback, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	0: Inactive 1: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit) 2: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed 3: Active, bit-wise transmission (16 bit), extended record channel 4 4: Active, transmission in hexadecimal format with 4 places, low byte and high byte are reversed, extended record channel 4	
<b>Feedback</b>	Feedback	Bit-wise transmission: !0 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx (diginstatus) !1 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx (diginextstatus) !2 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx (ttldiginstatus) Hexadecimal format: !0 xxxx (diginstatus / low byte and high byte reversed) !1 xxxx (diginextstatus / low byte and high byte reversed) !2 xxxx (ttldiginstatus / low byte and high byte reversed)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDigInExtStatus (status, pcFeedback,256);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!diginextstatus	Immediately



LSX_GetTTLDigIn			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the 6 digital inputs with TTL level		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTTLDigIn (LSID: Integer; status: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTTLDigIn (int *plstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	Status of digital inputs: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTTLDigIn (&status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?ttldigin	-

LSX_GetTTLDigOut			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the 4 digital TTL outputs. The function must be enabled by configuring pins 16 through 19 of the 50-pole multifunction port (MFP) as TTL outputs (see command "tloutconfig").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTTLDigOut (LSID: Integer; status: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTTLDigOut (int *plstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	Output status	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTTLDigOut (&status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?ttldigout	-

LSX_SetTTLDigOut			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting and deleting the 4 digital TTL outputs. The function must be enabled by configuring pins 16 through 19 of the 50-pole multifunction port (MFP) as TTL outputs (see command "tloutconfig").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTTLDigOut (LSID: Integer; status: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTTLDigOut (int *plstatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	status	Output status	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTTLDigOut (1110);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!ttldigout	Immediately

LSX_GetMotorBrakeDigOut			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the motor brakes as digital outputs. The function must be enabled by configuring the motor brakes as digital outputs (see command "motorbrake").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorBrakeDigOut (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotorBrakeDigOut (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting per axis: HIGH/LOW	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorBrakeDigOut (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrakedigout	-

LSX_SetMotorBrakeDigOut			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the motor brakes as digital outputs. The function must be enabled by configuring the motor brakes as digital outputs (see command "motorbrake").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetMotorBrakeDigOut (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetMotorBrakeDigOut (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting per axis: HIGH/LOW	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetMotorBrakeDigOut (1, 1, 1, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!motorbrakedigout	Immediately

LSX_GetMotorBrakeOut			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the motor brake outputs		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetMotorBrakeOut (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetMotorBrakeOut (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Setting per axis: HIGH/LOW	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetMotorBrakeOut (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?motorbrakeout	-

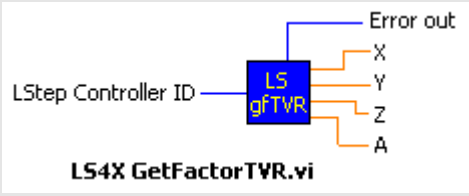
LSX_GetTVR			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the status of TVR-IN.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTVR (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTVR (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Settin per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTVR (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?tvr	-

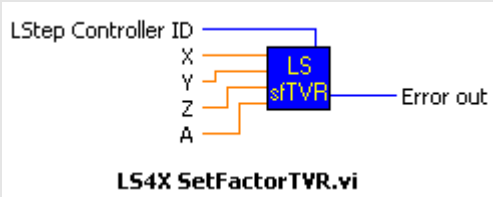
LSX_SetTVR			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for activating and deactivating TVR-IN.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTVR (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTVR (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Settin per axis: On/Off	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTVR (1, 1, 1, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!tvr	Immediately

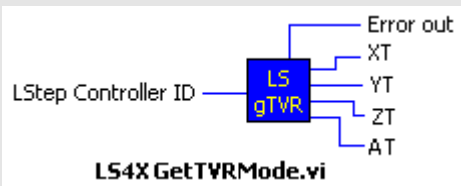
LSX_GetTVRToAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the assignment of the two QEP inputs to the TVR-IN axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTVRToAxis (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTVRToAxis (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Assignment: 0: No axis assignment 1: QEP 1 2: QEP 2	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTVRToAxis (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?tvrtoaxis	-

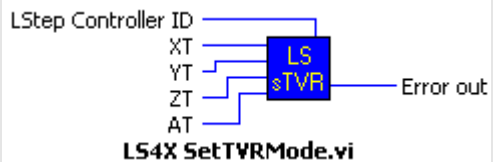
LSX_SetTVRToAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for assigning the two QEP inputs to the TVR-IN axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTVRToAxis (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTVRToAxis (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not Supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	Assignment: 0: No axis assignment 1: QEP 1 2: QEP 2	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTVRToAxis (2,1,0 ,0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!tvrtoaxis	TVR

## 4.2.14 Cycle Forward / Back In

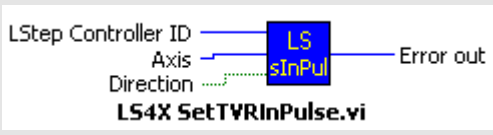
LSX_GetFactorTVR			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the cycle forward/back factor.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetFactorTVR(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetFactorTVR(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdR);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetFactorTVR.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set cycle forward/back factor in motor increments/cycle	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetFactorTVR(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?tvrf	-

LSX_SetFactorTVR			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the cycle forward/back factor.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetFactorTVR(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetFactorTVR(double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetFactorTVR.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Cycle forward/back factor in motor increments/cycle to be set	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetFactorTVR(2.0, 2.0, 0, 0); /* Cycle forward/back is to operate with factor 2 for the X and Y-axis */		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!tvrf	tvr

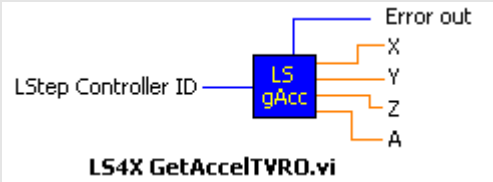
LSX_GetTVRMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the set cycle forward/back mode.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTVRMode(LSID: Integer; var XT, YT, ZT, AT: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTVRMode(int *plXT, int *plYT, int *plZT, int *plAT);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	XT, YT, ZT, AT	Set cycle forward/back mode 0 = Pulse Forward/Back is "OFF" 1 = Normal cycle Forward/Back processing 2 = Cycle Forward/Back operates with a factor 3 = Cycle Forward/Back processing requires external enabling by the triggerout pin (MFP). 4 = Combination of 2 & 3.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTVRMode(&XT, &YT, &ZT, &AT);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvr	-

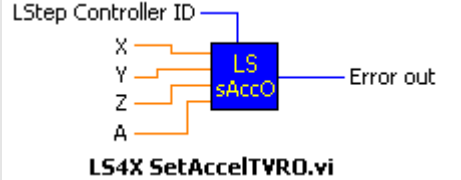
LSX_SetTVRMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the cycle forward/back mode.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTVRMode(LSID: Integer; XT, YT, ZT, AT: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTVRMode(int lXT, int lYT, int lZT, int lAT);		
<b>LabView:</b>			

<b>Parameter:</b>	XT, YT, ZT, AT	Cycle forward/back mode to be set 0 = Pulse Forward/Back is "OFF" 1 = Normal cycle Forward/Back processing 2 = Cycle Forward/Back operates with a factor 3 = Cycle Forward/Back processing requires external enabling by the triggerout pin (MFP). 4 = Combination of 2 & 3.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTVRMode(1, 1, 0, 0); // TVR X- and Y-axis On		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvr	-

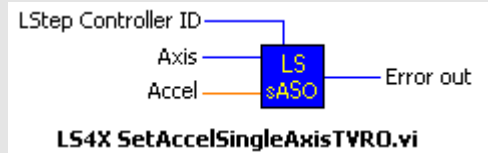
LSX_SetTVRInPulse			
<b>Description:</b>	This function can be used to control the cycle forward/back function by software. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTVRInPulse(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Direction: Boolean): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTVRInPulse(int Axis, BOOL Direction);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis to which the software pulse is to be sent 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis ...	
	Direction	Direction signal True = Forward False = Back	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTVRInPulse (2, true); // 1 cycle forward on Y-axis.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!px / !nx !py / !ny ...	-

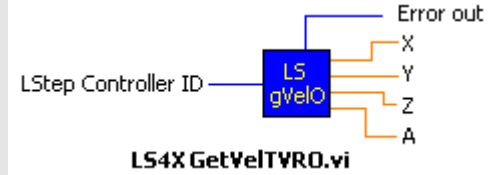
## 4.2.15 Cycle Forward/Back outputs for additional axes

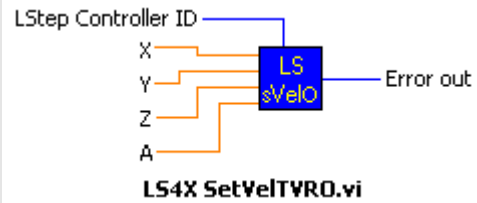
LSX_GetAccelTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the set accelerations for additional cycle forward/back output axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAccelTVRO(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAccelTVRO(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Acceleration values in rps <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAccelTVRO(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvroa	-

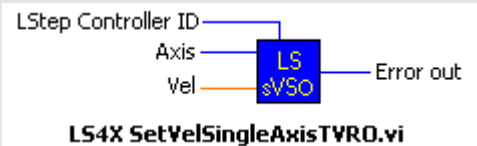
LSX_SetAccelTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of acceleration for additional cycle forward/back output axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAccelTVRO(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAccelTVRO(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Acceleration values in rps <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAccelTVRO(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvroa	-

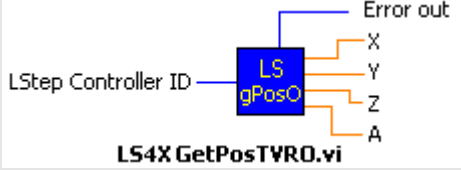


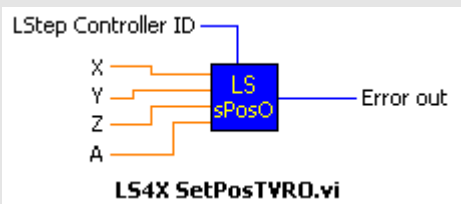
LSX_SetAccelSingleAxisTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the acceleration for a single TVRO axis (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAccelSingleAxisTVRO(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Accel: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAccelSingleAxisTVRO(int lAxis, double dAccel);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis whose acceleration is to be set TVRO X = 1 TVRO Y = 2 ...	
	Accel	Acceleration to be set in rps <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.SetAccelSingleAxis(2, 50.0); // The Z-axis is accelerated with 50 rps<sup>2</sup></pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvroa	-

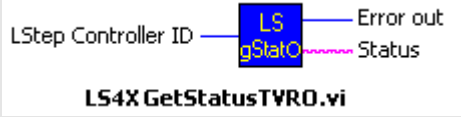
LSX_GetVelTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the set velocities for the TVRO axes from the controller (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetVelTVRO(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetVelTVRO(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed values in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.GetVelTVRO(&amp;X, &amp;Y, &amp;Z, &amp;A);</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvrov	-

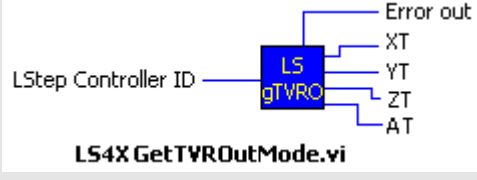
LSX_SetVelTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the velocity for the TVRO axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetVelTVRO(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetVelTVRO(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Velocities in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetVelTVRO(1.0, 1.5, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvrov	-

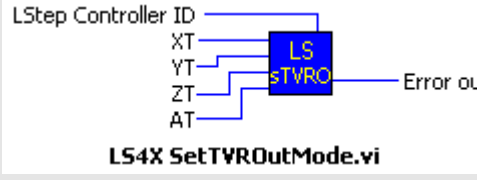
LSX_SetVelSingleAxisTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the velocity for a single TVRO axis. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetVelSingleAxisTVRO(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Vel: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetVelSingleAxisTVRO(int lAxis, double dVel);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis whose acceleration is to be set TVRO X = 1 TVRO Y = 2 ...	
	Vel	Velocity value to be set in rps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetVelSingleAxis(1, 10.0); // The X-axis should run with a max. velocity 10 rp/s		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvrov	-

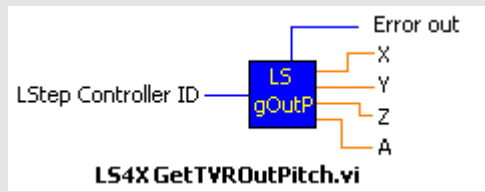
LSX_GetPosTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the position of the additional TVRO axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosTVRO(LSID: Integer; var dX, dY, dZ, dA: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosTVRO (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	dX, dY, dZ, dA	Position value dependent on the set dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosTVRO(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvropos	-

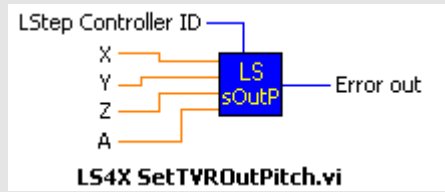
LSX_SetPosTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of position of the additional TVRO axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosTVRO(LSID: Integer; dX, dY, dZ, dA: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosTVRO(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	dX, dY, dZ, dA	Position value dependent on the set dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosTVRO(10.0, 5.0, 0.0, 0.0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvropos	-

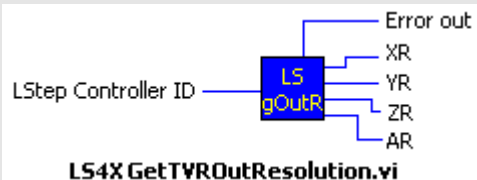
LSX_GetStatusTVRO, LSX_GetStatusTVROW			
<b>Description:</b>	Delivers the current status of the additional TVRO axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetStatusTVRO(LSID: Integer; pcStat: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetStatusTVRO(LSID: Integer; pcStat: PWideChar; MaxLen: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetStatusTVRO(char *pcStat, int lMaxLen); int GetStatusTVROW(TCHAR *pcStat, int lMaxLen);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetStatusTVRO.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	pcStat	Pointer to a buffer to which the status string is returned. The axis mask contains one of the following characters: @ = Axis is at standstill M = Axis is moving (Motion) - = Axis is not enabled	
	MaxLen	Maximum number of characters, which may be copied into the buffer.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetStatusTVRO(pcStat, 256); // Move additional Z-axis by 5mm in positive direction		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvrostatus	-

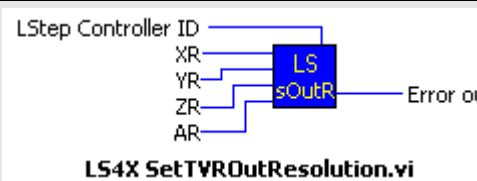
LSX_GetTVROutMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the set mode from cycle forward/back output (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTVROutMode(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTVROutMode(int *plXT, int *plyT, int *plZT, int *plAT);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set TVRO mode 0 = Cycle Forward/Backward is deactivated 1 = Cycle Forward/Backward is activated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTVROutMode(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvROUT	-

LSX_SetTVROutMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the set mode of the cycle forward/back output (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTVROutMode(LSID: Integer; Integer): Integer; Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTVROutMode(int IXT, int IYT, int IZT, int IAT);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	TVRO mode to be set 0 = Cycle Forward/Backward is deactivated 1 = Cycle Forward/Backward is activated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTVROutMode(1, 0, 1, 0); //Cycle Forw/Back is to be activated for axes x and z, and deactivated for y and a.		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvROUT	-

LSX_GetTVROutPitch			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the spindle pitch of the additional TVRO axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTVROutPitch (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTVROutPitch (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z A	Spindle pitches in mm/revolution	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTVROutPitch(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvropitch	-

LSX_SetTVROutPitch			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the spindle pitches for the additional axes (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTVROutPitch(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTVROutPitch(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Spindle pitches in mm/revolution	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTVROutPitch(1.0, 4.0, 1.0, 1.0); /* Spindle pitch for Y-axis is 4 mm. For X, Z and A axes, spindles with a pitch of 1 mm are used*/		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvropitch	-

LSX_GetTVROutResolution			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the resolution set in the LSTEP for the power amplifier to be controlled (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTVROutResolution(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTVROutResolution(int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set resolution in impulses/revolution	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTVROutResolution(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?tvrores	-

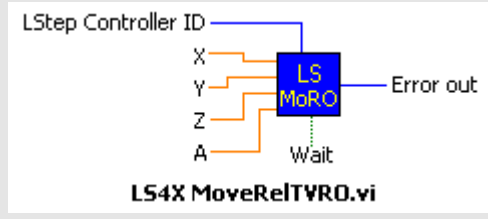
LSX_SetTVROutResolution			
<b>Description:</b>	Writes the resolution for controlling the external power amplifier into the LSTEP controller (not for LSTEPexpress). (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer; Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTVROutResolution(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>Parameter:</b>			
X, Y, Z, A	Resolution to be set in impulses/revolution	Example:	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTVROutResolution(1000, 1000, 0, 0); Other:		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	LS_MoveAbsTVRO	-

LSX_MoveAbsTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Approach absolute position with the TVRO axes from the current position. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveAbsTVRO(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double; Wait: Long-Bool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveAbsTVRO(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA, BOOL bWait);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X MoveAbsTVRO.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Absolute position indication in the set axis dimension	
	Wait	Specifies whether the function should return directly or only after reaching the position. True = Wait until position is reached False = Do not wait until position is reached	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveAbsTVRO(10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvromoa	-

LSX_MoveAbsTVROSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Absolute positioning of single TVRO axis (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveAbsTVROSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Value: Double; Wait: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveAbsTVROSingleAxis(int lAxis, double dValue, BOOL bWait);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X MoveAbsTVROSingleAxis.vi</b></p>		

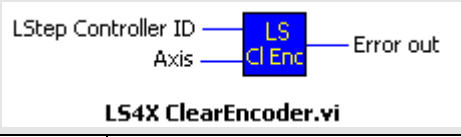


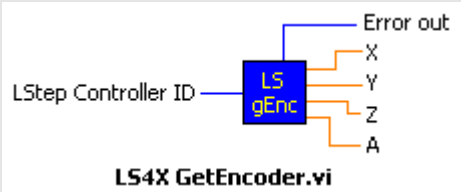
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis to be moved 1 = X-axis 2 = Y-axis ...	
	Value	Position (input depends on the set dimension)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveAbsTVROSingleAxis(2, 10.0); //Position additional Y-axis to 10mm absolute		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvromoa	-

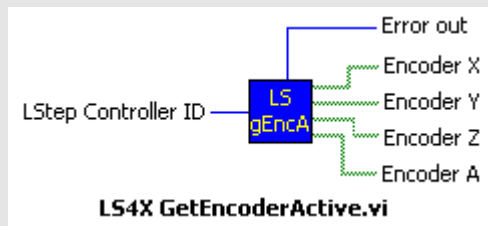
LSX_MoveRelTVRO			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for moving a relative vector from the current position (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveRelTVRO(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double; Wait: Long-Bool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveRelTVRO(double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dR, BOOL bWait);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Relative position indication in the set axis dimension	
	Wait	Wait for the end of the movement True = Wait False = Do not wait	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.MoveRelTVRO(10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvromor	-

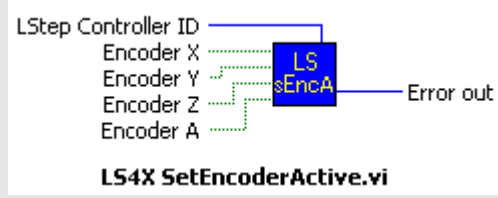
LSX_MoveRelTVROSingleAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for relative positioning of a single TVRO axis (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_MoveRelTVROSingleAxis(LSID: Integer; Axis: Integer; Value: Double; Wait: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int MoveRelTVROSingleAxis(int lAxis,double dValue,BOOL Wait);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p><b>LS4X MoveAbsTVROSingleAxis.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis to be moved TVRO X = 1 TVRO Y = 2 ...	
	Value	Relative position in the set axis dimension.	
	Wait	Wait for the end of the movement True = Wait False = Do not wait	
<b>Example:</b>	<pre>LSX.MoveRelTVROSingleAxis(3, 5.0); // Move additional Z-axis by 5mm in positive direction</pre>		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!tvromor	-

#### 4.2.16 Encoder settings

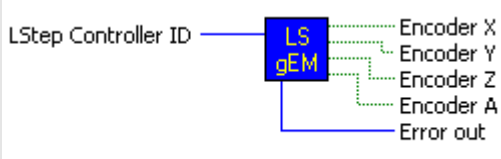
LSX_ClearEncoder			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the encoder counter to zero (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_ClearEncoder(LSID: Integer; lAxis: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int ClearEncoder(int lAxis);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X ClearEncoder.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	lAxis	Axis whose encoder values are to be set to zero. X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.ClearEncoder (2); //Set encoder counter of Y-axis to zero		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!clearhwcount	-

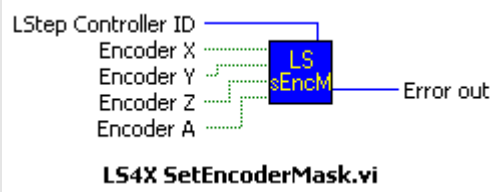
LSX_GetEncoder			
<b>Description:</b>	This function reads all encoder positions from the controller (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncoder(LSID: Integer; XP, YP, ZP, AP: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncoder(double *pdXP, double *pdYP, double *pdZP, double *pdAP);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetEncoder.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XP, YP, ZP, AP	Number of encoder increments, with quadruple interpolation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEncoder(&XP, &YP, &ZP, &AP);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?hwcount	-

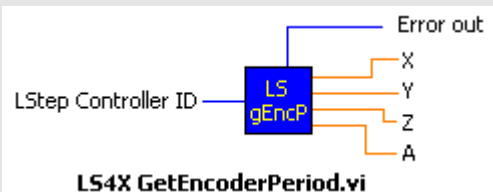
LSX_GetEncoderActive			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads which encoders are activated after calibration (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncoderActive(LSID: Integer; var Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncoderActive(int *plFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetEncoderActive.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	32-bit integer, with one bit mask in the bits 0-4 Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Encoder is to be activated Value 1 = Encoder is not to be activated	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEncoderActive(&Flags);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?encmask	-

LSX_SetEncoderActive			
<b>Description:</b>	This function may be used to select the encoders to be activated after calibration.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEncoderActive(LSID: Integer; Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEncoderActive(int lFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetEncoderActive.vi</b></p>		

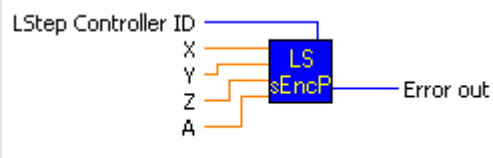
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	32-bit integer, with one bit mask in the bits 0-4 Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Encoder is not to be activated after the calibration Value 1 = Encoder is to be activated after the calibration	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncoderActive(0); // Deactivate all encoders LSX.SetEncoderMask(2); // Activate Y-axis encoder		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?encmask	-

LSX_GetEncoderMask			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the encoder activation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncoderMask(LSID: Integer; var Flags: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncoderMask(int *pIFlags);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetEncoderMask.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Flags	32-bit integer, with one bit mask in the bits 0-4 Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Encoder was not identified or is not active Value 1 = Encoder was identified or is active	
<b>Example:</b>	int EncMask; LSX.GetEncoderMask(&EncMask); if (EncMask & 2) ... // If Y-axis encoder is connected + nactive		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?enc	-

LSX_SetEncoderMask			
Description:	Function for activating/deactivating the encoder (not for LSTEP express)		
Delphi:	function LSX_SetEncoderMask(LSID: Integer; Value: Integer): Integer;		
C++:	int SetEncoderMask(int IValue);		
LabView:	 <p><b>LS4X SetEncoderMask.vi</b></p>		
Parameter:	Value	32-bit integer, with one bit mask in the bits 0-4 Bit 0 = X-axis Bit 1 = Y-axis ... Value 0 = Deactivate encoder Value 1 = Activate encoder	
Example:	<pre>LSX.SetEncoderMask(0); // Deactivate all encoders LSX.SetEncoderMask(2); // Activate Y-axis encoder</pre>		
Other:	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!enc	-

LSX_GetEncoderPeriod			
Description:	Function for reading the encoder period lengths.		
Delphi:	function LSX_GetEncoderPeriod(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
C++:	int GetEncoderPeriod(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdR);		
LabView:	 <p><b>LS4X GetEncoderPeriod.vi</b></p>		

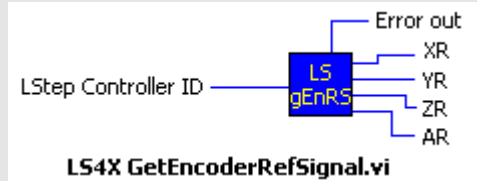
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set period lengths LSTEP 2000 series = m/s LSTP express series = Set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEncoderPeriod(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?encperiod	-

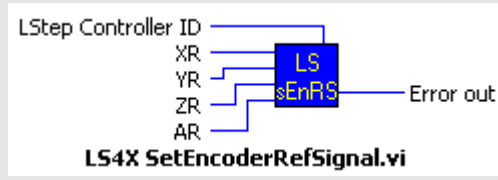
LSX_SetEncoderPeriod			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the encoder period lengths.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEncoderPeriod(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEncoderPeriod(double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetEncoderPeriod.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Period lengths to be set LSTEP 2000 series = m/s LSTEP express series = Set dimension/s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncoderPeriod(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1); // Encoder period length of all axes is 0.1mm		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!encperiod	-

LSX_GetEncoderPosition			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of source data settings of position indication.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncoderPosition(LSID: Integer; Value: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncoderPosition(BOOL *pbValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetEncoderPosition.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Source of position indication True = Use encoder values for position inquiry False = Do not use encoder values for position inquiry	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEncoderPosition(&Value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?encpos	-

LSX_SetEncoderPosition			
<b>Description:</b>	Setting of source data of position indication.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEncoderPosition(LSID: Integer; Value: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEncoderPosition(BOOL fValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetEncoderPosition.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Source of position indication True = Use encoder values for position inquiry False = Do not use encoder values for position inquiry	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncoderPosition(true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!encpos	-



LSX_GetEncoderRefSignal			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads whether the reference signal of the encoder is evaluated during calibration.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncoderRefSignal(LSID: Integer; var XR, YR, ZR, AR: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncoderRefSignal(int *pLXR, int *pLYR, int *pLZR, int *pLAR);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set value	1 = The reference signal is evaluated during calibration 0 = The reference signal is not evaluated
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEncoderRefSignal(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?encref	-

LSX_SetEncoderRefSignal			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for activating the evaluation of the reference signal of an encoder.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEncoderRefSignal(LSID: Integer; XR, YR, ZR, AR: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEncoderRefSignal(int IXR,int IYR,int IZR,int IAR);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set value	1 = The reference signal is evaluated during calibration 0 = The reference signal is not evaluated
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncoderRefSignal(1, 1, 0, 0); /* The reference signal of the encoders x and y is evaluated during calibration. */		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!encref	-

LSX_GetEncDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the counting directions of the position encoder		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncDir(LSID: Integer; var X,Y,Z,A LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncDir (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	False = No change of the rotating direction True = Change of the rotating direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEncDir(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?encdir	-

LSX_SetEncDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Adjusts the counting direction of the position encoder		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEncDir( LSX: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEncDir (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	False = No change of the rotating direction True = Change of the rotating direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncDir(True,True,False,False); /* Change in the rotating direction of the first and the second axis */		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!encdir	-

LSX_GetEncPolePairs			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the amount of position encoder pole pairs per rotation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncPolePairs(LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncPolePairs (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Number of position encoder pole pairs per rotation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEncPolePairs(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?encpolepairs	-

LSX_SetEncPolePairs			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the amount of position encoder pole pairs per rotation.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEncPolePairs(LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEncPolePairs (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Number of position encoder pole pairs per rotation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncPolePairs(50,50,50,50);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!encpolepairs	-

LSX_GetEnctoAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the encoder inputs assigned to the position encoder interpretation		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEnctoAxis(LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEnctoAxis (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	0 = No encoder input 1 = QEP1 (TTL level, MFP) 2 = QEP2 (TTL level, MFP) 3 = QEP3 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 4 = QEP4 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 5 = QEP5 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 6 = QEP6 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 7 = ENC1 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 8 = ENC2 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 9 = ENC3 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 10 = ENC4 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 11 = ENC5 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 12 = ENC6 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 13 = ENC7 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 14 = ENC8 (sine / cosine signals, optional)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetEnctoAxis(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation(LSTEP express series)
	2	?enctoaxis	-

LSX_SetEnctoAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Assigns encoder inputs to the position encoder interpretations of all axes (position encoder 1).		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEnctoAxis(LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEnctoAxis (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	0 = No encoder input 1 = QEP1 (TTL level, MFP) 2 = QEP2 (TTL level, MFP) 3 = QEP3 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 4 = QEP4 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 5 = QEP5 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 6 = QEP6 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 7 = ENC1 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 8 = ENC2 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 9 = ENC3 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 10 = ENC4 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 11 = ENC5 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 12 = ENC6 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 13 = ENC7 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 14 = ENC8 (sine / cosine signals, optional)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEnctoAxis(0,0,0,0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!enctoaxis	validconfig

LSX_GetEncType	
<b>Description:</b>	Function for inquiring the position encoder type.
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetEncType(LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncType (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported

<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	0 = No position encoder 1 = Motor side rotative 1Vss encoder system 2 = Motor side rotative 11µA encoder system 3 = Motor side rotative MR encoder system 4 = Motor side rotative TTL encoder system 5 = Linear 1Vss encoder system 6 = Linear 11µA encoder system 7 = Linear MR encoder system 8 = Linear TTL encoder system 9 = Drive side rotative 1Vss encoder system 10 = Drive side rotative 11µA encoder system 11 = Drive side rotative MR encoder system 12 = Drive side rotative TTL encoder system	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetKommEncType(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?encType	-

### LSX\_SetEncType

<b>Description:</b>	Sets the position encoder type.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetEncType(LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetEncType (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	0 = No position encoder 1 = Motor side rotative 1Vss encoder system 2 = Motor side rotative 11µA encoder system 3 = Motor side rotative MR encoder system 4 = Motor side rotative TTL encoder system 5 = Linear 1Vss encoder system 6 = Linear 11µA encoder system 7 = Linear MR encoder system 8 = Linear TTL encoder system 9 = Drive side rotative 1Vss encoder system 10 = Drive side rotative 11µA encoder system 11 = Drive side rotative MR encoder system 12 = Drive side rotative TTL encoder system	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncType(0,1,2,3);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!encType	ValidConfig

LSX_GetKommMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the commutation mode in servo operation		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetKommMode(LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A:LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetEncType (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: False = Use separate encoder input for commutation True = Use position encoder values for commutation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetKommMode (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?kommmode	-

LSX_SetKommMode			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the commutation mode in servo operation		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetKommMode (LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A:LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetKommMode (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: False = Use separate encoder input for commutation True = Use position encoder values for commutation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetKommMode (False,False,False,False);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!kommmode	-

LSX_GetKommEncDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the commutation encoder counting direction		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetKommEncDir (LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A:LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetKommEncDir (BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: False = No change of the rotating direction True = Change of the rotating direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GeKommmtEncDir(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		

<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?kommencdir	-

LSX_SetKommEncDir			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the commutation encoder counting direction.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetKommEncDir (LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A:LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetKommEncDir (BOOL bX, BOOL bY,BOOL bZ,BOOL bA) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: False = No change of the rotating direction True = Change of the rotating direction	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetEncDir(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!kommencdir	-

LSX_GetKommEncPolePairs			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the commutation encoder signal period.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetKommEncPolePairs (LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetKommEncPolePairs (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Commutation encoder pole pairs per rotation	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetKommEncPolePairs (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?kommencpolepairs	-

LSX_SetKommEncPolePairs			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the commutation encoder signal period.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetKommEncPolePairs (LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetKommEncPolePairs (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		

<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: Commutation encoder signal period	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetKommEncPolePairs (50,10,2500,4000);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!kommencpolepairs	-

LSX_GetKommEnctoAxis			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the assigned encoder inputs to the commutation encoder interpretations of the axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetKommEnctoAxis (LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetKommEnctoAxis (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: 0 = No encoder input 1 = QEP1 (TTL level, MFP) 2 = QEP2 (TTL level, MFP) 3 = QEP3 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 4 = QEP4 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 5 = QEP5 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 6 = QEP6 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 7 = ENC1 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 8 = ENC2 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 9 = ENC3 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 10 = ENC4 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 11 = ENC5 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 12 = ENC6 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 13 = ENC7 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 14 = ENC8 (sine / cosine signals, optional)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetKommEnctoAxis (&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?kommenctoaxis	-

LSX_SetKommEnctoAxis			
<b>Beschreibung:</b>	Assigns encoder inputs to the commutation encoder interpretations of the axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetKommEnctoAxis (LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetKommEnctoAxis (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		



<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: 0 = No encoder input 1 = QEP1 (TTL level, MFP) 2 = QEP2 (TTL level, MFP) 3 = QEP3 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 4 = QEP4 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 5 = QEP5 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 6 = QEP6 (TTL or RS422 level, optional) 7 = ENC1 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 8 = ENC2 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 9 = ENC3 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 10 = ENC4 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 11 = ENC5 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 12 = ENC6 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 13 = ENC7 (sine / cosine signals, optional) 14 = ENC8 (sine / cosine signals, optional)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetKommEnctoAxis (0,1,2,3);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!kommenctoaxis	-

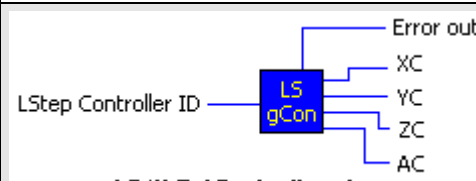
### LSX\_GetKommEncType

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the commutation encoder type		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetKommEncType(LSID:Integer; var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetKommEncType (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Nicht unterstützt		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: 0 = No position encoder 1 = Motor side rotative 1Vss encoder system 2 = Motor side rotative 11 $\mu$ A encoder system 3 = Motor side rotative TTL encoder system 5 = Linear 1Vss encoder system 6 = Linear 11 $\mu$ A encoder system 7 = Linear MR encoder system 8 = Linear TTL encoder system 9 = Drive side rotative 1Vss encoder system 10 = Drive side rotative 11 $\mu$ A encoder system 11 = Drive side rotative rotative MR encoder system 12 = Drive side rotative TTL encoder system	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetKommEncType(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)

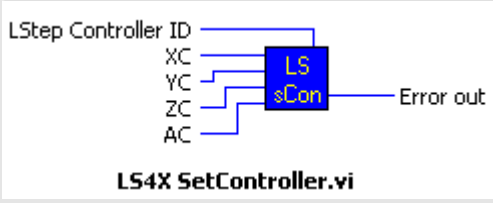
	2	?kommenctype	-
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LSX_SetKommEncType			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the commutation encoder type		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetKommEncType(LSID:Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetKommEncType (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA) ;		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Assigned Value: 0 = No position encoder 1 = Motor side rotative 1Vss encoder system 2 = Motor side rotative 11µA encoder system 3 = Motor side rotative TTL encoder system 5 = Linear 1Vss encoder system 6 = Linear 11µA encoder system 7 = Linear MR encoder system 8 = Linear TTL encoder system 9 = Drive side rotative 1Vss encoder system 10 = Drive side rotative 11µA encoder system 11 = Drive side rotative rotative MR encoder system 12 = Drive side rotative TTL encoder system	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetKommEncType(0,1,2,3);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!kommenctype	-

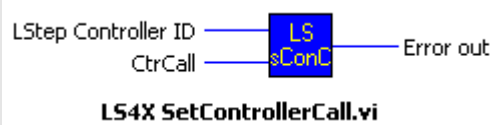
#### 4.2.17 Controller settings

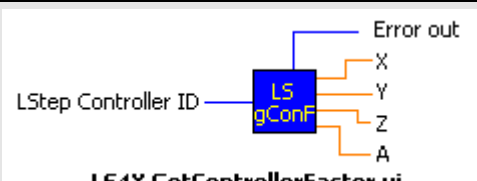
LSX_GetController	
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the controller mode (not for LSTEP express)
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetController(LSID: Integer; var XC, YC, ZC, AC: Integer): Integer;
<b>C++:</b>	int GetController(int *plXC, int *plYC, int *plZC, int *plAC);
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p>LS4X GetController.vi</p>

<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set controller mode 0 = Controller "OFF" 1 = Controller "OFF after reaching target position" 2 = Controller "Always ON" 3 = Controller "OFF after reaching target position" with reduced current 4 = Controller "Always ON" with reduced current	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetController(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctr	-

LSX_SetController			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the controller mode. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetController(LSID: Integer; XC, YC, ZC, AC: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetController(int IXC,int IYC,int IZC,int IAC);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetController.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set controller mode 0 = Controller "OFF" 1 = Controller "OFF after reaching target position" 2 = Controller "Always ON" 3 = Controller "OFF after reaching target position" with reduced current 4 = Controller "Always ON" with reduced current	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetController(1, 2, 0, 0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctr	-

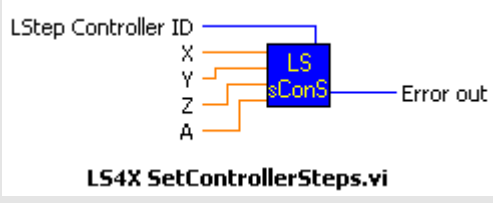
LSX_GetControllerCall			
<b>Description:</b>	The function delivers the set controller call time (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetControllerCall(LSID: Integer; var CtrCall: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetControllerCall(int *pIctrCall);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetControllerCall.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	CtrCall	Controller call time in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetControllerCall(&CtrCall); // CtrCall = 10 means: Controller call every 10 ms		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctrc	-

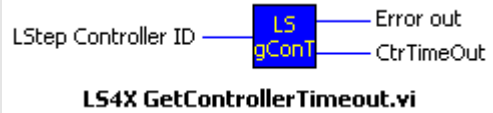
LSX_SetControllerCall			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the controller call time (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetControllerCall(LSID: Integer; CtrCall: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetControllerCall(int lCtrCall);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetControllerCall.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	CtrCall	Controller call time in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetControllerCall(10);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrc	-

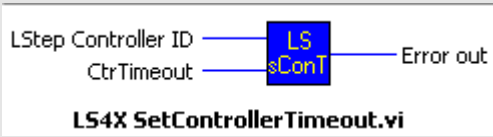
LSX_GetControllerFactor			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the controller factors. See documentation of LSTEP 2000 series (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetControllerFactor(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetControllerFactor(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdR);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetControllerFactor.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Set controller factors	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetControllerFactor(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctrf	-

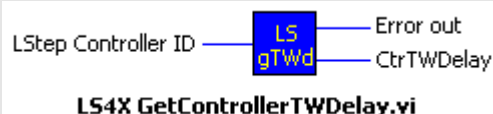
LSX_SetControllerFactor			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the controller factors. See documentation of LSTEP 2000 series (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetControllerFactor(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetControllerFactor(double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetControllerFactor.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Controller factors to be set	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetControllerFactor(X, Y, Z, A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrf	-

LSX_GetControllerSteps			
<b>Description:</b>	This function delivers the set controller step length (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetControllerSteps(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetControllerSteps(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdR);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetControllerSteps.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Controller step length in the set axis dimension.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetControllerSteps(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctrs	-

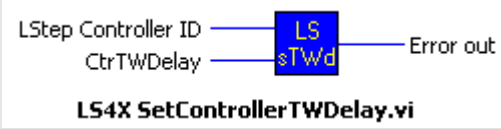
LSX_SetControllerSteps			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the controller step length (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetControllerSteps(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetControllerSteps(double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetControllerSteps.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Controller step length in the set axis dimension.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetControllerSteps(4, 5, 7, 9);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrs	-

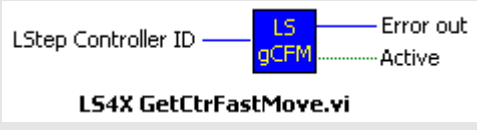
LSX_GetControllerTimeout			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the controller timeouts after which a travel command returns with an error message (error code 4013), if the controller could not definitively find a position (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetControllerTimeout(LSID: Integer; var ACtrTimeout: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetControllerTimeout(int *plACtrTimeout);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetControllerTimeout.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	ACtrTimeout	Set timeout in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetControllerTimeout(&ACtrTimeout);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctrT	-

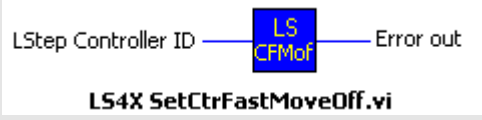
LSX_SetControllerTimeout			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the controller timeouts after which a travel command returns with an error message (error code 4013), if the controller could not definitively find a position (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetControllerTimeout(LSID: Integer; ACtrTimeout: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetControllerTimeout(int ACtrTimeout);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetControllerTimeout.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	ACtrTimeout	Timeout to be set in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetControllerTimeout(500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrtr	-

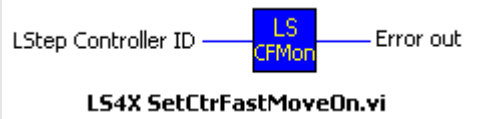
LSX_GetControllerTWDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of controller delay (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetControllerTWDelay(LSID: Integer; var CtrTWDelay: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetControllerTWDelay(int *plCtrTWDelay);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetControllerTWDelay.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	CtrTWDelay	Controller delay in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetControllerTWDelay(&CtrTWDelay);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctrdr	-



LSX_SetControllerTWDelay			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the controller delay (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetControllerTWDelay(LSID: Integer; CtrTWDelay: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetControllerTWDelay(int lCtrTWDelay);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetControllerTWDelay.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	CtrTWDelay	Controller delay to be set in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetControllerTWDelay(0); // Controller delay Off		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrd	-

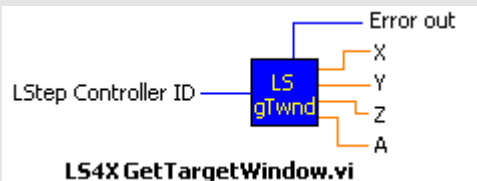
LSX_GetCtrFastMove			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the setting of the Fast Move function (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCtrFastMoveOff(LSID: Integer; var bActive: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCtrFastMove(BOOL *pbActive);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetCtrFastMove.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	bActive	Set value True = Fast Move Function is active False = Fast Move Function is inactive	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetCtrFastMoveOff(&bActive);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctrfm	-

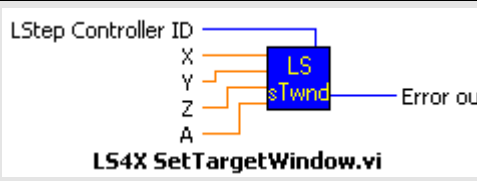
LSX_SetCtrFastMoveOff			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for deactivating the Fast Move function (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCtrFastMoveOff(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCtrFastMoveOff();		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetCtrFastMoveOff.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCtrFastMoveOff();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrfm	-

LSX_SetCtrFastMoveOn			
<b>Description:</b>	Activation of Fast Move function, i.e. a new vector is started if a controller difference is larger than the capture range (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetCtrFastMoveOn(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetCtrFastMoveOn();		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetCtrFastMoveOn.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	-		
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCtrFastMoveOn();		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrfm	-

LSX_GetCtrFastMoveCounter			
<b>Description:</b>	This function delivers the values of the Fast Move counter. If the controller difference is larger than the capture range, a new vector is started and the corresponding counter is extended by one. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetCtrFastMoveCounter(LSID: Integer; var XC, YC, ZC, AC: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetCtrFastMoveCounter(int *plXC, int *plYC, int *plZC, int *plAC);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetCtrFastMoveCounter.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	XC, YC, ZC, AC	Number of performed Fast Move functions	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetCtrFastMoveCounter(&XC, &YC, &ZC, &AC);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	?ctrfmc	-

LSX_ClearCtrFastMoveCounter			
<b>Description:</b>	If the controller difference is larger than the capture range, a new vector is started and the corresponding counter is extended by one. This function sets the Fast Move Counters of all axes to Zero. (not for LSTEP express)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_ClearCtrFastMoveCounter(LSID: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int ClearCtrFastMoveCounter();		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X ClearCtrFastMoveCounter.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>			
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.ClearCtrFastMoveCounter;		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	1	!ctrfmc	-

LSX_GetTargetWindow			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the target windows of all axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTargetWindow(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTargetWindow(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Target window depends on the set axis dimension.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTargetWindow(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?twi	-

LSX_SetTargetWindow			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the target window.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTargetWindow(LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTargetWindow(double dX,double dY,double dZ,double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Target window to be set in the axis dimension.	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTargetWindow(1.0, 0.002, 1.0, 1.0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!twi	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetDeviationRange			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the maximal permissible contouring error (position controller deviation)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDeviationRange(LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDeviationRange (double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Preset contouring error	

<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDeviationRange(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?deviationrange	-

### LSX\_SetDeviationRange

<b>Description:</b>	Sets the maximal permissible contouring error (position controller deviation)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDeviationRange(LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A : Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDeviationRange (double dX, double dY, double dZ, double dA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Preset contouring error	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDeviationRange(1.0, 0.002, 1.0, 1.0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!deviationrange	ValidPar / ValidConfig

### LSX\_GetDeviationTime

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the time after which the contouring error check is tripped when the maximal permissible contouring error is exceeded.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDeviationTime(LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDeviationTime (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Time for contouring error check	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDeviationTime(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?deviationtime	-

### LSX\_SetDeviationTime

<b>Description:</b>	Sets the time after which the contouring error check is tripped when the maximal permissible contouring error is exceeded.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDeviationTime(LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A : Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDeviationTime(int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Time for contouring error check	

<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDeviationTime(1.0, 0.002, 1.0, 1.0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!deviationtime	ValidPar / ValidConfig

### LSX\_GetDeviationCheck

<b>Description:</b>	Shows if the contouring error check is active		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDeviationCheck (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Long-Bool):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDeviationCheck(BOOL *pbX, BOOL *pbY, BOOL *pbZ, BOOL *pbA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	State of the contouring error check	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDeviationCheck(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?deviationcheck	-

### LSX\_SetDeviationCheck

<b>Description:</b>	Activates/Deactivates the contouring error check		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetDeviationCheck (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: LongBool):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetDeviationCheck (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	State of the contouring error check	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetDeviationCheck(True,True,True,True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!deviationcheck	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetDeviationValue			
<b>Description:</b>	Reads the deviation value of the axes.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetDeviationValue (LSID: Integer;X,Y,Z,A: Double):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetDeviationValue (BOOL bX, BOOL bY, BOOL bZ, BOOL bA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Deviationvalue	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetDeviationValue(&X,&Y,&Z,&A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?deviationvalue	-

LSX_GetPoscon			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the state of the position controllers dependant on the axis-specific settings		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPoscon(LSID: Integer;var Enable: Boolean): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPoscon (BOOL *pbEnable);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Enable	State of the position controller	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPoscon(&Enable);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?poscon	-

LSX_SetPoscon			
<b>Description:</b>	Activates/Deactivates the position controllers dependant on the axis-specific settings		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPoscon(LSID: Integer; Enable: Boolean): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPoscon (BOOL bEnable);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Enable	State of the position controller	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPoscon(True);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!poscon	ValidPar/ ValidConfig





LSX_GetPosConKP			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the position controller proportional part in % for servo and stepping motor		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConKP (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConKP (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position controller proportional part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConKP (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconkp	-

LSX_SetPosConKP			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the position controller proportional part in % for servo and stepping motor		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConKP (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConKP (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position controller proportional part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConKP (40, 20, 80, 80);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconkp	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveKP			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the adaptive position controller proportional part in % for stepping motor only		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveKP (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConAdaptiveKP (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position controller proportional part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConAdaptiveKP (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconadaptivekp	-

LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveKP			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the adaptive position controller proportional part in % for stepping motor only		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveKP (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConAdaptiveKP (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position controller proportional part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConAdaptiveKP (40, 20, 80, 80);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconkp	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetPosConKI			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the position controller integral part in % for servo and stepping motor		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConKI (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConKI (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position controller integral part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConKI (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconki	-

LSX_SetPosConKI			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the position controller integral part in % for servo and stepping motor		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConKI (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConKI (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Position controller integral part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConKI (75, 60, 90, 90);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconki	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveKI			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the adaptive position controller integral part in % for stepping motor only		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveKI (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConAdaptiveKI (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Preset position controller integral part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConAdaptiveKI (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconadaptiveki	-

LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveKI			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the adaptive position controller integral part in % for stepping motor only		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveKI (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConAdaptiveKI (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Preset position controller integral part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConAdaptiveKI (40, 20, 80, 80);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconki	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetPosConOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the position controller output filter time constant for servo and stepping motor		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConOutPass (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConOutPass (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	position controller output filter time constant, range: 0 bis 100000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConOutPass (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconoutpass	-

LSX_SetPosConOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the position controller output filter time constant for servo and stepping motor		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConOutPass (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConOutPass (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	position controller output filter time constant, range: 0 bis 100000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConOutPass (200, 500, 200, 500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconoutpass	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the position controller output filter time constant for stepping motor only		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveOutPass (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConAdaptiveOutPass (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	position controller output filter time constant, range: 0 bis 100000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConAdaptiveOutPass (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconadaptiveoutpass	-

LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the position controller output filter time constant for stepping motor only		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveOutPass (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConAdaptiveOutPass (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	position controller output filter time constant, range: 0 bis 100000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConAdaptiveOutPass (200, 500, 200, 500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconadaptiveoutpass	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetPosConNominalSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the nominal velocity/speed. Unit depends on the selected dimension. Parameters are only required for adaptive stepping motor position controller, PosCon... control parameters (e.g. PosConKP) relate to PosConNominalSpeed		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConNominalSpeed (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConNominalSpeed (double *pIX, double *pIY, double *pIZ, double *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	nominal velocity/speed	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConNominalSpeed (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconnominalspeed	-

LSX_SetPosConNominalSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the nominal velocity/speed. Unit depends on the selected dimension. Parameters are only required for adaptive stepping motor position controller, PosCon...control parameters (e.g. PosConKP) relate to PosConNominalSpeed		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConNominalSpeed (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConNominalSpeed (double IX, double IY, double IZ, double IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	nominal velocity/speed	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConNominalSpeed (2.5, 2.5, 2.5, 2.5);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconnominalspeed	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the adaptive velocity/speed. Unit depends on the selected dimension. Parameters are only required for adaptive stepping motor position controller, PosConAdaptive... control parameters (e.g. PosConAdaptiveKP) relate to PosConAdaptiveSpeed		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConAdaptiveSpeed (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConAdaptiveSpeed (double *pIX, double *pIY, double *pIZ, double *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	adaptive velocity/speed	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConAdaptiveSpeed (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconadaptivespeed	-

LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveSpeed			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the adaptive velocity/speed. Unit depends on the selected dimension. Parameters are only required for adaptive stepping motor position controller, PosConAdaptive... control parameters (e.g. PosConAdaptiveKP) relate to PosConAdaptiveSpeed		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConAdaptiveSpeed (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConAdaptiveSpeed (double IX, double IY, double IZ, double IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	adaptive velocity/speed	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConAdaptiveSpeed (2.5, 2.5, 2.5, 2.5);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconadaptivespeed	ValidPar / ValidConfig



LSX_GetPosConEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the axis-specific selection of position controller operation mode		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetPosConEnable (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetPosConEnable (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	position controller operation mode 0: position controller disabled 1: position controller enabled (servomotor and stepping motor) 2: adaptive position controller enabled (for stepping motor only)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetPosConEnable (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?posconenable	-

LSX_SetPosConEnable			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the axis-specific selection of position controller operation mode		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetPosConEnable (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetPosConEnable (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	position controller operation mode 0: position controller disabled 1: position controller enabled (servomotor and stepping motor) 2: adaptive position controller enabled (for stepping motor only)	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetPosConEnable (0, 2, 1, 1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!posconenable	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetSpeedConKP			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the speed controller proportional part in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedConKP (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedConKP (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller proportional part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedConKP (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?speedconkp	-

LSX_SetSpeedConKP			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the speed controller proportional part in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeedConKP (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeedConKP (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller proportional part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeedConKP (40, 20, 80, 80);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!speedconkp	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetSpeedConKI			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the speed controller integral part in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedConKI (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedConKI (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller integral part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedConKI (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?speedconki	-

LSX_SetSpeedConKI			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the speed controller integral part in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeedConKI (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeedConKI (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller integral part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeedConKI (75, 60, 90, 90);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!speedconki	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetSpeedConKD			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the speed controller differential part in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedConKD (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedConKD (int *pIX, int *pIY, int *pIZ, int *pIA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller differential part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedConKD (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?speedconkd	-

LSX_SetSpeedConKD			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the speed controller differential part in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeedConKD (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeedConKD (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller differential part, range: 0 to 5000%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeedConKD (75, 60, 90, 90);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!speedconkd	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetSpeedConOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the speed controller output filter time constant.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedConOutPass (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedConOutPass (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller output filter time constant, range: 0 bis 100000 µs	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedConOutPass (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?speedconoutpass	-

LSX_SetSpeedConOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the speed controller output filter time constant.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeedConOutPass (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeedConOutPass (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed controller output filter time constant, range: 0 bis 100000 µs	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeedConOutPass (200, 500, 200, 500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!speedconoutpass	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetActSpeedFilterConst			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the speed actual value filter time constant		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetActSpeedFilterConst (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetActSpeedFilterConst (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	speed actual value filter time constant, range: 0 bis 10000 µs	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetActSpeedFilterConst (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?actspeedfilterconst	-

LSX_SetActSpeedFilterConst			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the speed actual value filter time constant		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetActSpeedFilterConst (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetActSpeedFilterConst (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	speed actual value filter time constant, range: 0 bis 10000 µs	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetActSpeedFilterConst (200, 500, 200, 500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!actspeedfilterconst	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetSpeedFeedForward			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the speed or velocity feed forward in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedFeedForward (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedFeedForward (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed or velocity feed forward, range: 0 to 400%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedFeedForward (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?speedfeedforward	-

LSX_SetSpeedFeedForward			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the speed or velocity feed forward in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSpeedFeedForward (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSpeedFeedForward (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Speed or velocity feed forward, range: 0 to 400%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSpeedFeedForward (75, 60, 90, 90);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!speedfeedforward	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetActAccelFilterConst			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the acceleration actual value filter time constant		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetActAccelFilterConst (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetActAccelFilterConst (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	acceleration actual value filter time constant, range: 0 to 100 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetActAccelFilterConst (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?actaccelfilterconst	-

LSX_SetActAccelFilterConst			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the acceleration actual value filter time constant		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetActAccelFilterConst (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetActAccelFilterConst (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	acceleration actual value filter time constant, range: 0 to 100 ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetActAccelFilterConst (20, 5, 20, 5);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!actaccelfilterconst	ValidPar / ValidConfig



LSX_GetAccelFeedForward			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the acceleration feed forward in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAccelFeedForward (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAccelFeedForward (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	acceleration feed forward, range: 0 to 400%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAccelFeedForward (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?accelfeedforward	-

LSX_SetAccelFeedForward			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the acceleration feed forward in %		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAccelFeedForward (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAccelFeedForward (int lX, int lY, int lZ, int lA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	acceleration feed forward, range: 0 to 400%	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAccelFeedForward (50, 80, 70, 70);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!accelfeedforward	ValidPar / ValidConfig

LSX_GetAccelFeedForwardOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the acceleration feed forward output filter time constant		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetAccelFeedForwardOutPass (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetAccelFeedForwardOutPass (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	acceleration feed forward output filter time constant, range 0 to 100000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetAccelFeedForwardOutPass (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?accelfeedforwardoutpass	-

LSX_SetAccelFeedForwardOutPass			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for setting the acceleration feed forward output filter time constant		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetAccelFeedForwardOutPass (LSID: Integer; X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetAccelFeedForwardOutPass (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	acceleration feed forward output filter time constant, range 0 to 100000 $\mu$ s	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetAccelFeedForwardOutPass (200, 500, 200, 500);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!accelfeedforwardoutpass	ValidPar / ValidConfig


LSX_GetSpeedConTN			
<b>Description:</b>	Command for reading the effective reset time TN of the speed controller in [ms]		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSpeedConTN (LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSpeedConTN (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Effective reset time TN	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSpeedConTN (&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?speedcontn	-

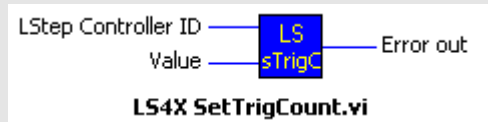
## 4.2.18 Trigger output

LSX_GetTrigger			
<b>Description:</b>	This function delivers the status of the trigger function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger(LSID: Integer; var ATrigger: Integer): Integer; function LSX_GetTrigger(LSID: Integer; var ATrigger: LongBool): Integer; (depre- cated)		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger (int *plATrigger);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetTrigger.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	ATrigger	Status of trigger function True = Trigger "On" False = Trigger "Off"	
		Status of triggerfunction 0 = Trigger function deactivated 1 = Trigger function computed with position values 2 = Trigger function computed with position and speed values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger(&ATrigger);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?trig	-

LSX_SetTrigger			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for activating/ deactivating the trigger function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger(LSID: Integer; ATrigger: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SetTrigger(LSID: Integer; ATrigger: LongBool): Integer; (depre- cated)		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger (int lATrigger);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetTrigger.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	ATrigger	Status of trigger function True = Trigger "On" False = Trigger "Off"	

		Status of triggerfunction 0 = Trigger function deactivated 1 = Trigger function computed with position values 2 = Trigger function computed with position and speed values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger(1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!trig	-

LSX_GetTrigCount			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the trigger counter.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTriggerCount(LSID: Integer; var Value: Cardinal): Integer; function LSX_GetTrigCount(LSID: Integer; var Value: Integer): Integer; (deprecated)		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTriggerCount (unsigned long *pIValue); int GetTrigCount(int *pValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Number of executed trigger events	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigCount(&Value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?trigcount	-

LSX_SetTrigCount			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the trigger counter reading.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTriggerCount(LSID: Integer; Value: Cardinal): Integer; function LSX_SetTrigCount(LSID: Integer; Value: Integer): Integer; (deprecated)		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTriggerCount (unsigned long lValue); int SetTrigCount(int Wert);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Intended value of trigger counter	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigCount(0);		

<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!trigcount	-

LSX_GetTriggerPar			
<b>Description:</b>	Delivers the set parameters of the Trigger function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTriggerPar(LSID: Integer; var Axis, Mode, Signal: Integer; var Distance: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTriggerPar(int *plAxis, int *plMode, int *plSignal, double *pdDistance);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis allocation of trigger function X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Mode	Trigger mode (see controller manual, trigm command)	
	Signal	Trigger signal length in $\mu$ s	
	Distance	Trigger distance in the set unit of the axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTriggerPar(&Axis, & Mode, & Signal, & Distance);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	“SendString” command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?triga / ?trigm ?trigs / ?trigd	-

LSX_SetTriggerPar			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the trigger parameters for the trigger function		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTriggerPar(LSID: Integer; Axis, Mode, Signal: Integer; Distance: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTriggerPar(int lAxis, int lMode, int lSignal, double dDistance);		
<b>LabView:</b>			

<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis allocation of trigger function X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Mode	Trigger mode (see controller manual, trigm command)	
	Signal	Trigger signal length in $\mu$ s	
	Distance	Trigger distance in the set unit of the axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTriggerPar(1, 3, 2, 5.0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!triga / !trigm !trigs / !trigd	SetTrigger

### LSX\_GetTriggerDim

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the selected unit for parametertransfer of triggerdistance and triggerhysteresis		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTriggerDim(LSID: Integer;var Dimension: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTriggerDim (int *pIDimension);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Parameter are transfered in userunit (see command "dim")	
		1 = Parameter are transfered regardless of userunit in microsteps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTriggerDim (&Dimension);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigdim	-

### LSX\_SetTriggerDim

<b>Description:</b>	Selects the unit for parametertransfer of triggerdistance and triggerhysteresis		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTriggerDim(LSID: Integer; Dimension: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTriggerDim (int IDimension);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Parameter are transfered in userunit (see command "dim")	
		1 = Parameter are transfered regardless of userunit in microsteps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTriggerDim(0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigdim	-





LSX_GetTriggerSource			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the trigger source. Triggering is possible to the target position or to the encoder value of the selected axis (see command "triga"). Triggering to the encoder value requires parameterization of a suitable trigger hysteresis (see command "trigh").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTriggerSource (LSID: Integer; var Source: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTriggerSource (int *plSource);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Triggers to target position 1 = Triggers to encoder values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTriggerSource (&Source);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigsource	-

LSX_SetTriggerSource			
<b>Description:</b>	Selects the trigger source. Triggering is possible to the target position or to the encoder value of the selected axis (see command "triga"). Triggering to the encoder value requires parameterization of a suitable trigger hysteresis (see command "trigh").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTriggerSource (LSID: Integer; Source: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTriggerSource (int lSource);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Triggers to target position 1 = Triggers to encoder values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTriggerSource(0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigsource	SetTrigger

LSX_GetTriggerHysterese			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the trigger hysteresis. Triggering to encoder values requires a hysteresis by the tripper position. This prevents the unintended output of trigger signals due to errors (e.g. deviation of axis by external forces / moments through trigger position or noise on the encoder signal, ...). After a trigger pulse output, another pulse can only be given after covering the trigger hysteresis; for this reason, the trigger hysteresis has to be shorter than 50% of the trigger distance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTriggerHysterese (LSID: Integer; var Hysterese: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTriggerHysterese (double *pdHysterese);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Hysterese	0 to a maximum with up to 8 decimal places in the set dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTriggerHysterese (&Hysterese);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigh	-

LSX_SetTriggerHysterese			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets a trigger hysteresis. Triggering to encoder values requires a hysteresis by the tripper position. This prevents the unintended output of trigger signals due to errors (e.g. deviation of axis by external forces / moments through trigger position or noise on the encoder signal, ...). After a trigger pulse output, another pulse can only be given after covering the trigger hysteresis; for this reason, the trigger hysteresis has to be shorter than 50% of the trigger distance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTriggerHysterese (LSID: Integer; Hysterese: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTriggerHysterese (double dHysterese);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Hysterese	0 to a maximum with up to 8 decimal places in the set dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTriggerHysterese(0.0022);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigh	SetTrigger

LSX_GetTriggerPLength			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the trigger signal period length after which the next trigger is output (burst mode)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTriggerPLength (LSID: Integer; var Length: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTriggerPLength (int *plLength);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Length	Trigger signal period length	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTriggerPLength (&Length);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Com-	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigp	-

LSX_SetTriggerPLength			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the trigger signal period length after which the next trigger is output (burst mode)		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTriggerPLength (LSID: Integer; Length: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTriggerPLength (int lLength);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Length	Trigger signal period length	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTriggerPLength(0.0022);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigp	SetTrigger

LSX_GetTriggerPulsCount			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the number of pulses to be output in burst mode		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTriggerPulsCount (LSID: Integer;var Count : Integer): integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTriggerPulsCount (int *plCount);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Count	Trigger puls number	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTriggerPulsCount (&Count);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigc	-

LSX_SetTriggerPulsCount			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the number of pulses to be output in burst mode		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTriggerPulsCount (LSID: Integer; Count: Integer):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTriggerPulsCount (int lCount);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Count	Trigger puls number	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTriggerPulsCount(0.0022);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigc	SetTrigger

LSX_GetTrigger_Two			
<b>Description:</b>	This function delivers the status of the second trigger function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_Two(LSID: Integer; var Status: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_Two (int *plStatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetTrigger.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Status	Status of triggerfunction 0 = Trigger function deactivated 1 = Trigger function computed with position values 2 = Trigger function computed with position and speed values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger(&Status);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trig_two	-

LSX_SetTrigger_Two			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for activating/ deactivating the second trigger function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_Two(LSID: Integer; Status: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_Two (int lStatus);		
<b>LabView:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetTrigger.vi</b></p>		

<b>Parameter:</b>	Status	Status of triggerfunction 0 = Trigger function deactivated 1 = Trigger function computed with position values 2 = Trigger function computed with position and speed values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger_Two(1);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trig_two	-

### LSX\_GetTrigger\_TwoCount

<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the second trigger counter.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_TwoCount(LSID: Integer; var Value: Cardinal): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_TwoCount (unsigned long *pIValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Number of executed trigger events	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger_TwoCount(&Value);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigcount_two	-

### LSX\_SetTrigger\_TwoCount

<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the second trigger counter reading.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_TwoCount(LSID: Integer; Value: Cardinal): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_TwoCount (unsigned long IValue);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Value	Intended value of trigger counter	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrig_TwoCount(0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigcount_two	-

LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPar			
<b>Description:</b>	Delivers the set parameters of the second trigger function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPar(LSID: Integer; var Axis, Mode, Signal: Integer; var Distance: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_TwoPar(int *plAxis, int *plMode, int *plSignal, double *pdDistance);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis allocation of trigger function X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Mode	Trigger mode (see controller manual, trigm command)	
	Signal	Trigger signal length in $\mu\text{s}$	
	Distance	Trigger distance in the set unit of the axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger_TwoPar(&Axis, & Mode, & Signal, & Distance);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?triga_two / ?trigm_two ?trigs_two / ?trigd_two	-

LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPar			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the trigger parameters for the second trigger function		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPar(LSID: Integer; Axis, Mode, Signal: Integer; Distance: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_TwoPar(int lAxis, int lMode, int lSignal, double dDistance);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Axis	Axis allocation of trigger function X = 1 Y = 2 ...	
	Mode	Trigger mode (see controller manual, trigm command)	
	Signal	Trigger signal length in $\mu\text{s}$	
	Distance	Trigger distance in the set unit of the axis	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger_TwoPar(1, 3, 2, 5.0);		

<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!triga_two / !trigm_two !trigs_two / !trigd_two	SetTrigger

### LSX\_GetTrigger\_TwoDim

<b>Description:</b>	Shows the selected unit for parametertransfer of triggerdistance and triggerhysteresis of the second trigger		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_TwoDim(LSID: Integer;var Dimension: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_TwoDim (int *plDimension);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Parameter are transfered in userunit (see command "dim") 1 = Parameter are transfered regardless of userunit in microsteps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger_TwoDim (&Dimension);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigdim_two	-

### LSX\_SetTrigger\_TwoDim

<b>Description:</b>	Selects the unit for parametertransfer of triggerdistance and triggerhysteresis of the second trigger		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_TwoDim(LSID: Integer; Dimension: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_TwoDim (int lDimension);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Parameter are transfered in userunit (see command "dim") 1 = Parameter are transfered regardless of userunit in microsteps	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger_TwoDim(0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigdim_two	-

LSX_GetTrigger_TwoSource			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the trigger source of the second trigger. Triggering is possible to the target position or to the encoder value of the selected axis (see command "triga_two"). Triggering to the encoder value requires parameterization of a suitable trigger hysteresis (see command "trigh_two").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_TwoSource (LSID: Integer; var Source: integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_TwoSource (int *plSource);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Triggers to target position 1 = Triggers to encoder values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger_TwoSource (&Source);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigsource_two	-

LSX_SetTrigger_TwoSource			
<b>Description:</b>	Selects the trigger source of the second trigger. Triggering is possible to the target position or to the encoder value of the selected axis (see command "triga_two"). Triggering to the encoder value requires parameterization of a suitable trigger hysteresis (see command "trigh_two").		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_TwoSource (LSID: Integer; Source: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_TwoSource (int lSource);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Dimension	0 = Triggers to target position 1 = Triggers to encoder values	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger_TwoSource(0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigsource_two	SetTrigger_Two



LSX_GetTrigger_TwoHysterese			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the trigger hysteresis of the second trigger. Triggering to encoder values requires a hysteresis by the tripper position. This prevents the unintended output of trigger signals due to errors (e.g. deviation of axis by external forces / moments through trigger position or noise on the encoder signal, ...). After a trigger pulse output, another pulse can only be given after covering the trigger hysteresis; for this reason, the trigger hysteresis has to be shorter than 50% of the trigger distance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_TwoHysterese (LSID: Integer; var Hysterese: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_TwoHysterese (double *pdHysterese);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Hysterese	0 to a maximum with up to 8 decimal places in the set dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger_TwoHysterese (&Hysterese);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigh_two	-

LSX_SetTrigger_TwoHysterese			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets a trigger hysteresis for the second trigger. Triggering to encoder values requires a hysteresis by the tripper position. This prevents the unintended output of trigger signals due to errors (e.g. deviation of axis by external forces / moments through trigger position or noise on the encoder signal, ...). After a trigger pulse output, another pulse can only be given after covering the trigger hysteresis; for this reason, the trigger hysteresis has to be shorter than 50% of the trigger distance.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_TwoHysterese (LSID: Integer; Hysterese: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_TwoHysterese (double dHysterese);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Hysterese	0 to a maximum with up to 8 decimal places in the set dimension	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger_TwoHysterese(0.0022);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigh_two	SetTrigger_Two

LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPLength			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the trigger signal period length after which the next trigger is output (burst mode) of the second trigger.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPLength (LSID: Integer; var Length: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_TwoPLength (int *pLength);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Length	Trigger signal period length	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger_TwoPLength (&Length);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigp_two	-

LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPLength			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the trigger signal period length after which the next trigger is output (burst mode) of the second trigger.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPLength (LSID: Integer; Length: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_TwoPLength (int lLength);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Length	Trigger signal period length	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger_TwoPLength(0.0022);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigp_two	SetTrigger_Two


LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPulsCount			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the number of pulses to be output in burst mode of the second trigger.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetTrigger_TwoPulsCount (LSID: Integer;var Count : Integer): integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetTrigger_TwoPulsCount (int *plCount);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Count	Trigger puls number	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetTrigger_TwoPulsCount (&Count);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?trigc_two	-

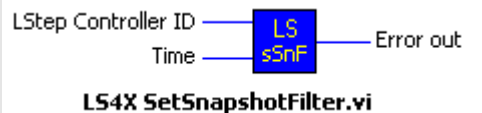
LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPulsCount			
<b>Description:</b>	Sets the number of pulses to be output in burst mode of the second trigger.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetTrigger_TwoPulsCount (LSID: Integer; Count: Integer):Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetTrigger_TwoPulsCount (int lCount);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Count	Trigger puls number	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetTrigger_twoPulsCount(0.0022);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!trigc_two	SetTrigger_Two

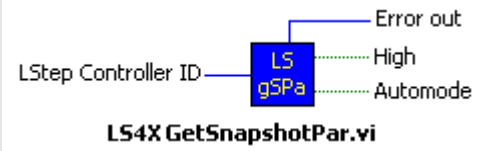
## 4.2.19 Snapshot input

LSX_GetSnapshot			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the current snapshot function status.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSnapshot(LSID: Integer; var ASnapshot: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSnapshot(BOOL *pbASnapshot);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	ASnapshot	Status of snapshot function True = Snapshot function "On" False = Snapshot function "Off"	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSnapshot(&ASnapshot);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?sns	-


LSX_SetSnapshot			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for activating/ deactivating the snapshot function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSnapshot(LSID: Integer; ASnapshot: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSnapshot (BOOL bASnapshot);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	ASnapshot	Status of snapshot function True = Snapshot function "On" False = Snapshot function "Off"	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSnapshot(true);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!sns	-

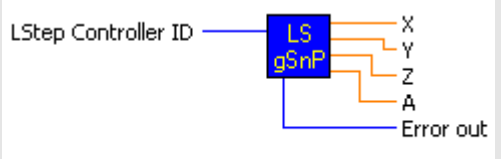
LSX_GetSnapshotFilter			
<b>Description:</b>	Reading of set input filter of snapshot function.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSnapshotFilter(LSID: Integer; var ITime: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSnapshotFilter(int *pITime);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSnapshotFilter.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	ITime	Filter time in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSnapshotFilter(&ITime);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?snsf	-

LSX_SetSnapshotFilter			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the input filter of the snapshot function for bouncing switches.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSnapshotFilter(LSID: Integer; ITime: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSnapshotFilter(int ITime);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X SetSnapshotFilter.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	ITime	Filter time in ms	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSnapshotFilter(0); // no Snapshot filter		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!snsf	SetSnapshot

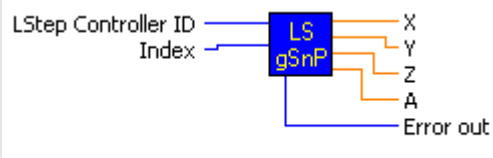
LSX_GetSnapshotPar			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the snapshot parameters.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSnapshotPar(LSID: Integer; var High, AutoMode: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSnapshotPar(BOOL *pbHigh, BOOL *pbAutoMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSnapshotPar.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	High	Activation of the snapshot input True = Snapshot is high-active False = Snapshot is low-active	
	AutoMode	Activation of automatic mode True = Snapshot function in "Automatic mode". The position is automatically approached after the first impulse. False = Snapshot function is not in automatic mode	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSnapshotPar(&High, & AutoMode);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?snsl / !snsm	-

LSX_SetSnapshotPar			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for setting the snapshot parameters.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSnapshotPar(LSID: Integer; High, AutoMode: LongBool): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSnapshotPar(BOOL bHigh, BOOL bAutoMode);		
<b>LabView:</b>			
<b>Parameter:</b>	High	Activation of the snapshot input True = Snapshot is high-active False = Snapshot is low-active	
	AutoMode	Activation of automatic mode True = Snapshot function in "Automatic mode". The position is automatically approached after the first impulse. False = Snapshot function is not in automatic mode	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSnapshotPar(true, false);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!snsl / !snsm	SetSnapShot

LSX_GetSnapshotCount			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the snapshot counter.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSnapshotCount(LSID: Integer; var SnsCount: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSnapshotCount(int *plSnsCount);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSnapshotCount.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	SnsCount:	Snapshot counter reading	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetsnapshotCount(&SnsCount);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	?snc	-

LSX_GetSnapshotPos			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the snapshot position.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSnapshotPos(LSID: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSnapshotPos(double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSnapshotPos.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X, Y, Z, A	Snapshot position in the set unit	
<b>Example:</b>	double X, Y, Z, A; LSX.GetSnapshotPos(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!snsp	-



LSX_GetSnapshotPosArray			
<b>Description:</b>	Function for reading the arrays of the snapshot positions.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSnapshotPosArray(LSID: Integer; Index: Integer; var X, Y, Z, A: Double): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSnapshotPosArray(int lIndex, double *pdX, double *pdY, double *pdZ, double *pdA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>LS4X GetSnapshotPosArray.vi</b></p>		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Index	Index in snapshot position array	
	X, Y, Z, A	Position values in the set axis dimension.	
<b>Example:</b>	double X, Y, Z, A; LSX.GetSnapshotPos(2, &X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	3	!snsa	-

LSX_GetSnapshotSource			
<b>Description:</b>	Shows the position value source: The target position or the encoder values of the selected axes may be saved.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_GetSnapShotSource (LSID: Integer;var X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int GetSnapShotSource (int *plX, int *plY, int *plZ, int *plA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	0	→ Saves target positions
		1	→ Saves encoder values
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.GetSnapshotSource(&X, &Y, &Z, &A);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	?snssource	-

LSX_SetSnapshotSource			
<b>Description:</b>	Selects the position value source: The target position or the encoder values of the selected axes may be saved.		
<b>Delphi:</b>	function LSX_SetSnapShotSource (LSID: Integer; X,Y,Z,A: Integer): Integer; function LSX_SetSnapShotSource (LSID: Integer;Axis: Integer;Source:Integer): Integer;		
<b>C++:</b>	int SetSnapShotSource (int IX, int IY, int IZ, int IA);		
<b>LabView:</b>	Not supported		
<b>Parameter:</b>	X,Y,Z,A	0 → Sollposition speichern 1 → Geberwert speichern	
	Axis,Source	Axis: 1 → X, 2 → Y, 3 → Z, 4 → A Source: 0 → Sollposition speichern 1 → Geberwert speichern	
<b>Example:</b>	LSX.SetSnapshotSource(1,1); LSX.SetSnapshotSource(1,1,0,0);		
<b>Other:</b>	Compatibility	"SendString" Command	Activation (LSTEP express series)
	2	!snssource	SetSnapShot

## 5 Callback functions of the LSTEP-API

The LSTEP-API provides Callback functions for asynchronous events. These are triggered by an LSTEP controller. The Callback functions allow for processing an asynchronous event and signalling an appropriate action.

Since the Callback function is activated during the processing of an incoming message, it has an influence on the processing speeds of messages. For this reason, the runtime should be observed with regard to the processing of asynchronous events. If extended processing is intended, this should not take place in the Callback function, but be initiated by a signal.

The LSTEP-API offers a controller-related and a global Callback function. If the controller-related function is used, the global Callback function for this controller is deactivated.

The Callback messages as well as Callback applications are described below.

### 5.1 Standard Callback-Function (OsziCallbackFct)

In the programming languages Delphi, C++ or C#, the standard Callback function is declared as follows:

Declaration Standard-Callback Function (OsziCallbackFct)		
<b>Delphi</b>	procedure OsziCallbackFct(Data: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer; ChannelID: Integer); stdcall;	
<b>C++</b>	void CALLBACK OsziCallbackFct(char *pcData, int lMaxLen, int lChannelID)	
<b>C#</b>	void OsziCallbackFct (IntPtr Data, int MaxLen, int ChannelID)	
<b>Parameter</b>	Data	Pointer to ASCII string, zero-terminated.
	MaxLen	Maximum length of ASCII string in Data.
	ChannelID	Channel to which the ASCII string refers. For available channels, please refer to "5.3 Channel numbers".
<b>Return value</b>	-	

This Callback function is transferred to the API via the API function LSX\_SetOsziCallbackFct. This is a global function, which does not allow any allocation to a controller or conclusions on the controller triggering the Callback.

## 5.2 Extended Callback function (ExtCallbackFct)

In the programming languages Delphi, C++ or C#, the extended Callback function is declared as follows:

Declaration Extended-Callback Function (ExtCallbackFct)		
<b>Delphi</b>	function ExtCallbackFct(Data: PAnsiChar; MaxLen: Integer; ChannelID: Integer; pObject: Pointer): Integer; stdcall;	
<b>C++</b>	int CALLBACK ExtCallbackFct(char *pcData, int lMaxLen, int lChannelID, void* pObject);	
<b>C#</b>	int ExtCallbackFunction(IntPtr Data, int MaxLen, int ChannelID, IntPtr pObject)	
<b>Parameter</b>	Data	Pointer to ASCII string, zero-terminated.
	MaxLen	Maximum length of ASCII string in Data.
	ChannelID	Channel to which the ASCII string refers. For available channels, please refer to "5.3 Channel numbers".
	pObject	Pointer to object which is transferred when the Callback function is called.
<b>Return value</b>	The return value of the integer type is used to influence the communication input buffer of the API. 0x00000 = Do not perform any action 0x10000 = Delete current string of input buffer	

This Callback function is transferred to the API via the API function LSX\_SetExtCallbackFct. It is related to a controller or an object of the LSTEP-API.

The object behind the pointer pObject allows for entering conclusions on the activated controller. The object of the pointer pObject is transferred by the function LSX\_SetExtCallbackFct.

By allocating the Extended Callback function to a controller, this controller will not trigger any Standard Callback function.

## 5.3 Channel numbers

The trigger of an API Callback function is distinguished by the channel. The following channels have been defined:

- 1 = Oscilloscope channel
- 2 = Error/information channel
- 3 = Oscilloscope/information channel
- 4 = Digital input channel
- ...
- 10000 = Movement channel

### 5.3.1 Oscilloscope channel (1) and oscilloscope information channel (3).

These channels are used to implement a digital oscilloscope. More information is provided upon request. A model implementation may be viewed in WIN-Commander 5 Oscilloscope.

### 5.3.2 Error/information channel (2)

The data package of the error/information channel is a string divided in columns by tabs. The first column includes a sub-channel presented as an integer which may comprise a value range of 32 bit. A distinction is made between the sub-channels error channel (sub-channel 0) and information channel (sub-channel 99).

#### Error channel (sub-channel 0)

If the sub-channel is 0, the asynchronous data package includes an error message. The data package of the Callback function for sub-channel 0 is composed as follows:

- Column 0 = Sub-channel
- Column 1 = Axis number (0 = X-axis, ... 3 = A-axis, 5 = General message)
- Column 2 = Error number
- Column 3 = Operation time in seconds
- Column 4 = Millisecond portion of operation time

The error number may be looked up in the LSTEP controller documentation. In addition, the LSTEP-API offers the function `LSX_TranslateErrMsg` in order to make a translation. The source for the translations are language files enclosed to the LSTEP-API (e.g. `LStep4deu.txt`).

#### Information channel (sub-channel 99)

In this sub-channel, the column 0 with sub-channel number 99 is followed by an ASCII string with additional information. These include information, e.g. on which command has triggered an error. In WIN-Commander 5, this information is shown as a note in the error window.

### 5.3.3 Digital input channel (4)

This channel signals the status of the digital inputs of a controller. The signalization is triggered by a change in the digital inputs so that each change triggers a transmission through this channel.

For distinguishing the digital inputs from various plugs or input types of a controller, an identification is provided before the input status. The allocation of the identification can be taken from the controller documentation. It is separated from the input status by a tab.

The activation of this channel may be looked up in the controller documentation.

Control	For activation please refer to
LSTEP express Series	diginstatus
LSTEP 2000 Series	-
Others	-

### 5.3.4 Movement channel (10000)

This channel triggers a CallBack, if an axis mask is transmitted by a controller (see LSX\_GetStatusAxis, LSX\_GetStatusAxisW). The end of an asynchronous move may consequently be awaited in combination with the Autostatus functionality of the LSTEP controller without the need for a continuous inquiry of the axis mask.

In order that the synchronicity of the API communication input buffer is maintained, the last entry of the communication buffer has to be deleted in case of an asynchronous move with an active Autostatus. This entry corresponds to the axis mask. For deleting, the value 0x10000 is to be used as the return value of the Extended CallBack function.

## 5.4 Supported controller or interface types

The tables below show an overview of the controller systems and interfaces supporting the relevant channels.

Control	Supported channel					Activation
	1	2	3	4	10000	
LSTEP express Series	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	!errorchannel 2
LSTEP 2000 series	-	-	-	Yes <sup>1)</sup>	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

1) Only for LStep PCI

Interface type		Supported channel					
No.	Type	1	2	3	4	...	10000
1	RS232	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	ArcNet	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	DPRAM / ISA-Bus	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	DPRAM / PCI-Bus	-	-	-	Yes	-	-
5	RS232 with RTS/CTS and extended log	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes
11	RS232 with RTS/CTS	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 5.5 Application examples

The following project examples are intended to support the implementation of the CallBack functions:

C#\_LogFile - program example for using a log file or the error channel

C++\_MFC\_LogFile - program example for using a log file or the error channel

The project examples are enclosed to the LSTEP-API archive.

## 6 Error codes

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Two methods are available for error identification when using a Lang controller. One of them is the inquiry of the error number from the controller by means of the function `LSX_GetError`, the other one is the evaluation of the return value of the API functions.

### 6.1 Error numbers inquired from the controller (GetError)

The last error occurred is read from the `LSX_GetError` controller by means of the API function. It is indicated as a 32-bit integer and has a value below 4000. If the value is Zero, no error has occurred since the last inquiry. Apart from the function `LSX_GetError`, these error numbers are also transmitted from the controller to the application through the Error/information channel (2) (see section 5.3.2). The list below shows the allocation of the error numbers: This allocation is enclosed to the LSTEP-API as text file in different languages (e.g. `LStep4deu.txt`):

- 0 = No error
- 1 = Valid axis designation missing
- 2 = Non-executable function
- 3 = Command string has too many characters
- 4 = Invalid command
- 5 = Not within valid numerical range
- 6 = Incorrect number of parameters
- 7 = Command must start with ! or ?
- 8 = TVR not possible because axis is active
- 9 = Axes cannot be switched on or off because TVR is active
- 10 = Function not configured
- 11 = Move command not possible, as joystick is in use
- 12 = Limit switch tripped
- 13 = Function cannot be carried out because Encoder was recognized
- 14 = Error during calibration! Limit switch was not left correctly
- 15 = Error during calibration on reference mark
- 16 = Save command has failed
- 17 = Axis still in use
- 18 = Axis not ready
- 19 = Axis not calibrated
- 20 = Driver relay defective (safety circle K3/K4)
- 21 = Only single vectors may be driven (setup mode)
- 22 = No calibration, measuring table stroke or joystick operation (door open or setup mode)
- 23 = SECURITY Error X-axis
- 24 = SECURITY Error Y-axis
- 25 = SECURITY Error Z-axis
- 26 = SECURITY Error A-axis
- 27 = Emergency STOP
- 28 = Error in the door switch safety circle



- 29 = Power amplifiers are not activated
- 30 = GAL security error
- 31 = Joy-stick cannot be activated because Move is active
- 32 = Vector outside the travel range
  
- 1009 = Axes cannot be switched on or off because TVR is active
- 1010 = Other manual mode is active
- 1011 = Servo and step motor cannot be coupled (joystick)
- 1012 = Output already allocated to other function (digital output)
- 1013 = Hardware layer has been assigned multiple times
- 1014 = Axis mapping is not possible
- 1015 = trigger output frequency exceeded
  
- 1030 = Configuration is active
- 1031 = Axis not configured
- 1032 = Internal error
- 1033 = Axis still in use
- 1034 = Axis in error state
- 1035 = Axis not calibrated
- 1036 = Axis without RoomMeasure
- 1037 = Min. limit unknown
- 1038 = Max. limit unknown
- 1039 = Emergency-stop tripped
- 1040 = Limit switch reached
- 1041 = Travel distance too small
- 1042 = Speed too low
- 1043 = Jerk too small
- 1044 = No Trigger limit switch in
- 1045 = No Trigger limit switch out
- 1046 = Travel clipped
- 1047 = Limit switch override
  
- 1052 = Velocity too high
- 1053 = Acceleration too high
- 1054 = Jerk too high
  
- 1064 = Travel distance too long
- 1065 = Brake and power supply for limit switch not possible at the same time
- 1066 = No commutation necessary
- 1067 = Axis not commuted
- 1068 = Adaptive position controller not in servo operation permitted
- 1069 = Filter time constant is too small <sup>1)</sup>
- 1070 = Frequencies of band gap are not possible

- 1096 = Min. limit switch active
- 1097 = Max. limit switch active
- 1098 = Not ready for auto commutation
- 1099 = No interpolative transmitter found
- 1100 = I<sup>2</sup>T Monitoring addressed (long-term)
- 1101 = I<sup>2</sup>T Monitoring addressed (short-term)
- 1102 = Power amplifier overcurrent
- 1103 = Overcurrent upon activation
- 1104 = Overvoltage
- 1105 = Intermediate voltage fuse defect
- 1106 = Encoder error: amplitude too small
- 1107 = Encoder error: Amplitude too large
- 1108 = Position error too large
- 1109 = Speed too high
- 1110 = Motor blocked
- 1111 = Motor brake failure
- 1112 = Over-temperature of power amplifier
- 1113 = Motor overheated
- 1114 = Limit switch switched at auto commutation
- 1115 = Read error, temperature of power amplifier
- 1116 = Target window not reached
- 1117 = Axis is moved
- 1118 = Switch for min. moving range activated
- 1119 = Switch for max. moving range activated
- 1120 = Target position outside min. moving range
- 1121 = Target position outside max. moving range
- 1122 = Several limit switches activated at the same time
- 1123 = Power amplifier deactivated through hardware monitoring
- 1124 = Encoder track error
- 1125=Amplitude of encoder too small, maybe no transmitter connected
- 1126 = Angle in auto commutation outside tolerance; axis may be jammed
- 1127 = No rotational axis
- 1128=No Zero limit switch / no encoder reference mark
- 1129 = No encoder interface
- 1130 = Encoder input has more than one allocations
- 1131 = eQep encoder inputs not configured (hardware configuration MFP)
- 1132 = Target window not reached within permissible time
- 1133 = Encoder input not available
- 1134 = Auto commutation system larger than rated current
- 1135 = Auto commutation system is zero
  
- 1139 = Lag error not activated

1140 = Engine I<sup>2</sup>T-current is smaller or equal to engine Ampacity

1160 = Missing OTP data

1162 = Computation time window exceeded (level 4)

1163 = Computation time window exceeded (level 3)

1164 = Computation time window exceeded (level 2)

1165 = Computation time window exceeded (level 1)

1166 = Device in "System Error" status

1167 = I<sup>2</sup>T device error

1171 = Amplitude error commutation encoder (Input ENC1 to ENC8)

1172 = Frequency error position encoder 1 phase error (Input ENC1 to ENC8)

1174 = Amplitude error of position encoder 1 (Input ENC1 to ENC8)

1175 = Frequency error of position encoder 1 (Input ENC1 to ENC8)

1177 = Amplitude error of position encoder 2 (Input ENC1 to ENC8)

1178 = Frequency error of position encoder 2 (Input ENC1 to ENC8)

1193 = Warning: Power amplifier overtemperature

1194 = Warning: Motor temperature too high

1195 = Driver fallen short of

1196 = Axis deactivated

1197 = Intermediate voltage too low

1198 = Intermediate voltage too high

1250 = Oscilloscope pretrigger position exceeds oscilloscope data size

The commands for error message 1069 are listed below. The minimum filter times are listed in the command descriptions:

- LSX\_SetAccelFeedForwardOutPass / accelfeedforwardoutpass
- LSX\_SetPosConOutPass / posconoutpass
- LSX\_SetSpeedConOutPass / speedconoutpass
- LSX\_SetActSpeedFilterConst / actspeedfilterconst
- LSX\_SetActAccelFilterConst / actaccelfilterconst
- LSX\_SetMonitoringVelFilter / monitoringvelfilter
- LSX\_SetJoyOutPass / joyoutpass
- LSX\_SetTippOutPass / tippoutpass
- LSX\_SetTrackBallOutPass / tboutpass

## 6.2 Return value of LSTEP-API functions

All commands of the LSTEP-API deliver a 32-bit integer return value. If this value is 0 or 4100, the API command was executed without any error. If an error has occurred, an error

number > 4000 is generated in the API and may be processed through the return value. The list below shows the generated error numbers:

4001 = Internal error  
 4002 = Internal error  
 4003 = Undefined error  
 4004 = Interface type unknown (may occur with Connect...)  
 4005 = Interface initialization error  
 4006 = No connection to controller (e.g. when SetPitch is called before Connect)  
 4007 = Timeout whilst reading from the interface  
 4008 = Command transmission error to LSTEP  
 4009 = Command terminated (with SetAbortFlag)  
 4010 = Command not supported by LSTEP  
 4011 = Joystick active (may occur with SetJoystickOn/Off)  
 4012 = Move command not possible, as joystick is active  
 4013 = Controller timeout with move command  
 4014 = Error during calibration, limit switch not left correctly  
 4015 = Limit switch activated in moving direction  
 4016 = Repeated vector start!! (control)  
 4031 = Joy-stick cannot be activated because Move is active!  
 4032 = Software limits undefined  
 4100 = No error

### Error number as from 4100

These error numbers are generated by the LSTEP-API, if an error has occurred during the execution of an API command and this is signalled by the controller. For instance, if an "F" occurs in the axis mask or the status string includes "ERR ErrorNo" (e.g. "ERR 27").

In order to allocate a descriptive error text to these errors, the value 4100 has to be deducted from the error number, and the resulting number has to be looked up in " 6.1 Error numbers inquired from the controller (GetError)".

## 7 Frequent questions & answers

Overview
How is the LSTEP4X.DLL embedded in a MS Visual C++ project?
How do I initialise the connection to LSTEP with the LSTEP-API?
Which of the Connect commands should be used?
How do I initialise the driver for theLSTEP-PCI?
Why is my program with the LSTEP4X.DLL not able to establish a connection to the LSTEP-PCI?
A fault has occurred during the process, in theLSTEP4X.DLL or in my program. What is the cause for this problem, and how can I solve it?
Can I inquire the status of inputs, the current position, etc. during moving commands?

Why are messages processed during the execution of LSTEP-API functions and how can I deactivate this?
When should Moves be used with or without Wait?
How can I move single axes of the LSTEP independently with the LSTEP-API?
How can I use several LSTEP-PCI cards in a single PC?
Is the LSTEP-API compatible with MCL or to the former register command-set?
Why does the message "fatal error C1010" occur in MS Visual C++ upon embedding LStep4X.cpp?
How can I use a special/new LSTEP command for which there is no suitable LSTEP-API-function?
Why do I see the message "First chance exception", "Exception: Timeout read RS232!", etc. in the debugger of my development environment when using the LSTEP-API?
How can I simulate a sort of joystick with the LSTEP-API, i.e. move an axis until a key is released?
How can I permanently save the settings of the LSTEP?
How many entries will fit into the log window of the LSTEP-APIs?

### How is the LSTEP4X.DLL embedded in a MS Visual C++ project?

- Create project
- Copy LSTEP4X.DLL, LSTEP4X.h, LSTEP4X.cpp in project folder
- Insert LSTEP4X.h and LSTEP4X.cpp in the project
- Menu: Project\Adjustment\C/C++ Option: [do not use pre compiled headers]
- Embed "stdafx.h" in LSTEP4X.h #include
- Insert "LSTEP4X.h" in the project name\_Dlg.h #include
- Embed the required entity in public  
Example: `CLStep* MyLStep = new CLStep();`

### How do I initialize the connection to LSTEP with the LSTEP-API?

The connection to the LSTEP-API is initialized with one of the Connect commands (Connect, ConnectEx, ConnectSimple).

### Which of the Connect commands should be used?

Except for some special cases, ConnectSimple should always be used.

Function	Intended use:
ConnectSimple	For the direct transfer of the interface parameters
Connect	After loading of the interface parameters out of an .ini file using LoadConfig
ConnectEx	When loading the interface parameters out of a data structure

### How do I initialise the driver for theLSTEPPCI?

After the correct installation of the LSTEP-PCI, Windows requests a driver for a device of the type "network controller" during the start. Click on the "Search" button or the like in this dialog window and then change into the directory to which the files of the LSTEP-API where unpacked. The sub-directory "LStep-PCI" contains the driver-files and the Inf-files required for driver installation.

### Why is my program with the LSTEP4X.DLL not able to establish a connection to the LSTEP-PCI?

You should first check the Windows device manager as to whether the installed LSTEP-PCI is registered as a device there. In addition, **the file DRVX40.DLL must be contained in the directory of the LSTEP4.DLL of your program or in a Windows system folder.** You find this file in the sub-folder "LStepPCI" of the LSTEP-API.

### A fault has occurred during the process, in the LSTEP4X.DLL or in my program. What is the cause for this problem, and how can I solve it?

In order to perform a fault diagnosis you should absolutely activate the log function of the LSTEP-API by SetWriteLogText. Subsequently, you should attempt to reproduce the fault while recording it. You can then send the log file (LStep4.log) to us for analysis.

**Can I inquire the status of inputs, the current position, etc. during moving commands?**

Yes, for example by calling GetDigitalInputs during the moving command via a Windows timer or a second Thread function like GetPos. However, it is not possible to activate the command WaitForAxisStop during a moving command with Wait=True?

**Why are messages processed during the execution of LSTEP-API functions, and how can I deactivate this?**

While waiting for feedback from the LSTEP in the main thread, the LSTEP-API processes messages e.g. for performing interruptions or axis stops. If you wish to deactivate message dispatching or replace it by your own code, you can use the function SetProcessMessagesProc for setting a callback procedure.

**When should moves be used with or without Wait?**

Move commands with WaitForAxisStop are to be used, if all axes are to be moved synchronously and linearly interpolated. The controller only accepts new Move commands after all axes are stopped.

Move commands without WaitForAxisStop are to be used, if all axes are to be moved asynchronously. In this case the user has to make sure that only the axis, which receives a move command, is at a standstill.

**How can I move single axes of the LSTEP independently from each other?**

The LSTEP-API move commands offer two different possibilities:

If the Parameter Wait =True is set for move commands, the function only returns after the axes have reached their target position.

If, however, the parameter Wait =False is set, the LSTEP-API function only sends the move command and immediately returns without performing the movement.

For this reason, an independent movement can be performed by executing a MoveAbsSingleAxis with Wait=False for e.g. the X-axis; a MoveAbsSingleAxis with Wait=False for the Y-axis will be called a little later. Subsequently, both axes will be moved asynchronously. You can use the Command WaitForAxisStop **in order to find out whether** the axes have reached their target positions.

**Example:**

```
LS.MoveAbsSingleAxis(Xaxis, 10, false); // Move the X-axis asynchronously
Delay(1000); // Wait 1s before starting the Y-axis
LSX.MoveAbsSingleAxis(Yaxis, 20, false); // Move the Y-axis asynchronously
LSX.WaitForAxisStop(3, 0, flag); // Wait until X and Y-axis have stopped, without timeout
```

However, it is **not possible to use Move commands with Wait=True and those with Wait=False simultaneously**. This leads to permanent or sporadic errors in communication.

**Example (not permissible):**

```
LSX.MoveAbsSingleAxis(Xaxis, 10, false); // Move the X-axis asynchronously
LSX.MoveAbsSingleAxis(Yaxis, 20, true); // Move the Y-axis asynchronously without waiting for the end of the asynchronous move command.
```

**How can I use several LSTEP-PCI cards in a single PC?**

The procedure for the installation is the same as for a single card. After the start, Windows requests the driver for all LSTEP-PCI cards.

However, it is **difficult to identify which physical card is assigned to a specific index number**. It is not guaranteed that `LSX_ConnectSimple(4, nil, 0, true)` will establish a connection to the LSTEP-PCI in the first PCI slot of the mainboard, `LSX_ConnectSimple(4, nil, 1, true)` will establish a connection to the LSTEP-PCI in the second PCI slot, etc. For this reason, the serial number should be inquired by `GetSerialNr` for clear identification.

**Is the LSTEP-API compatible with MCL or to the former register command-set?**

In principle, the LSTEP-API is down-compatible with the register command set with which other MCL and previous LSTEP controllers communicate. However, this command set does not offer many of the possibilities, which the LSTEP-API can use with a new command set. For this reason, some LSTEP-API commands such as `WaitForAxisStop` can generally not be used by controllers with an old command-set

**Why does the message "fatal error C1010" occur in MS Visual C++ upon embedding LStep4X.cpp?**

This is not a fault in the file `LStep4X.cpp`. The message usually appears, if the compiler is looking for a pre-compiled header file and cannot find it. Should the message "fatal error C1010 precompiled header files" appear in MS Visual C++, the option "pre compiled Header-file" for `LStep4X.cpp` must be disabled. If you do not wish to use the MFC in your project, you should delete the line `#include "stdafx.h"` from `LStep4X.cpp`.

**How can I use a special/new LSTEP command for which there is no suitable LSTEP-API function?**

The LSTEP-API-function `SendString` offers the possibility to use new LSTEP commands not provided in the LSTEP-API. Please note that all commands close with `#13` or `\r!`



**Why do I see the message “First chance exception”, “Exception: Timeout read RS232!”, etc. in the debugger of my development environment when using the LSTEP-API?**

Internal exceptions of the LSTEP4.DLL, which are only visible in the debugger, have no meaning. They serve the internal process control. An exception frequently appears in ConnectSimple because the LSTEP-API attempts to find out the command set. This leads to a timeout if the controller does not support the tested command set. The exceptions occurring may mostly be ignored in the development environment.

**How can I simulate a sort of joystick with the LSTEP-API, i.e. move an axis until a key is released?**

Such a key joystick can be implemented as follows:

Upon pressing the key, the axis is started with a very long vector, which is still in the travel range of the axis. Subsequently, a **MoveRelSingleAxis(Xaxis, 100000, false)** is to be executed. It is important to set the parameter Wait=False so that the program will not await the end of the movement. When the key is released, the Command **StopAxes** is to be called.

**How can I permanently save the settings of the LSTEP ?**

The LSTEP-API command **LstepSave** can be used to maintain settings (spindle pitches, gear factors, axes currents, etc.) made once, even after a reset of the LSTEP. Please refer to the documentation to see whether your LSTEP supports this command.

**How many entries will fit into the log window of the LSTEP-API?**

The log window of LSTEP-API has a capacity of over 20,000 logs. If more entries exist, the log window is deleted and re-filled.

**How many logs can be written into the log file?**

You can write into the log file until the programme is terminated or the hard disk is full. This behavior can be changed by using the function SetExtValue.